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HEARN

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Who can tell how long these times will last, or when the tide will turn?

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Are the Prices Thereof.

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Fine Twill Plaids—all wool in variety of bright and subdued colorings—real value 50	29 cts
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Fancy stripe Suitings—worth 25	12½ cts
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Extra-fine Vicuna Suitings—colors and black	59 cts
Handsome Imported Suitings—New stripe effects in best shades—value $1.25	75 cts
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Black Satin Duchesse—extra heavy,	79 cts
Black Indias—col'd emb'd figures—24 inch,	49 cts
Silk Velvets—new Fall shades,	98 cts

Ladies' Jackets.	Eight Specials.
All Wool—plain and fur trimmed,	$2.98
Plain and Fancy Cloth—plain and trim'd,	3.98
Tight and Loose—satin-lined Columbia collar,	5.98
Imported Cheviot and Broadcloth—braid trim,	7.98
Fine Black Broadcloth—electric seal trim,	8.98
Double Breast—full satin faced—fur edge,	10.98
Imported Vicuna—sable-edged collar,	12.98
Havana Broadcloth—rich braid trim,	14.98

Millinery.	Nine Specials.
New Trimmed Bonnets—worth $8.00,	$3.98
New Trimmed Large Hats—worth 12.00,	6.98
New Trimmed Large Hats—worth 10.00,	5.98
Misses' Trimmed Hats—worth 5.50,	3.98
Ladies' Felt Hats—best shapes and colors,	69 cts
Misses' Felt Hats—all colors—beaver edge,	98 cts
Children's Infantas and Sailors—ready to wear,	69 cts
Ladies' Finest French Alpines,	98 cts
Extra fine Prince of Wales Tips,	98 cts

Boys' Overcoats.	Six Specials.
All-Wool Cheviot Cape Overcoats—2½ to 7 yrs	$2.98
With fancy braid trim—2½ to 7 yrs	3.98
All-Wool Cheviot Cape Overcoats—3 to 14 yrs.—worth 7.00	4.98
Blue Beaver Cape Overcoats—7 to 14 yrs	6.98
All-Wool Ulsters—5 to 14 yrs	3.98
Reefers—fancy braid trim—4 to 7 yrs	2.98

Men's Furnishings.	Six Specials
Men's Natural Wool Half Hose,	19c
Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers,	98c
Men's Scarlet Medicated Shirts,	98c
Men's Night Shirts—Silk emb'd,	49c
Men's Braces—silk ends; value 50c,	39c
Men's Silk Scarfs—extra fine,	47c

Gloves.	Six Specials.
Ladies' Kid Gloves—large pearl buttons,	69c
Ladies' Kid Gloves—Foster five hook,	79c
Ladies' Kid Gloves—pique spear point,	98c
Ladies' Fine Kid—eight-button mousquetaire,	98c
Ladies' Cashmere Jersey Gloves,	19c
Men's Kid Gloves—two-clasp,	98c

Hosiery.	Six Specials.
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose—Hermsdorf dye,	19c
Ladies' All-Wool Ribbed Hose,	24c
Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose,	24c
Ladies' Richelieu Ribbed Lisle Hose,	29c
Children's Fast Black Ribbed Hose,	19c
Boys' Heavy School Hose—warranted,	24c

Underwear and Skirts.	Six Specials.
Ladies' Egyptian Ribbed Cotton Vests,	47c
Ladies' Natural Wool Ribbed Vests,	79c
Ladies' Scarlet Medicated Vests,	98c
Ladies' Camel's Hair Vests,	98c
Ladies' All-Wool Ribbed Underskirts,	98c
Ladies' Quilted Farmers' Satin Skirts,	79c

Laces.	Five Specials.
Black Silk Bourdon Laces—4 to 7 inch,	49c
Black Silk Bourdon Laces—11 inch,	59c
Plain Black La Tosca Net—45 inch; worth 1.50,	98c
Figured Black Silk La Tosca—45 inch,	89c
Sewing Silk Veilings—all shades,	19c

Handk'fs and Ribbons.	Six Specials.
Ladies' White and Col'd Emb'd Hdkfs.,	12½c
Ladies' Japanese Silk Emb'd,	19c
Men's Hemstitch Hdkfs.—plain and fancy,	7c
Men's All-Linen Hemstitch,	12½c
Men's Japan Silk—plain and fancy,	29c
Satin and Gros Grain Ribbons—2½-inch,	12½c

Furs.	Five Specials.
River Mink Boas—worth $3.00,	$1.69
Imitation Mink-Tail Boas, with patent mouth fastening	2.49
Fine Eastern Mink Boas,	4.98
Black French Coney Circular Capes,	7.98
Electric Seal Circular Capes,	14.98

Leather Goods.	Six Special .
Leather and Cloth Shopping Bags,	15c
Fancy Lizard Purses,	15c
Seal and Kangaroo Combination Books,	69c
Real Seal Combination—sterling corners,	94c
Fancy Leather Card Cases,	25c
Real Seal Chatelaine Bags—oxidize trim,	98c

Trunk Department. Twelve Specials.

English Grain Leather Satchels.

10 inch,	79 cts.;	14 inch,	$1.29
11 inch,	89 cts.;	15 inch,	1.39
12 inch,	98 cts.;	16 inch,	1.59
13 inch,	1.18;	17 inch,	1.79
18 inch	1.98.		

500 Ladies' Dress Trunks—brass locks,	3.49
Sole Leather Trunk Straps,	35c
Sole Leather Shawl Straps,	19c

Art Embroideries.	Four Specials.
Handsome Japan Silk Lambrequins—gold emb'd—silk lined—value $16.50,	$9.98
Japan Silk Lambrequins—gold and floss emb'd—value $10.50,	$6.98
Figured Silkoline Sofa Cushions,	49c
Japan Cloth Cushion Squares—20x20 in.,	12½c

Toilet Articles.	Eight Specials.
Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brushes—No. 3—list price $2.00	37c
Metal and Rubber Dressing Combs,	5c
1,000 Beveled Plate Hand Mirrors, value 35,	19c
Wire-Drawn Tooth Brushes,	5c
Eight Ounce Florida Water, value 25,	13c
French's Bay Rum—half pint,	8c
Imported Castile Soaps—large bar,	31c
Cocoa Castile Soaps—cake,	2½c

Stationery.	Six Specials.
Cream laid and Wove Stationery—box,	8c
Superfine laid Stationery—worth 20c per box,	12c
Vigilant Stationery—quire box,	17c
Fine Stationery—60 sheets and envelopes,	22c
Corresponding Cards and Envelopes—24 of each,	8c
Children's Books—Story of Columbus, with colored illustrations	9c

Rugs and Art Squares.	Eight Specials.
Japanese Centre Carpets, 9x12 ft., value 14.00,	$8.49
Japanese Sofa Rugs, 4x7 ft., value 6.00,	3.98
Turkish Hall Rugs, 4 yds. long, value 25.00,	14.98
Turkish Rugs—96x84—value 20.00,	9.98
Ingrain Art Squares—2½x3 yds.,	2.97
White and Gray Goatskins—1x2 yds.,	1.98
Reversible Brussels Rugs—1x2 yds.,	98c
Cocoa Door Mats—heavy brush,	49c

Full list of specialties can be obtained at entrance of our stores......All as advertised......Ushers will give every desired information.

NO CANDIDATE BUT GAYNOR

BROOKLYN CITIZENS DECLARE FOR THEIR CHAMPION.

In a Large Mass Meeting They Would Hear of No Other Mayoralty Nominee—His Published Declination Did Not Deter Them and They Would Couple No Other Name with His—Committee of Nine Appointed to Put Him on an Independent Ticket—Ringsters Denounced.

The Citizens' Union of Kings County, in mass meeting in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, last night, regardless of all attempts at turning it into sidetracks, absolutely determined to consider but one man as its choice for Mayor and, entirely ignoring that man's own published declaration that he would take no nomination, declared vociferously and unanimously that it wanted for the next Mayor of Brooklyn William J. Gaynor.

Repeatedly the meeting was counseled that Mr. Gaynor would not accept the nomination if it should be given him by all parties at once, and repeatedly it was advised to couple with his name at least one other that it favored. It would have none of such counsel, and the most the enthusiastic men who filled the Academy of Music, pit, boxes, balcony, and gallery, would consent to accept was that, in case Mr. Gaynor should refuse to run for the Mayoralty as an independent, a committee of nine might, with the consent of seven of its members, name a man of honesty and integrity to lead the revolt against the ringsters and boodlers of the City of Churches.

Mayor Boody and his political masters were scored in the most scathing terms, and it was declared that not only should the Mayor have been indicted, but also that he should be convicted. The Columbian scandals were again condemned, and one of the speakers bitterly denounced the ringsters, who are preparing to defy public opinion and the law by holding a prize fight at Coney Island.

Vice President William G. Low called the meeting to order in a short speech of welcome.

Robert G. Stewart was unanimously elected permanent Chairman. In a strong speech, Mr. Stewart returned his thanks for the honor of his election.

"I am happy," he said, "to see that the desire for a healthy, honest administration of public affairs has found such an emphatic indorsement as is given by the crowded house before me. It is evident something is finally to be done to overthrow the men who have so flagrantly violated every obligation, who, at this very moment, are carrying on negotiations for an act in direct violation of the law, an act that has been condemned from scores of pulpits in this city and against which the Young Men's Christian Association is circulating hundreds of petitions."

This reference to the proposed international prize fight, which is being backed by the Kings County officials, called out the first burst of applause from the crowded house. Within the next few minutes this applause was frequently and uproariously echoed, whenever the name of William J. Gaynor was mentioned, or even hinted at. The assemblage seemed to be wild on the subject of Mr. Gaynor's nomination.

William Pitt Ferguson, President of the Central Democratic Association, discovered this when he offered a series of resolutions raking the machine government of Brooklyn fore and aft.

"We have only been saved from being entirely sold out in our municipal affairs," Mr. Ferguson said, in offering his resolutions, "by one whom the people of this city want to choose as their Mayor."

"Hi! hi! hi! Hurrah for William J. Gaynor!" came a shout that almost lifted the speaker off his feet.

"As for the man now in the Mayor's chair," Mr. Ferguson went on, when the audience had yelled itself almost hoarse, "he should not only have been indicted, but convicted."

This sentiment met with the entire approbation of the crowd, apparently. Mr. Ferguson went on to the Columbian scandals, in connection with which, he said:

"Every official connected with this low thievery should be under criminal indictment."

The resolutions are as follows:

Resolved, That we condemn as degrading to the office of Mayor of the City of Brooklyn and as an outrage upon the people that the Mayor of the city should place himself in the control of one or a few men holding no office and in no way responsible to the people and act as their mere servant and tool.

Resolved, That we are tired of seeing one or a few irresponsible men picked out as so-called respectable men for Mayor, who then obtains our votes on the ground that he is anghonorable man and will be, in fact, the Mayor, but who, in fact, has pledged himself in secret to do the bidding of such one or few men in order to get them to select him. Such a man is a corrupt man, even though he take no bribes.

Resolved, That we are tired of electing such respectable tools and then being betrayed by them.

Resolved, That we condemn the vulgar indecency to which about six to ten men have been enriching themselves out of the public treasury by the sufferance and even open aid of their tool in the Mayor's office, and their other tools whom the Mayor appoints at their behest.

Resolved, That the Mayor of Brooklyn should be a man incapable of betraying the people of Brooklyn.

Resolved, That no man selected by the one or few men who now rule the Government of Brooklyn, by their tools, can be trusted, for he will be the servant and tool of this one or few men first of all, and not the servant of the people.

Resolved, That we condemn the gross fraud and corruption in the City Government, particularly during the last four years, only now specifying the following:

1. There is a little water company in the Twenty-sixth Ward whose paper capital is $250,000. Its owners wanted to sell it to the city for a reasonable sum, but the few politicians who make our Mayors and rule us would not allow the city to buy it. The politicians thereupon bought it for about $180,000. The next thing the people heard was that their Mayor, at the request of these men, had signed the contract to buy it of them for $1,300,000. Opposition to this great robbery of $1,000,000 was conceived and started by one man, whom the people of this city want to make Mayor. Another noble-minded and wealthy citizen came to his aid, and it was stopped. After the present Mayor was elected the effort to put the job through was renewed and a law was passed to help. The present Mayor and his law advisers have done all they can to let the job succeed, and it depends on the next Mayor of Brooklyn whether it shall go through or not. We shall not vote to be robbed.

2. These same politicians obtained from the elevated railroads vast sums of money for their franchises. They then protected them against sales of their property for taxes, though the property of every poor person in arrears was rated. They then, through their Mayor, had all the arrears of taxes of these companies, amounting to $1,500,000, canceled on the payment of a comparatively small sum, but even that sum was obtained by the strenuous exertions of a few persons who were not officials, the Mayor, as a tool of these politicians, doing all that he could to defeat it, and being about to accept the payment of only $250,000 in full when the objection was raised.

3. The Columbian frauds are too well known, not only in Brooklyn, but all over the United States. In defiance of law, as the Grand Jury reported, the Mayor and other officials spent over $50,000. The bills were mostly in the name of city employes and officials. They were not itemized, as the law requires. No one looking at them could tell what they were for or what the items might be. There were several bills with only the word "sundries" on them. No one can know what such bills are for. Yet the Mayor approved them and signed warrants to pay them. The amount was about $2,900 and it was afterward found that the sundries were whisky and wine. The Mayor should have been indicted and convicted in a criminal court. There was one bill in the name of a city official of the name of Ross for $11,400 for one grand stand. The items were not given, but the Mayor approved and paid it. It was afterward found that the items, if given, only made up about $2,100. These are samples. Every official, including the Mayor, who participated in this low thievery, ought to be under criminal conviction.

4. The efforts of the Mayor and Aldermen to have railroad franchises in our streets awarded to companies made up of these rich politicians, and the efforts of citizens to stop it, are well known and too recent to need recapitulation. They will always stand as a chapter infamous to the Mayor and the Aldermen of the City of Brooklyn.

Resolved, That this meeting thanks the private citizens who oppose these and other wrongs.

Resolved, That, while William J. Gaynor has declined to be nominated, a committee be appointed to wait on him and to present to him the sense of this meeting. We appreciate the difficulties in the way. The ballot law of this State is a contrivance to prevent independent candidates running for office. The independent nomination for Mayor could not be filled out by the names of the State, county, or city tickets of any other political party. It would have to stand by itself, so that it would be very difficult for those to vote for it who wanted to.

Resolved, That, if an independent ticket cannot be nominated, the independent citizens of Brooklyn be earnestly requested to so vote as to purify the City Government of the corruption which is debauching it.

There was some opposition to Mr. Ferguson's resolutions as being too radical, but they were finally carried by a good vote.

Charles Frederick Adams offered the chief resolution of the evening as far as action is concerned. It read as follows:

Resolved, That a committee of nine be appointed by the Chair, with power to put into the field in due time as an independent candidate for Mayor, to run on the Citizens' Union platform, William J. Gaynor, unless in the meantime a candidate satisfactory to at least seven members of said committee, and who shall publicly consent to run on said platform, shall have been nominated by the Republican City Convention.

"Let the committee insist on Mr. Gaynor's acceptance," shouted a man back in the audience. "My name is Edward J. Burke, and all I ask is that Mr. Gaynor be our candidate."

"Hi! Hi! Hurrah for Gaynor!" echoed the crowd.

"I want a man without a boss!" cried another man in the audience.

"Come forward and tell us about it," shouted the audience, and in response a man with white hair and mustache walked toward the stage. He announced his name as Thomas Leslie and said he was in the real estate business.

"I am sorry," Mr. Leslie said, "for taking your time. My excuse is that I am a taxpayer and I am tired of the corrupt machine that rules things in Brooklyn. I want Mr. Gaynor nominated. Let's all put our shoulders to the wheel and we'll get him."

"Hurrah for Gaynor! Let's have Gaynor!" came the shout again.

"I move here and now that this meeting nominate William J. Gaynor for Mayor," exclaimed C. Augustus Haviland, who had a seat on the platform. "The Republicans said his name was good enough for Judge of the Supreme Court. It is now fit that we offer his name to the Republican Party for Mayor. If they refuse it, let the responsibility rest with them."

Mr. Adams, as the mover of the resolution under discussion, explained that, under the election laws, the meeting couldn't nominate Mr. Gaynor then and there. It would have to be done through a committee such as he had suggested.

John P. Smith wanted the committee to go to the Republican convention next Saturday and present, first the name of Mr. Gaynor, and then, if that was refused consideration, the name of Charles A. Shirien.

Stephen M. Hooy was certain that Mr. Gaynor would run "if the people only came out in sufficient numbers."

Another man got up in the audience to speak.

"Name! Name!" shouted the crowd.

"I ought to be known to this audience," replied the speaker. "I ought to be in the County Auditor's chair, while the man that is there now should be in prison."

The speaker was Delmore Elwell, the Republican candidate for County Auditor at the last election.

Robert Baker said: "We are giving the Republicans every latitude. We are saying to them, 'Put into the field a man of conscience and courage—a man who recognizes no master but the people—and we will join you in supporting him.'

"We want the administration of our municipal affairs to be a purely business one. We do not want it to be the shuttlecock of politicians who use it to build up a party for their own advantages." Mr. Baker suggested leaving the question of candidates to the general committee of the Citizens' Union, as representative of all shades of public opinion.

Mr. Adams again spoke in favor of his resolution and declared against delay and indefiniteness. "We have been having conference after conference with the Republicans," he said. "There have been so many of them that we have made no progress. Now, I think, we should act, and act vigorously. If we say to the Republicans, 'Gentlemen, we have a candidate we think we can elect, and we are determined to run him unless you put a man in the field who shall stand on a platform we approve, and who shall be satisfactory to us,' then something will be accomplished."

Mr. Adams made a rather pointed attack on the newspapers of Brooklyn for their silence in regard to, or their protection of, pugilism in Kings County, and arraigned, in a sarcastic way, the entire government of the municipality.

By an almost unanimous vote the resolution of Mr. Adams was then carried.

C. Augustus Haviland renewed his motion that William J. Gaynor be declared the first choice of the meeting. It was suggested that, as no convention was being held, a nomination could not be made. Mr. Haviland's motion was carried amid loud cheering.

G. W. Thompson offered a motion in condemnation of the acts of Isaac H. Maynard and calling on all independent citizens of Brooklyn to vote against him. The motion was ruled out of order, on the ground that the meeting had been called for the purpose of choosing a candidate for Mayor.

The meeting then adjourned with three rousing cheers for William J. Gaynor.

The Chairman, after the meeting, announced the following committee to put Mr. Gaynor on an independent ticket: Charles F. Adams, M. E. Moore, John Filmer, A. L. Sessions, Joseph McGuiness, G. W. Thompson, W. P. Ferguson, Sanders Shanks, and T. P. Ryan.

Twenty-five members of the Brooklyn Committee of One Hundred met last evening in the Director's room of the Brooklyn Academy of Music, and, after two hours and a half debate, passed the following resolution offered by Thomas G. Shearman:

Resolved, That in the present situation it is the judgment of this committee that it would be expedient for the independent citizens of Brooklyn to support any man nominated by the Republican Convention for the office of Mayor, whose life history and present declarations shall satisfy the various independent organizations, including this body, that he has the ability and determination to administer the office of Mayor on strict business principles, with absolute independence of party spirit and of sinister influence upon the basis of the platform adopted by this committee, and who, in his appointments to office and in all his executive acts, would seek only the welfare of the City of Brooklyn as a whole, without using his power to promote the interests of his own political party, otherwise than by conferring upon them the honor of giving good Government to Brooklyn.

They also passed a resolution offered by Dr. George A. Brush to send a conference committee to the Republican City Convention to request the convention to appoint a similar committee to confer with representatives of the various independent organizations, with a view to selecting one candidate upon whom both Republicans and independents could unite.

The committee was authorized to present the names of Charles A. Scheiren, Edward M. Shepard, Lester W. Beasley, William J. Gaynor, Darwin R. James, John Truslow, and Joseph Aspinall to the Republicans and to pledge the support of the Committee of One Hundred to any one of these men whom the convention would name.

The Brooklyn Democratic Club met last night and heard the report of its conference committee. The Chairman of the committee stated that it had been in consultation with other independent organizations with a view to obtaining from the Republican Party a candidate for Mayor on whom all independents could unite. So far, no such result had been accomplished.

In the absence of President Peabody, Edward M. Shepard, A. Augustus Healy, and other prominent members, the club postponed its consideration of State and municipal affairs until next Wednesday night.

SWEPT BY ANOTHER CYCLONE

HAVOC WROUGHT ON THE COASTS OF SOUTHERN STATES.

Sea Islands Again Overwhelmed—In Some Places the Wind's Velocity Exceeded Fifty Miles an Hour—Timely Warning by the Weather Bureau Kept Shipping in Many Ports—Telegraph Lines Blown Down—The Tempest Reached Savannah at Midnight and is Speeding Northward.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 12.—Savannah is in the grasp of a storm which threatens in a few hours to equal in intensity that of Aug. 27, which swept the entire Georgia and South Carolina coast.

The predictions of the Weather Bureau gave ample warning, and all day preparations have been in progress in the city and on river and harbor, to protect property from its ravages. The wind is now blowing forty miles an hour, and is steadily increasing.

All vessels in the harbor have sought shelter and safe anchorage. The smaller craft, towboats, pilot boats, and yachts have been massed in slips and tied fast. No vessels left port to-day. The Boston steamship Gate City, which was to have sailed to-night, has been made fast to her pier and will remain until the storm passes.

The New-York steamer City of Augusta, which left New-York Wednesday, is due to-morrow and, it is feared, will be caught in the tempest. Many vessels are due from domestic and foreign ports, and one or two are believed to be off the bar.

The full force of the storm is expected to reach here about an hour hence, and it may blow down all the telegraph wires. A heavy rain is now falling.

There are eighteen vessels in the Tybee Roads and at quarantine, and the chances are that if the gale continues they will all be wrecked, as in the case of the last blow.

No reports have been heard from any of the Sea Islands, but the prospect is that the storm will undo all that has been done for them in the way of shelter and that they will be as badly or worse off than before. The high seas must have washed over them.

No reports of any fatalities have yet been received.

Brunswick got the brunt of the gale, but the amount of damage has not been learned.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 12.—The West Indian tornado is on us, wires going down to the southward and in trouble toward the north. The wind is blowing in great gusts at from forty to forty-five miles an hour. No damage except the wrecking of telephone and electric wires is yet reported.

Neither of the Clyde steamers due to-day has arrived. At this hour (7 P. M.) it looks like a repetition of the cyclone of August.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 12.—Telegraphic communication with Charleston was completely cut off at 7 o'clock to-night. The last message received here stated that the wires were almost all blown down by a storm which was said to be blowing between forty-five and fifty miles an hour. No damage was reported to property at the time and no lives had been lost.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 12.—The storm reached its height here at 2:15 o'clock this afternoon, the velocity of the wind being then forty-eight miles an hour. This indicates that the damage here will be less severe than was expected.

It May Reach New-York To-Night.

At the office of the Weather Bureau in the Equitable Building it was stated last night that the storm centre was moving northward.

At 8 o'clock the maximum velocity of the wind was at Charleston, S. C., where it was blowing at the rate of forty-eight miles an hour. The speed at which the storm is whirling northward could not be computed owing to the fact that the Tampa, Jupiter, and the Key West stations had not been heard from.

If the gale does not pass off to sea the storm centre will probably reach New-York to-night or to-morrow morning.

The wind, which was blowing at seven miles an hour at 8 o'clock last night, is likely to freshen during the day to a velocity of twelve or fifteen miles an hour or more. The temperature is expected to remain unchanged.

AT ANCHOR IN A CYCLONE.

How the Revenue Steamer Seward Rode Out the Fierce Blow.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 12.—The United States revenue steamer Seward has returned to this port after an eventful cruise in the track of the recent great Gulf storm. She rendered assistance to many vessels in distress and seven lives were saved by her timely arrival at various points.

From the officers of the Seward it is learned that they rode out the recent cyclone near Scranton, Miss. From midnight of Oct. 1 to 2 o'clock the next afternoon she encountered the full force of the storm. At 8 o'clock A. M. Oct. 2 the water of her anchorage had risen thirteen feet above the normal. The officers declare that the velocity of the wind was greater than they could calculate, and the rain which accompanied it seemed to strike the face with the force of hailstones.

Throughout the great blow the Seward rode to two anchors, with a long scope of chain out, her engines all the time steaming ahead to lessen the strain on the anchors. As soon as she could breast the storm she began cruising over Mississippi Sound on a mission of rescue. In the anchorage only one other vessel escaped destruction.

Helping the Sea Islanders.

NEW-ORLEANS, La., Oct. 12.—The Citizens' Relief Committee has decided to centralize and systematize the relief of the storm sufferers. Funds and clothing will continue to be distributed, but the committee in charge will apply the bulk of the funds to the work of re-establishing the destitute people, and making them once more self-dependent.

Laidlaw Still After Sage.

William R. Laidlaw is bound to have another try at Russell Sage for being used as a human screen in the famous dynamite explosion of Dec. 4, 1891, in Mr. Sage's office.

Judge Andrews of the Supreme Court last Spring dismissed the suit for $50,000 brought by Mr. Laidlaw against Mr. Sage, on the ground that he had no cause of action. From this decision Mr. Laidlaw appealed to the General Term, and arguments on this appeal were heard yesterday.

Crossed the Atlantic in Ten Weeks.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 12.—The French bark Haidee, which arrived here to-day, was supposed to have been lost in the hurricane of Aug. 26. She sailed from Les Sables d'Olonne, Bay of Biscay, July 31, and was not heard from until to-day. Her Captain reports that he encountered nothing but calms and head winds during the voyage.

CALISAYA LA RILLA IS IN ALL respects the best preparation of Calisaya.—*Adv.*

BOYCOTTED BY THE DRUMMERS.

They Gallantly Espouse the Cause of Discharged Waitresses.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 12.—Probably the queerest boycott on record was that begun to-night against the Merchants' Hotel.

The proprietors yesterday discharged their female waiters and put university students in their places. This morning forty of the guests signed a petition calling for the reinstatement of the girls and declaring that, in the event of refusal, the petitioners would leave. The proprietors stood firmly by their decision, and this evening the boarders quit in a body.

The Merchants' is a railroad hotel, and the commercial travelers immediately started a boycott against it.

ASSAULTED A RAILROAD GATEMAN.

The Men Weighted the Gates with Rocks to Get Him Out of the Tower.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Oct. 12.—Conrad Emrich, a gateman on the Long Island Railroad at the Middleburg Avenue crossing, in this city, was assaulted last night by seven men who have hung around the crossing and annoyed Emrich. The gateman is stationed in a small tower and operates the gates by an air-pumping system. His assailants, in order to get their victim out of the tower, weighted the gates down with rocks so that Emrich could not raise them.

When he came out to remove the obstructions they assaulted him. The gateman fired two shots into the crowd without effect. He struck one of the men across the face with a club, knocking him down. Emrich was roughly handled before he succeeded in making his escape. During the fight the gates were wrecked.

Two of the men were arrested this afternoon. They are Frank Pebble, twenty-four years old, and William Millen, twenty-one years old. They will be arraigned to-morrow morning, charged with burglary, larceny, assault in the second and third degrees, and malicious mischief.

Mrs. Fitzgerald Protests Her Innocence.

The inquest in the case of Mrs. Carrie Pearsall, wife of Patrolman Pearsall of the East Eighty-eighth Street Police Station, who was shot and killed by Mrs. Catharine Fitzgerald, wife of Private Detective John J. Fitzgerald of 2,510 Eighth Avenue, was held yesterday morning by Coroner Schultze. Mrs. Fitzgerald, who had been brought from the Tombs, was accompanied by her husband. She was calm and appeared to take little interest in the proceedings. After a jury had been impaneled, Detective Bruner, who placed Mrs. Fitzgerald under arrest after she had surrendered herself at the police station, testified to the circumstances of the shooting as he had learned them. The report of Deputy Coroner O'Hare of the autopsy made by him on the body of Mrs. Pearsall was then read to the jury. The counsel for Mrs. Fitzgerald did not desire to introduce any testimony, and the case was then given to the jury, which found that Mrs. Pearsall had come to her death by a pistol-shot wound at the hands of Mrs. Fitzgerald. Mrs. Fitzgerald, when called upon to reply to the questions of her formal examination before commitment, said she was not guilty of the crime with which she was charged.

Italians Parade and Dance.

In observation of the discovery of America and the first anniversary of the founding of the Columbus memorial in this city, the United Italian Societies and their friends enjoyed a ball at Tammany Hall last night. Previous to the celebration indoors, forty-two of the societies, numbering over 2,000 men, formed in procession in Paradise Park and marched to Fourteenth Street, passing through Mulberry and Grand Streets and the Bowery and Second Avenue on the way. The various military companies and civic organizations presented a creditable appearance. The Guardio Colombo, one of the oldest military organizations among foreigners in this country, had the place of honor. The scene in Tammany Hall was bright and picturesque, men dressed in gay uniforms mingling with hundreds of pretty women. Carl Barsotti, who was the first to suggest the Columbus movement, was presented with a gold medal.

Tournament Soldiers Make Complaint.

A committee of the English Tournament soldiers, who, until a few days ago, were employed at the Madison Square Garden, made an appeal yesterday to the British Consul. The men said they signed contracts last March to perform in the tournament for twelve months, at $1 a day, with board, lodging, expenses, and passage to this country and return. They were also to receive two weeks' notice of decision to close the tournament. They said they had not received their wages up to date, and that the passage home had not been provided for. They received but a few hours' notice of the closing of the tournament, they said. The Consul is investigating the charges. Mr. Sanger, the Superintendent of the Garden, said he thought the men would have their passage home paid. In regard to the charge that their last week's salary had not been paid, he said the benefit netted each one $9.

Emma Goldman May Make a Scene.

Emma Goldman, the Anarchist, who was convicted early in the week of making a speech tending to incite to riot, will be sentenced on Monday, and it is said when she is arraigned she will make a harangue in the courtroom, berating the Judge, the jury which convicted her, the District Attorney, and the institutions of modern Governments in general. The police, it was reported yesterday, had learned that the sympathizers and friends of the Goldman woman had been holding meetings on the east side, with a view of getting up a demonstration in favor of their favorite orator. A parade will be attempted on Monday, it was said, over a route leading to the Court of General Sessions. Superintendent Byrnes called upon the District Attorney yesterday, but neither would say what was discussed at the interview.

Pilots' Report on Nourmahal Collision.

William H. Curtis, the sailing master of the yacht Nourmahal, belonging to John Jacob Astor, which was in collision with the ferryboat Washington of the Pennsylvania Railroad Line, in the North River Wednesday morning, made his report of the accident to the local Steamboat Inspectors yesterday. Mr. Curtis says the ferryboat's signal to cross her bow was made too late, and, had he attempted to cross, the Washington would have hit the yacht on the starboard side. He maintains that every effort was made to avert the collision. The pilot of the Washington, B. R. Tinsler, also filed his report yesterday. The details of the accident do not vary materially from those furnished by the sailing master.

Stricken in a Cable Car.

Merritt Wickham, seventy years old, a Custom House broker at 74 Beaver Street, died of heart disease yesterday afternoon at Broadway and Bleecker Street, while being removed from an up-bound Broadway cable car, in which he had fallen. Mr. Wickham was employed in the Appraiser's stores for many years previous to President Cleveland's first election. He leaves a daughter, who lives in Rutland, Vt., and who was to be married next week. He boarded with Mrs. John C. Lee, at 693 Sixth Avenue. The body awaits friends at the Mercer Street Station.

The Great Coal Strike Almost Over.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Several of the Federation collieries are open, and the miners in their pits are at work at the old wages. Nine thousand men resumed to-day in Derbyshire. Fully 20,000 men are at work in Nottingham and Warwickshire. In London the price of coal is falling off. It is thought that in all England fully 60,000 miners resumed work to-day, and that the great strike, which began on July 28, is practically over. The miners yet out have no thought of giving in and will continue to refuse any reduction in wages.

Only $17.00 to the World's Fair.

Through cars to Chicago in charge of an attendant via West Shore Railroad, Saturday, Oct. 14, 10 A. M. Similar excursions will be run Oct. 19 and 23. See full particulars in time table under "Railroads."—*Adv.*

THE LONG SESSION ENDED

IMPOSSIBLE TO KEEP A QUORUM OF THE WORN-OUT SENATORS.

MR. VOORHEES MOVES AN ADJOURNMENT.

Senators Disgusted With the Exhibition They Were Making.

STRUGGLE ENDED THIS MORNING.

Defiant Attitude of the Silver Men in Their Efforts to Kill Time—The Senate, Under Its Rules, a Mere Plaything for the Obstructionists—Calls for a Quorum Made with Persistent Regularity, and the Chair Decides that They Cannot Be Stopped—The Peffer Amendment to the Repeal Bill Voted Down, but with This Exception No Progress Made—Mr. Allen Breaks the Record in a Speech of Nearly Fifteen Hours—A Compromise Suggested.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—At 1:45 o'clock, the Sergeant at Arms having reported his inability to bring a quorum into the Senate, Mr. Voorhees reluctantly moved an adjournment. The effort at continuous sessions has been a failure. The repeal bill is not nearer passage than it was when the continuous session began.

The second day of the Senate's continuous session, which is but one legislative day, brought about no result. It developed unexpected powers of endurance among the Populists, and provoked more speeches from Teller and Stewart, who fatten upon the opportunity to defy public opinion, to weary Senatorial patience, and to speak forever with tiresome iterations of old phrases.

It is not accurate to talk of this contest as a fight. It has been a sort of Brazilian bombardment, in which a great deal of silver ammunition has been expended without inflicting any visible injury to anybody or anything. This sort of "fighting" surprises the silver men. They have expected an assault, an assertion by the majority of its right. But the majority has not yet worked itself up to the idea that such a "cruel and unusual" course will be becoming to the Senate.

To what purpose was the continuous session held? It is impossible to get from the repeal leaders any answer more satisfactory than that they hoped to tire out the opponents of unconditional repeal. The record of the first day, during which two windy Populists occupied nearly all the time, has suggested the impossibility of forcing a vote by offering to listen to the silver men as long as they can talk. Their power to talk is exhaustless. Their willingness to speak at any inconvenience is illimitable. They would talk forever, and no one would be the wiser.

If the repealers were as determined as opponents of repeal are stubborn in their refusal to permit the majority to act, there is no doubt that a conclusion of the disgraceful spectacle could be brought about speedily. With greater force than the opponents of repeal, the repealers give the impression of half-heartedness. By some impatient observers and critics it is denounced as "treason," and evidence of a covert tendency to compromise, and by compromise to throw away the cause for which they are enlisted.

Not until to-night has a compromise been offered that has evoked a word of comment. When Senator Harris brought forward his amendment proposing the coinage of the seigniorage and an additional amount of silver yet to be named and the withdrawal of all notes of less than $10 and all gold coin of less than $10, it arrested the attention of Mr. Allison, coming as it did from a member of the Committee on Finance, and leaving to the Senate the decision as to what amount of silver shall be purchased for coinage. The proposition had not been discussed. It was not more acceptable to the repealers than any of the compromises.

Compromise means defeat to the Administration and a prolongation of doubt and business disturbance. It means a more or less abject surrender of a majority that will not assert itself to a minority that holds off the people at arm's length and wants to know "What are you going to do about it?"

If this attitude of the minority is to be supported by compromise it must plainly point the way to a compromise as the price of any reduction of the tariff, and a compromise as the price of a repeal of any part of the Davenport elections law.

THE FIRST LONG NIGHT WATCH.

Nothing Inspiring in the Spectacle of Sleepy Senators Trying to Keep Awake.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—"Are they going to divide very soon?"

"Not to-day."

"Not to-day? Why, I came up on purpose to see them divide. Are you quite sure they won't divide to-day?"

"Quite sure."

The English tourist who sat in the Senate gallery this morning at 4:40 o'clock and asked these questions of a reporter had heard that the repeal question would be settled at 5 o'clock. He was very much disgusted to learn that the only "divide" in sight was that which separates the friends and opponents of repeal, and that the chance of a vote was remote.

At the time the Englishman made this discovery the tenth call of the Senate had just been completed and the members were drifting back to the cloakrooms. It was a spectacle barren of interest, even to foreign eyes, and the Englishman put on his hat and departed.

Those who have attended all-night sessions of the chief legislative body of the country do not need to be told that the scenes of last night were far from inspiring. United States Senators are very human, and when they are sleepy and hungry and somewhat out of temper they are not impressive in the least. At the time of the Englishman's visit a large proportion of those on the floor were trying their hardest to keep awake. Some of them were marching up and down the chamber, others were sitting with their feet resting on the desks before them, others were lounging on the sofas and in the easy chairs back of the tiers of seats, and a few were making a pretense of listening to Mr. Allen of Nebraska, the Populist, who has broken the record for a continuous speech. Some of the older members had already succumbed to defeat.

Mr. Voorhees, leader of the repeal forces, after slumbering in his chair an hour or more, had finally returned to his committee room. Mr. Gorman, his associate, was trying to catch a few winks of sleep in the room of the Committee on Appropriations. Mr. Hoar, whose powers of endurance had proved inadequate to the strain, was sleeping soundly on a committee room sofa. Enough Senators were awake to maintain a quorum, and some of them welcomed the frequent calls which were made at the instance of the silver men. Without these there would not have been many Senators awake after 4 o'clock this morning.

When these dispatches closed this morning, Mr. Allen still held possession of the floor. He had already been speaking eight hours and people were beginning to wonder when he would finish. A cup of coffee was brought to him at 2 o'clock and he took a deep draught. There were then just twenty-six Senators in the chamber. Mr. Voorhees was asleep in his chair, with his hands clasped across his vest and his head bowed. He presented a picture of utter exhaustion. Most of the other Senators were on the alert.

Mr. Squire of Washington found an easy way to keep awake in taking exceptions to remarks made by the Nebraska Populist. Senator Palmer of Illinois saw the success the Washingtonian was having, and he also began to ply Mr. Allen with questions. Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky also took a hand, and for a time the big-boned Populist was put to his wit's end to meet the cross fire of queries.

Mr. Allen made a dire failure in his replies, for the reason that his premises were generally faulty. His embarrassment was thoroughly enjoyed by the repeal men present.

At 2:15 o'clock Messrs. Dubois Shoup, Daniel, Teller, Peffer, Allen, and Pettigrew were the only radical silver men present. Mr. Stewart had disappeared early in the evening. Mr. Wolcott of Colorado had retired in order to be able to "spell" his Idaho associate, the youthful Mr. Dubois. At this hour Mr. Daniel called the attention of the Chair to the fact that there was not a quorum present, whereupon the roll was ordered to be called. This was the fourth since the beginning of the long session. On this call Messrs. Brice, Chandler, Gibson, Hoar, Morrill, Sherman, Stockbridge, and Wilson, all repealers, were found to be absent. None of the ultra silver men responded to their names. It was their announced determination to make Mr. Voorhees and his associates maintain a quorum. Mr. Ransom of North Carolina left the chamber and did not return during the night. Fifty-three Senators were found to be present through this call. Mr. Hill came from the Democratic cloakroom with a soft felt hat, which he wore to protect his head from the cold air of the Capitol.

For a few minutes after the call was concluded but few of the Senators left the chamber. Mr. Murphy, showing no signs of fatigue, sat down at his desk and wrote a letter; Mr. White of Louisiana read a novel; Mr. Higgins of Deleware pre-empted a sofa and went to sleep; Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts indulged in a brisk walk along the east side of the chamber, and Mr. Dixon of Rhode Island, seeing that that was a good way to keep awake, followed his example; Mr. Squire chewed a cigar and looked thoughtful; Mr. Dolph, who had expected a quorum to be broken long before this hour, marched around the chamber to overcome the "tired feeling" which had taken possession of him; Mr. Roach of North Dakota selected two easy chairs and deposited himself in them.

At 2:40 o'clock Mr. White of Louisiana walked into the Democratic cloakroom. Five minutes later he came out smiling and smacking his lips. About that time a loud yawn was heard, and people in the galleries strained their necks to see if they could distinguish its origin. Senator Gorman proved to be the guilty man. His short nap had given him a taste for more sleep.

At 2:45 o'clock Mr. Palmer of Illinois, who had just refreshed himself in the Senate restaurant, caught Mr. Allen making the assertion that the French people were the most prosperous and the happiest people in the world.

"Will the Senator kindly tell us under what laws the French people have become so prosperous?" he asked, with apparent sincerity.

Mr. Allen wasn't quite sure whether the gentleman from Illinois was speaking in earnest, but he answered that he could hardly be expected to go into the question of French laws at that particular time. Mr. Palmer made a skeptical remark about the Nebraska man's previous assertion, which led Mr. Allen to say that if he saw a tree full of fruit, and on the ground beneath it found rich fruit which had fallen from it, he was bound to believe that the fruit remaining on the tree was equally good. Mr. Palmer rejoined that, as he had never seen the tree described by the gentleman from Nebraska, he was not inclined to take his word that it existed.

Mr. Allen had for an hour or more dilated upon the alleged poverty of the farmers of the country, and this led Mr. Gallinger of New-Hampshire to take him to task. In doing so Mr. Gallinger read from the report of the Controller of the Currency the statement that the savings banks of New-Hampshire showed deposits of $206.76 per capita, while Nebraska had not $1 per capita. A little later Mr. Manderson of Nebraska, who had been hustling about the camp, made a very heated reference to this assertion, and proved, by documents which Mr. Teller kindly loaned him for the occasion, that Nebraska had money enough on deposit in its banks to pay off every cent of its mortgaged indebtedness. It required fully half an hour for the gentlemen from Nebraska and New-Hampshire to "get together" and drop this question, which had no earthly interest to people outside of their respective States.

Mr. Higgins of Delaware awoke about 3:15 o'clock wiping his lips and looking quite happy, everything considered. About this time Mr. Dubois brought about the fifth call for a quorum. Mr. Palmer sought to make a point of the fact that Mr. Dubois did not answer to his name when it was called, but no attention was paid to it. Fifty-two Senators were recorded as present. Fifteen minutes later the sixth call was made at the instance of Mr. Daniel, who had developed into a first-class filibusterer. Forty-six Senators responded. This apparent falling off was due to the fact that a number of Senators had gone to the restaurant to refresh themselves.

At 4:30 o'clock, while Mr. White of Louisiana was engaged in a spirited controversy with Mr. Allen, Mr. Wolcott, who had just left his bed, interjected the remark that the utterances of the Senator from Louisiana were worth the hearing of the entire Senate. This led to the seventh call for a quorum. By this time it was all that many of the Senators could do to keep awake. Some came trooping into the chamber rubbing their eyes and showing every evidence of being disgusted. There were forty-eight responses to the call. Twenty-five minutes later Mr. Kyle of South Dakota, who had heretofore kept in the background, made another demand for a quorum, which brought forty-seven Senators to the front. In all these roll calls the ultra silver men refused to vote. But Mr. Morgan, Mr. Bate, Mr. Blackburn, Mr. Black, Mr. Vest, Mr. Walthall, Mr. Kyle and a few others, who had been relied upon to filibuster, responded to their names. Mr. Blackburn only missed one or two roll calls throughout the night. The aged Senator Harris of Tennessee, who last night declared his intention of staying with Mr. Voorhees in the present struggle, was on hand at every call. Mr. Vest did not filibuster, but Mr. Daniel of Virginia showed by his actions that he was determined to do everything possible to defeat repeal.

At 5 o'clock Mr. Peffer caused a mild sensation by turning up his coat collar, hiding his whiskers beneath its folds, shoving his hands deep into his pockets, and striding back and forth across the chamber. "He thinks he is thinking," said some irreverent person in the gallery, whom Mr. Peffer must have overheard, for he immediately ceased his fantastic performance and took his seat. At this hour there were not more than fifty people in the visitors' galleries. One woman, unattended, sat in the east gallery from midnight until 7 o'clock. She did not once close her eyes, and to all appearance was deeply interested in the scenes enacted below.

The so-called dignity of the Senate received many a wrench during the weary hours. There are always two stages to contests of this kind, the "good-natured" and the "ugly." Long before the time when good nature might have been expected to cease to be a virtue, evidences that the second stage was near were afforded. The usually punctilious Mr. Hoar interrupted Mr. Allen, who was reading a paragraph relating to overproduction, with the brusque inquiry if he did not think that his speech was a good instance of overproduction. Mr. Allen did not relish the remark, and replied that it was too insulting to merit an answer. "Don't answer it then!" shouted Mr. Hoar.

As the night became older, Senators bestowed themselves about the chamber in far from graceful attitudes. After each roll call there would be a scramble for the easy chairs and sofas within reach. Those who were not fortunate in this respect had to take up with the less comfortable Senate chairs. One or two "quiet games" were started, but the interruptions were too frequent to make them pleasurable. There was but little discussion of the probable result of the contest among Senators. The silver men saw early in the night that their opponents would be able to muster a quorum, and this seemed to make them more bitter. Mr. Vilas of Wisconsin, who has been absent some time, only reached the city at midnight. He drove from the station directly to the Capitol, and for the remainder of the night added his strength to the repeal force.

Throughout the night Mr. Allen continued his speech, pausing at intervals to permit interrogatories, and then proceeding as if there had been no interruptions. His voice was as clear at 5 o'clock as it was just 12 hours before when he took the floor. Although his argument, if such it may be called, was thoroughly falacious, he compelled a feeling of admiration through his wonderful powers of endurance. During the force-bill fight in the Senate Mr. Faulkner gained the reputation of holding the floor thirteen hours. He had been aided in securing this record, however, by the fact that much time had been consumed in getting a quorum. Mr. Allen was not favored in this way. At 5 o'clock those in the chamber began to speculate regarding the probable length of his presentment and to wonder if he would break the record.

At 5:40 o'clock Mr. Voorhees entered the chamber after an absence of about four hours. He looked refreshed. He was just in time to answer to his name on the ninth call of the Senate. Forty-four other Senators answered also. The tenth call was not made until an hour later, and it revealed forty-eight Senators. A half-dozen more calls were made up to 8 o'clock, at which time Mr. Allen acknowledged that he had finished. He had held the floor just 14¾ hours, and had broken the Senate record for a continuous speech.

With the approach of daylight this morning people began to reappear in the galleries. A number of the night force of the Government Printing Office came in about 6 o'clock carrying lunch baskets. An hour later several women became silent spectators of the frowsy spectacle. Every little while there would be a call of the Senate, and the familiar scenes of the night would be re-enacted.

AFTER THE LONG VIGIL.

Another Day of Useless Speeches and Calls of the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—It was early breakfast time, not yet 8 oclock, when the Senate got into a dispute about the question of the number of Senators required to make a quorum. Mr. Wolcott insisted that forty-five Senators constituted a quorum, and he was sustained by Mr. Manderson, though their method of reasoning could not be made out, as there are but eighty-five Senators. Vice President Stevenson held that forty-three Senators were a quorum. From that decision Mr. Wolcott appealed, and Mr. Hale moved to lay the appeal on the table. A vote was taken and the Vice-President's decision was sustained by a vote of 38 to 5, just forty-three votes being cast.

Then came the first vote on an amendment. Mr. Voorhees moved to table the Peffer amendment. On the vote by yeas and nays the Senators voted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. Aldrich, Brice, Caffery, Camden, Cullom, Davis, Dixon, Faulkner, Frye, Gallinger, Gordon, Gray, Hale, Hawley, Hill, Lindsay, McPherson, Manderson, Mills, Mitchell, (Wis.,) Murphy, Platt, Proctor, Ransom, Smith, Squire, Voorhees, Washburn, and White, (La.)—29.

Nays—Messrs. Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Call, Coke, Daniel, Hunton, Irby, Martin, Peffer, Vest, and Walthall—12.

That was not a quorum. A call of the Senators was ordered and forty-five Senators reported "Here!" Mr. Dubois was present, but did not vote, a fact to which Mr. Vilas directed attention. Mr. Peffer's amendment was one for free coinage of both gold and silver. After some discussion on the point of requiring Mr. Dubois to vote or to assign his reasons for declining to vote, the Vice President caused the rule on the subject to be read, and then ordered the Clerk to call the name of the Senator from Idaho. Mr. Dubois's name was then called, but he made no answer. Then the Vice President said he would hear any excuse which he desired to make. The principal reason assigned by Mr. Dubois was that a motion to lay on the table a most important amendment had been made, thus cutting off debate on it, and the Senator who had offered the amendment (Mr. Peffer) had asked the courtesy of the Senate to address it for a few minutes and had been refused. This Mr. Dubois thought a sufficient excuse.

The Vice President submitted the question to the Senate whether Dubois should be excused, and it was decided in the negative —yeas 21, nays 29. Mr. Dubois's name was again called, and he still remained silent.

Mr. Manderson began to argue the parliamentary question as to the impossibility of compelling a Senator to vote. How, he asked, would his mouth be opened if he saw fit to stand mute? He was interrupted by the point of order made by Mr. Aldrich that no debate was in order pending a motion to lay on the table. The point was sustained by the Vice President, who added that the recording of the facts in the Journal ended the entire proceeding as to the Senator refusing to vote.

The vote on laying the Peffer amendment on the table was then announced as—yeas 33, nays 17. So it was laid on the table. The following is the vote in detail:

Yeas—Messrs. Caffery, Camden, Carey, Cullom, Davis, Dixon, Dolph, Faulkner, Frye, Gallinger, Gordon, Gray, Hale, Hawley, Hill, Hoar, Lindsay, McMillan, McPherson, Manderson, Mills, Mitchell, (Wis.,) Murphy, Platt, Proctor, Quay, Ransom, Sherman, Smith, Squire, Voorhees, Washburn, and White, (Iowa,)—33.

Nays—Messrs. Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Butler, Call, Cameron, Coke, Daniel, George, Hunton, Irby, Martin, Morgan, Pasco, Peffer, Vest, and Walthall—17.

The vote having been announced, Mr. Voorhees remarked that the only other amendment pending to the House bill was the amendment reported from the Finance Committee.

"What has become of all the other amendments that have been offered?" Mr Butler inquired.

"There have been no others offered," Mr. Voorhees replied. "There have been notices of amendments given."

It was nearly 10 o'clock when a call for a quorum developed the presence of only thirty-nine Senators. The Sergeant-at-Arms was directed to request the attendance of Senators, and in ten minutes he secured enough. Then Mr. Martin resumed his speech, to be interrupted by Mr. Stewart, who desired to read an extract of a letter he had just received, which included a warning line for Mr. Blackburn.

Mr. Hoar suggested that the reading of such letters in the Senate could do no good. He had had three such letters from the West, and so had Mr. Sherman. Mr. Stewart replied that he would not have called attention to the note if it had not been in harmony with the language of the public press of New-York.

Mr. Martin—I suppose that the letters received by the Senator from Massachusetts were from people who had recently gone West from Massachusetts.

"I dare say," Mr. Hoar quietly remarked.

"I expect that is the fact," said Mr. Martin, and then he went on with his speech.

There were two calls of the Senate—one at 10:45 and one at 11:30 o'clock. To the first call forty-three Senators responded, but only, as to six of them, after a polite solicitation by the Sergeant at Arms. To the second call forty-seven Senators responded without any solicitation. There was another call at 12:05 P. M., the absence of a quorum having been suggested each time by an anti-repealer. Only thirty-nine Senators answered, and the Sergeant at Arms was sent out to coax in four more. He succeeded at the rate of one per minute, and at 12:15 the forty-third Senator (Mr. Hill) appeared. The absentees, as compared with the previous call, were Senators Bate, Daniel, Davis, Dixon, Dolph, Mills, Mitchell of Wisconsin, and Washburn. Those who were recorded on the last call, and not the previous one, were Senators Hale, Martin, Vest, and Vilas. None of the Senators from the silver States was recorded on any of these calls.

Then Mr. Martin turned his attention to the Democracy, and especially to Mr. McPherson, and recommended that Senator to "repent and get baptized and receive the Holy Ghost." He declared that if Mr. Cleveland had written before his election the letter which he had recently written to Gov. Northen, the Democratic Party "would not have been in it," and that if the Democrats had announced themselves on the money question before the election as they had done within the last sixty days, Benjamin Harrison would be to-day President of the United States by an overwhelming majority.

There was another call of the Senate at 12:50 o'clock and forty-four Senators answered. At the request of Mr. Platt of Connecticut the names of the absentees were read. They were Aldrich, Allen, Blackburn, Butler, Camden, Chandler, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Cullom, Daniel, Davis, Dixon, Dolph, Dubois, Gibson, (excused on account of sickness,) Gray, Hansbrough, Hunton, Irby, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, Kyle, Mitchell of Oregon, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Morgan, Merrill, (excused several weeks ago,) Peffer, Pettigrew, Power, Pugh, Roach, Shoup, Squire, Stewart, Teller, Turpie, Vance, White of California, Wilson, and Wolcott.

After Mr. Martin had resumed his speech he was requested by the Vice President not to turn his back on the Chair, as the official reporters were unable to hear him. It was the third or fourth request of the same kind that had been made to him. He excused himself with the remark that he was "trying to reclaim his lost friends on the Jersey coast." He illustrated his argument against the idea of "cheap money," and "fiat money," by producing a $10 gold certificate, a $10 silver certificate, a $10 gold piece, and ten silver dollars, and challenged denial that they were of the same value in every market in the United States, and in debt-paying power.

After another call of the Senate at 1:20, Mr. Voorhees said: "It is obvious, Mr. President, that there is to be a call of the Senate every twenty or thirty minutes, with a notable absence of certain notabilities opposed to this bill. The object, doubtless, is to compel the attendance of friends of the bill all day, while they are sleeping for to-night. Now, I give notice that for every call that is made for a quorum of the Senate, from this time on, I shall insist on the calling of the names of the absentees, and to compel their attendance; if we are to sit here all the time subject to a call every twenty or thirty minutes, they shall do the same, so far as it is in my power to secure it."

It was nearly 2 o'clock when Mr. Jones of Nevada observed the absence of a quorum, the pointless speech of Martin having driven out most of the Senators. Again, on the roll call, the silver men failed to respond, but all the Democrats, whether for or against repeal, answered to their names. Even Mr. Cameron, who had dodged with Wolcott, answered "Here." It was not until Mills had appeared that forty-three Senators were present. The calling of the roll had rested Martin, and on he went again, just as if nothing had happened, interesting nobody, because he did not seem to be interested himself.

Half an hour later, while Martin was monotonously mouthing about something quite immaterial, a sly statesman from Montana, Commodore Power, repeated his great parliamentary feat of directing attention to the lack of a quorum, and then promptly skipped into the cloak room. When forty-five Senators had responded, Martin was not in sight. Mr. Teller intimated that he would presently return to the Senate, and then there was a halt until Martin returned, with fragments of lunch clinging to his mustache. There was another call for a quorum at 3 o'clock, showing forty-eight Senators present, and then more of Martin's sing-song. He did not say anything, He simply strung out an interminable series of sentences, signifying nothing. If his voice had given out when his stock of ideas was exhausted, he would have needed little time.

Soon after 4 o'clock Mr. Martin stopped, admitting exhaustion, but threatening another chapter in continuation of his broken speech. At the same moment Mr. Morgan (Ala.) offered an amendment to the bill, providing for the coinage of an equal number of silver and gold dollars in each calendar month, the silver dollars to be of the weight and description prescribed by the act of 1837.

Once more Mr. Teller got the floor to continue the speech which he had begun, but which had been interrupted some days ago by an adjournment. By a reference to the policy of the Treasury in meeting demands upon it, Mr. Teller soon drew out Mr. McPherson with an explanation of the difference between silver certificates and Treasury notes. The Colorado Senator's object was to show that there was discrimination against silver, and as that was a branch of his pet subject with which he was familiar it was easy for him to occupy time discussing it again.

Mr. Wolcott thought there was not a quorum at 4:40. All the bells to cloak rooms and committee rooms rang a long peal, and the Senators swarmed in as their names were called. Mr. Wolcott, who wanted a quorum, and Mr. Teller, who did not care to speak to less than a quorum, neglected to vote to make a quorum. There were forty-nine Senators present, in addition to the filibusterers, who would not respond, and Teller went on, renewing his effort to engage Mr. McPherson in controversy. Mr. Teller's speech presently drifted into a criticism of the management of the Treasury, to the course of which he attributed in large measure the condition of distress that had prevailed in the country. One passage in Mr. Teller's speech was interesting, whether true or not. He said that the Denver banks were closed last Summer through the misconduct of the Treasury Department in refusing to buy silver for twenty days, when it was offered at the lowest price it ever touched. He described this as a crime, the refusal to take the Colorado silver at a price satisfactory to Colorado, and the "crime" compelled the banks to suspend. Then he became defiant, and, turning to the reports of a demand for repeal, with great zest he read a number of political letters to show how the Nebraska Democrats recently organized the State Convention for the Administration.

Mr. Teller evidently entertained the opinion that the Boyd Democrats had not been cultivated, and that there had been inducements of patronage extended to strengthen the ranks of the sound-money men. He again asserted his belief that if this country should be driven to choose a single standard it should adopt a silver standard.

On went Mr. Teller, discussing the steadiness of silver, the power of the Government to make money, the history of ratios, and to unfold a scheme that might be offered for money, assuming that all money was wiped out and a new scheme were to be provided. This scheme was unfolded to much less than a quorum of Senators and to a gallery audience that was much reduced. The watchful Power, as constitutional watchman, called at 6 o'clock for a quorum. Mr. Teller voted "here" for the first time, and helped to swell the list to forty-seven.

Mr. Teller was apparently much fatigued when, at 6:20 o'clock, he broke off his speech and requested leave to withdraw temporarily in favor of Mr. Stewart.

"What's that?" chorused Mr. Gray of Delaware and one or two other repeal Democrats.

"I simply ask that I be permitted to cease speaking now and proceed again to-morrow, the Senator from Nevada taking my place now," Mr. Teller replied. "I am somewhat fatigued, having had no rest since night before last."

Strange to say, there was no objection to this cool proposition. Mr. Teller sat down and immediately began writing, thus discrediting his recent utterance. The silvery-haired talking machine arose. At this juncture Mr. Dubois gave a sample of the anti-repeal idea of reciprocity by forcing a call of the Senate, and depriving many Senators of an opportunity to catch forty winks or thereabouts. Forty-six Senators answered to their names.

Then Stewart gave the crank a twist, and, while the quorum melted away, the old, old story of silver was heard again in the Senate chamber. Empty though the seats on the floor were, the galleries were full, and to these Stewart addressed himself.

The Second Night Session.

This went on until after 7 o'clock, when Mr. Power of Montana got up hastily, giving a good imitation of a man struck by an idea. "Mr. President," he piped.

"The Senator from Montana," announced the Vice President in solemn tones.

"Mr. President," here Mr. Power paused a moment and gazed about him as if afraid to divulge what was on his mind—"Mr. President, I really do not think there is a quorum present."

A look of disgust passed over Mr. Stevenson's face as he ordered the roll to be called. "Forty-five Senators are present," he snapped presently. Mr. Cameron again refused to respond to his name, and these repealers were not heard from on this call—Chandler, Cullom, Dolph, Gibson, Hale, Hoar, Manderson, Mills, Morrill, Quay, Sherman, Squire, and Wilson.

The talking machine had hardly got started again when Mr. Shoup of Idaho again brought up the question of a lack of a quorum. He was wrong, for the roll call showed forty-three Senators to be present. As the night progressed, and call followed call, with the inevitable disclosure of a good working quorum, even the silver men were heard to compliment the repealers on the solid front they presented. It was generally remarked that the repeal Senators looked bright, for men who have borne the brunt of the fight for over thirty hours. Mr. Voorhees looked to be in the pink of condition. Both New-York Senators responded to every call of the roll, and showed no traces of fatigue. Mr. Murphy's face wore a smile much of the time. Mr. Hill looked well groomed, and fit to stand a long siege.

Senator Smith of New-Jersey was never far from the chamber. He can be counted upon to the last. Senator Gibson of Maryland, who has been ill, appeared in his seat for a while to-night.

There were rumors afloat this afternoon to the effect that the Republican Senators would soon cease to lend their aid to Mr. Voorhees. This was indignantly denied by Mr. Washburn and other Republicans. "We are here to stay," was the significant response of one.

Early this morning there was much talk of a recess, to be taken at 11 o'clock tonight and continue until 10 o'clock to-morrow. At 8 o'clock Senator Voorhees said that there would not be a recess. The project had been discussed, but came to naught through the opposition of certain Senators. When it became known that the recess was off, one or two Democratic Senators who have voted thus far to maintain a quorum, but are not repeal men, declared that they would not inconvenience themselves much longer. This was taken by the anti-repeal men who heard it to mean that the quorum would be broken some time during the night. Repeal men did not hesitate to deny this. Mr. Carlisle was at the Capitol again to-night. He was very much encouraged with the outlook.

Soon after 8 o'clock Mr. Shoup arose and made his stereotyped plea for a quorum. Mr. Voorhees was in his seat at the time. Before the Chair could order a call, Mr. Voorhees jumped up. "I would like to have the Chair inform me," he said, "whether, under the rules, any limit can be placed on these calls for a quorum. We have been treated, since the beginning of this unseemly contest, to roll calls about every half hour. It is only too evident that they are part and parcel of a plan to obstruct legitimate business. I would like to know whether by any construction of the rules such frequent and unnecessary calls can be dispensed with."

Mr. Frye was in the chair in the absence of the Vice President. He ruled that there was absolutely no bar to demands for a quorum. Mr. Shoup stuck to his demand, and the roll was called, with the usual result. Then Mr. Quay made a similar demand, but withdrew it after calling attention to the fact that one man could absolutely tie up the Senate if so disposed.

"The Senate of the United States," said the temporary Chairman in his dry way, "is the most dignified body in the world. Its rules were framed by men who did not imagine that any member of this dignified body would seek to abuse them or to use them to bring this body into disrepute. That is why they have not been changed."

Mr. Frye's reference to the dignity of the Senate was the cause of hearty laughter, in which Senators took part. Mr. Carey of Wyoming now renewed the demand for a quorum, to give point to the Chair's ruling, which was, in effect, that one Senator could use "the most dignified body in the world" as a plaything, if he chose. Mr. Aldrich and also Mr. Faulkner asked for a ruling on the point whether, after the Chair had announced the presence of a quorum, this should not remain operative until after a sufficient interval had elapsed to warrant the assumption that the quorum had disappeared.

"The Chair has ruled on this question," was Mr. Frye's rejoinder. "The remedy lies with Senators of appealing from the decision of the Chair."

No attempt was made to carry out this suggestion.

Just before 10 a call of the roll disclosed the presence of forty-one Senators only. Mr. Voorhees suggested a call of the Senate. In a moment the quorum was secured, the call was suspended, and the Senate was listening to an amendment proposed by Mr. Harris. It calls for the coinage of the seigniorage, the purchase of silver to coin dollars in an amount to be named hereafter, the withdrawal of all national bank notes of less denomination than $10, small notes not to be reissued, but ten-dollar notes to be issued in place of those destroyed. No five or two-and-a-half dollar gold pieces to be hereafter struck.

Mr. Allison called attention to the significance of the offer of an amendment from a member of the Finance Committee, and desired to know if it was not an oversight that the amount of silver to be purchased was left blank. Mr. Harris replied that it was not an oversight, but the amount had been left blank in order to test the sense of the Senate as to the amount to be fixed for the purchase. The amendment was ordered to be printed and lie over, and Mr. Stewart went on with his speech in his inimitably offensive way, finding fault with a great many things, and particularly with the Treasury for refusing to buy silver at the miners' price, rather than at the market price. At 10:20 o'clock Mr. Wolcott observed there were but twenty-two Senators in sight, and there was a call of the roll for a quorum. There were not thirty-nine Senators present, and a call was ordered, whereupon the quorum was soon made up by stragglers from the cloakrooms. Stewart again had his audience for a few moments on the floor, but the crowd in the galleries was soon driven off. That did not make any difference. He would read a paragraph until it suggested some comment, and then he would scold in good set terms.

While Stewart talked, it was learned by the Senators in the cloakrooms that Mr. Harris's amendment had been submitted by him before he offered it to Senators Gorman, Faulkner, Gray, Cockrell, Ransom, and Camden. All of these Senators except Gray have been inclined to favor a compromise. There was no use in giving the impression that Secretary Carlisle favored one, for the Secretary was right on hand once more to assert his opposition to any compromise whatever.

The Nevada windmill was again rested just before 11 o'clock by a call for a quorum. As thirty-nine Senators only responded, Mr. Voorhees moved that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to request Senators to attend. The list of absent Senators was read, and then Mr. George, Mr. Walthall, Mr. Colquitt, Mr. Stockbridge, Mr. Dolph, and Mr. Vance were excused on account of illness. The weak members were beginning to be found out.

After a wait of ten minutes, Mr. Palmer sauntered in to make forty-one. Coke, Vest, Irby, Cockrell, and Blackburn, who were all near by, had not responded, and did not offer to make the quorum.

A delay of half an hour came to an end when the Sergeant at Arms had searched committee rooms, restaurant, halls, and near-by residences of Senators. At last the forty-three were mustered, and Stewart went on again, while Morgan, Butler, Dubois, and Wolcott held a conference under the clock. Morgan held a roll of paper, evidently the amendment of Mr. Harris, which he presently sat down to study. Another call for a quorum was made at 12, and when only forty-one Senators responded, Mr. Voorhees moved that the names of absentees be reported, "with particular emphasis on the names of those Senators present but not voting." This led Mr. Stewart to say that he had intended to vote, and he voted. Mr. Voorhees asked that his colleague, Mr. Turpie, be excused for indisposition, and that Mr. Vest be also excused "for severe indisposition."

The moments dragged on. Many persons who had remained in the galleries went home and a few staid. What did they stay for? Did they expect to see Senator Stewart drop dead or the silver men pass the repeal bill, or to hear Morgan make a speech in praise of the Administration, or to see Peffer push back his whiskers, or to listen to a song by some other hilarious Populist? They did not have to stay, and they were the only people who did not have to who persisted in remaining to stare down at forty self-sacrificed Senators engaged in doing nothing whatever.

APPEALS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Senate Urged to the Stop Talking and Pass the Repeal Bill.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—A delegation of Philadelphia business men will go to Washington to-morrow to urge upon the Senate the necessity of the repeal of the Silver bill. Senators Quay and Cameron will meet the delegation at noon. George A. Gamble went to Washington to-day for the purpose of presenting to Senator Cameron a petition signed by 500 Philadelphia merchants, urging the Senate to immediately vote on the repeal bill.

ATTLEBOROUGH, Mass., Oct. 12.—The manufacturing jewelers of the country have prepared the following petition for presentation to the Senate of the United States:

> We, the undersigned manufacturing and wholesale jewelers, diamond importers, and manufacturers of watch movements and cases and silver-plated ware manufacturers and kindred interests, believe that it is for the interests of the trade and the country at large that the Senate, without delay, pass the bill now before it and thus repeal the act which provides for the compulsory purchase of silver by the Treasury. It is our opinion that prompt action in this direction is needed to restore confidence and revive trade.

Judge Cooley's View of the Situation.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 12.—Judge Thomas M. Cooley of Ann Arbor, Mich., the distinguished constitutional lawyer, in a letter to ex-Mayor Hodges, under date of Oct. 9, says:

> On the status of the Silver bill in the Senate I must confess to being in a mood far from agreeable. If it is true that the majority cannot force a vote, a revolution has in some manner been effected in the Government—it is no longer the Government our fathers created, but one so changed by one legislative body that a minority in that body may at pleasure defeat any legislative measure. I feel humiliated as an American citizen—more than that, I feel robbed of liberties that would never have been voluntarily surrendered by the people. The Constitution is violated in one of its most important particulars, and not, so far as we can see, for once merely, but in a way that for all times leaves it at the mercy of a few persons.

Montreal Realty Not in Demand.

MONTREAL, Oct. 12.—J. S. Thompson, one of the largest real estate dealers in this city, has abandoned his estate to his creditors. Liabilities, $275,000. The assets are all in real estate and cannot now be realized at a profit.

VICTIM OF BASE CONSPIRACY

MR. ROSENFELD OR ROSYNFYLD AND HIS COUNTLESS FOES.

This Brilliant but Unhappy Young Dramatic Author and ex-Partner of Roseborn and Rosenbaum Haunts Printing House Square Convinced that Reporters, Actors, Stage Hands, and People in General Have Formed an Oath-Bound League to Work His R-r-ruin.

For the last six or seven days Printing House Square has been interested, despite itself, in the erratic movements of a tall man who has, apparently, not only drunk deep, but bathed all over in the Fountain of Perpetual Youth.

He has the air of Don Quixote attending a course of lectures in the occult sciences. He wears eyeglasses, a baleful yet harmless frown, a deprecatory mustache, and a look of profound contemplation.

It has been the habit of this perennially young man to visit Newspaper Row early of an afternoon, consult in alternation the City Hall clock and a pocketful of clippings from the principal dailies, and then, as if moved by a sudden and irritating inspiration, dive headforemost into the nearest newspaper office.

The views of the philosophers of City Hall Square have been much divided with regard to this young man. By some he has been identified as a lawful successor to the Twelve-o'Clock Man, that hapless creature with a kink in his mind and a grievance, who, until lately, paid a diurnal call at noon to every Mayor who has occupied that office for the last thirty years. Others professed to see in him a sort of modern Mr. Toots calling with regularity at the Post Office for letters which he had written and mailed to himself.

On the part of the bootblacks and newsboys of the vicinity he was regarded, as a tribute to the benevolence of his aspect and the contradictory glare of his eyeglasses, as a new variety of "Gerry's officers."

Experienced Aldermen put him down as a standing candidate for civil marriage at the City Hall, daily disappointed by his bride, while such veteran cognoscenti as Alderman Flynn made no bones about acknowledging his claims to be received as the inheritor and legatee of the honors and titles of the late George, the Count Johannes.

It seems, however, that all these theories are unfounded. The young man in question belongs to none of the categories to which he has been referred by suspicion.

He is, it appears, Mr. Sidney Rosenfeld, occasionally known as Myr. Sydny Rosynfyld, better known in theatrical circles as "The Frost-Builder of New-York."

When one remembers that in the same circles the word "frost" is held to signify a dramatic failure or collapse the appositeness and propriety of the title become all the more poignant.

So soon as it was ascertained that the weird and doubtful stranger was none other than Mr. Rosenfeld, or Rosynfyld, curiosity expended itself in trying to discover what might be the nature and objects of his visits to Printing House Square.

This problem, like that of his identity, has at last been solved.

He is, it appears, the victim of a singular and melancholy hallucination. He imagines every time he is alluded to by a newspaper that he has been grossly libeled. The mere mention of his honored patronymic he construes with a sneer none the less cruel for being covert.

Pulling himself together with an effort and stuffing his capacious pockets with tributes to his worth, signed by ballet girls and stage carpenters of the highest professional standing, he seeks each week a fresh attorney and proceeds to actuate him to commence a vigorous and vindicatory action against the newspaper rash enough to mistake him for a contemporary fact.

The result of this tireless industry, among other things, has effected such a distention of the records of the Grand Inquest of this county that already architects have been inspired to draught designs for a library annex to be attached to the Grand Jury room and devoted exclusively to Rosynfyldiana.

Having started an unconscious and bewildered Grand Jury in the good work of vindicating him, the defendant "Frost Builder" at once hies him to the imperiled newspaper and offers his services as a provider of bail, or else, being temporarily doubtful of his own resources, warns his quarry not to be taken unawares by an indictment for willful and malicious slander.

The incessant irruption from newspaper offices of Mr. Rosenfeld, or Rosynfyld, into the wholesome outer air has been, not without reason, attributed to the strange caprices of that gentleman in his character of plaintiff.

All these things, it seems, come from the fact that Mr. Rosenfeld, or Rosynfyld, professes to detect in humanity in general one vast conspiracy against his peace and dignity.

His hostile vision recognized a conspirator in Max Freeman when Mr. Freeman abruptly finished a Casino rehearsal by throwing him violently through a glass door.

When Miss Sophie Holtz hopelessly wrecked a valuable umbrella by wasting it upon Rosenfeld's, or Rosynfyld's, person during a heated argument he was not slow to recognize a conspiratrix in that delightful artist.

When Mr. Davenport flourished a baseball bat during a brief but exciting debate with him, with characteristic presence of mind Mr. Rosenfeld, or Rosynfyld, dodged the bat and wrote the batter down "conspirator."

The same ready apprehension of facts identified Mr. Sam Rorke as a member of the same fell "conspiracy" when Mr. Rorke invited him to discard his eyeglasses and "give him just one chance."

Other prominent people, it appears, are sworn members of the same dire Vehm-Gericht. Mr. Charles Hopper, two or three gasmen, an orchestral leader, a wardrobe woman, and Mr. Francis Wilson are included in the oath-bound confederation which has for its sole object the wiping off of Mr. Rosenfeld, or Rosynfyld, from the face of the earth.

The plight of this young man—for, in spite of his innumerable adversities, he still remains very, very young indeed—is a sad one. People have come to regard him as a sort of standing target for the missiles of those who envy his talent, and hate him to the death on account of it, and in consequence have begun to avoid him.

Enthusiastic votaries of his operas have commenced to apprehend strong young onions and aged eggs as necessary conditions of their performance, and, naturally are not so eager to advance their cause as they otherwise would be.

By this, all the theatre-going population of New-York has been more or less drawn into the vast and widespread conspiracy against Mr. Rosynfyld, and the most pitiful outcome of it all is the fact, apparently, that Mr. Rosynfyld himself has at last been driven to conspire against himself.

The returns to and exits from Printing House Square of "The Frost Builder of New-York," under these circumstances, have a pathetic interest to its humaner occupants, and their sympathy is aggravated by the fact that his intermittent stay among them threatens to last for a good while yet.

For it is calculated by competent experts that if Mr. Rosynfyld's attire should hold out so long, he is good for at least three weeks more of tireless rejoinder to the "conspirators" among whom he justly recognizes three-quarters of the population of the United States.

Messrs. Roseborn, Rosenfeld, and Rosenbaum were unable to breast the financial tide with their "Rainmaker of Syria," and, as told in yesterday's New-York Times, had to close the doors of the Casino Wednesday evening and pay back to about 400 people the money they paid for admission. Mr. Roseborn, the backer of "The Rainmaker," declared that $28,000 was all the money he could afford to spend in two weeks and that he was financially exhausted.

The members of the chorus have not received their salaries for one week and part of another, and they are about to take steps to get enough to live on until they can get another engagement.

Early yesterday morning, before Broadway business men had even started for their places of business, about thirty members of "The Rainmaker's" chorus stood and chattered about the door of 1,180 Broadway. They were waiting for Lawyer Edwin A. Pratt, and when he came he was almost carried up stairs by the rush of men and women. Every one of them put his or her claim in the lawyer's hands, and to-day he will have summonses served on Messrs. Roseborn, Rosenfeld, and Rosenbaum. Before these are half disposed of Mr. Pratt expects, and in fact has assurances, that about thirty more suits will be in his hands.

Comedian Charles H. Hopper, who, until last Monday, played the part of the Calendar Maker in "The Rainmaker," was a prisoner in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday afternoon, charged with assault on Mr. Rosenfeld, or Rosynfyld. The alleged assault occurred on Monday afternoon at the stage entrance of the Casino. While Mr. Rosynfyld was arguing with some of the members of the company who were clamoring for their pay, Mr. Hopper came in, and, giving the unhappy victim of conspiracies a light blow in the neck, demanded his back salary. The blow staggered Mr. Rosynfyld, and he fell against a gas jet and broke his glasses. He then appealed to Justice Koch, and Mr. Hopper was arrested at noon yesterday at his home, 36 West Thirty-fifth Street. He gave $300 bail and the case was continued until next Monday afternoon.

BROKEN DOWN

—by disease is the natural result if you allow your liver to become inactive, your blood impure, and your system run down.

The germs of Consumption, Grip, or Malaria, wait for this time of weakness—this is their opportunity.

If you rouse the liver to activity, so it will throw off these germs, purify the blood so there will be no weak spots; build up *healthy weight* where there is a falling off, you will rest secure from disease, for you'll be *germ-proof*.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does this as nothing else can. That's the reason it can be *guaranteed*. In convalescence from pneumonia, fevers, or other wasting diseases, it's an appetizing, restorative tonic to build up needed flesh and strength.

For all diseases of the liver or blood if "Discovery" fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

No matter how bad your case, Dr. Sage's Remedy will *permanently* cure your Catarrh.

CORDAGE REORGANIZATION PLANS.

Reports of Probable Action Cause An Advance in the Stock.

Reports having semi-official sanction were given out down town yesterday that the Reorganization Committee of the National Cordage Company had considered favorably a plan to retire the $6,000,000 of bonds belonging to the security corporation and to issue in their place $6,000,000 first preferred stock of the National Cordage Company or its successors. The Security Corporation was the owner of eight mills operated by the National Cordage Company, six in New-England, one in Ohio, and one in Chicago. It issued for the purchase of these mills $5,000,000 in bonds and then leased them to the trust at 6 per cent. annually upon the purchase price, or $360,000 a year.

The National Cordage Company further agreed to put aside $225,000 a year as a sinking fund to be applied to the redemption of the bond issue. Under this arrangement, the properties could not be liable to seizure as trust assets until the bonds were retired. The present plan is to turn over the properties as a new asset, thus increasing the assets and the preferred stock by $6,000,000 of good value.

Although the plan has not been submitted formally to the stockholders of either the National Cordage Company or of the Security Corporation, the interests of the two companies are practically identical, and it was commonly understood that the plan could be pushed through unless it should be blocked by corporation laws of the States in which the proportios are situated. Wall Street thought so well of the plan that Cordage common stock advanced one point and preferred stock seven points.

THE M'CREARY CHINESE BILL.

The Author Will Ask for a Vote in the House To-day.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—There was a sharp debate in the morning hour of the House to-day upon the bill reported from the Committee on Public Lands to protect the public forest reservations. It was vigorously attacked by Messrs. Pickler, Coffeen, Simpson, Bell, (Col.,) Hermann, and Doolittle, who asserted that the bill should have been denominated an act to denude the public forest reservations, and defended by Mr. McRae, who reported the bill, and Delegate Rawlins of Utah. Notice was given of numerous amendments, but before any of them could be acted upon the hour expired and the bill went over.

The McCreary bill, to amend and modify the Geary Chinese Exclusion and Registration act, was further discussed, after an announcement by Mr. McCreary that he would ask for a vote on it to-morrow at 4 o'clock. The passage of the bill was advocated by Messrs. Hitt (Rep., Ill.,) and Hooker, (Dem., Miss.,) and Messrs. Loud (Rep., Cal.,) and Bartlett (Dem., N. Y.,) opposed it.

Fugitive Lawyer Caught in Chicago.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—A strange coincidence was the arrest in Chicago yesterday of John E. Butler, an ex-member of the Boston bar, a fugitive from justice, almost at the same hour that he was branded as a forger in one of the civil sessions of the Superior Court in this city. Butler was first arrested in the Spring of 1892 on charges brought by his mother, Mrs. Catherine Butler, of embezzlement and fraudulent administration of an estate, and his apprehension yesterday was made on complaint of C. A. Campbell of Chelsea, who was his surety in $7,000 when he left the State last November while the cases against him were pending in court. Campbell accidentally met and recognized him in Chicago.

McCurtin Says There Is No Deficit.

PARIS, Texas, Oct. 12.—The McCurtin shortage, which is said to reach the enormous figure of $500,000, is all the talk in the Choctaw Nation and on the borders where the people are interested in Choctaw affairs. It is impossible as yet to ascertain the exact amount of the late Treasurer's deficit.

M'ALLISTER, Indian Territory, Oct. 12.—Green McCurtin, ex-Treasurer of the Choctaw Nation, arrived here yesterday. He denies the report of his shortage, and says that every cent passing through his hands will be accounted for, and his books will show him innocent.

TWO BANKING FIRMS FAIL.

Wilbour, Jackson & Co. and Sheldon & Binney Suspend.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 12.—A sensation has been created in banking and business circles by the announcement of the suspension of the banking firms of Wilbour, Jackson & Co. and Sheldon & Binney. These concerns were classed among the strongest in New-England, the banking house of Wilbour, Jackson & Co. having been in existence a score of years. They have in the past negotiated heavily in municipal bonds, among others those of the Cities of Providence and Boston and Western cities.

The present members of the house are Senator Joshua H. Wilbour of Bristol, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Legislature, and E. S. Jackson.

The house of Sheldon & Binney has been in existence about seven years. The firm consists of Charles H. Sheldon, Jr., and William Binney, Jr. Both members of this firm were at one time junior members of Wilbour, Jackson & Co., from which house they withdrew and started a banking and brokerage headquarters of their own.

At both houses the greatest secrecy is maintained regarding the liabilities or the condition of the firms.

Senator Wilbour states that he has nothing to make public at present regarding the suspension, and that no statement regarding the liabilities of the house could be given out for a day or more.

The members of the firm of Sheldon & Binney have no information to advance other than that they have been forced to suspend business through the fact that they had indorsed Western paper to a very large extent.

From one of the officers of the firm of Wilbour, Jackson & Co. it was learned that the liabilities are very large, but the exact figures, or even an estimate, cannot be learned except through Senator Wilbour. The trouble was the result of the firms of Wilbour, Jackson & Co. and Sheldon & Binney indorsing the notes of the Denver Street Railway Company, the stock of which has greatly depreciated. These notes have now fallen due, and it was found impossible to secure an extension of time from the banks which held them.

Both houses, it is stated have heavily backed the street railroad companies of Denver. Senator Wilbour is President of the Highland Road in that city, and, it is stated, is also interested in the Denver Street Railway Company.

Business men display decided uneasiness over the suspension, and predict that it will seriously affect some leading houses.

Both firms paid all checks presented up to the close of business last night. They made firm and individual assignments to-day to Cornelius S. Sweetland, President of the Jackson Bank.

Although Joshua R. Wilbour was well known to bankers here, his name appearing in the July directory of the Stock Exchange, little was known down town yesterday about the operations that led to the failure of his house. They were not conducted through New-York firms in any way so far as reported, nor are any interests here involved in them. The firm of Taintor & Holt was the New-York correspondent of Sheldon & Binney. At Taintor & Holt's office surprise was expressed that embarrassment should have been caused by dealings in Denver street railway bonds, because these properties have been commonly supposed to be first class. The Providence firm, it was said, had done no business in New-York for several months. Nothing was known of the failure beyond statements in the press dispatches. Spencer Trask & Co. telegraphed to their Providence house yesterday for detailed news of the two failures. The reply to this inquiry said that nothing could be obtained even in Providence except the general statements given to the newspapers.

MGR. SATOLLI AT THE PLAY.

Plautus's "Two Captives" Produced by Students of St. Francis Xavier's.

The new college theatre at St. Francis Xavier's in West Sixteenth Street was crowded last evening on the occasion of the first production in Latin by students of the college of Plautus's play, "The Two Captives."

It was an especially noteworthy occasion because of the presence of Archbishop Satolli, the Apostolic Delegate, who is a native of the same province in Italy as that from which came T. Maccius Plautus, author of the play. The performance was unusually interesting, also, because the students are to give the play at the World's Fair as an educational "exhibit" from St. Francis Xavier's. It will be produced in Chicago on Oct. 19 and 20.

Among those present at the performance last evening were Archbishop Corrigan, Vicar General Mooney, Henry Clay Terry, the sculptor, of Rome, Italy; the Rev. Dr. Henry A. Brann, the Rev. Father Campbell, Father Pardow, George J. Gould, Father Francis McCarthy, George Bliss, John D. Crimmins, Mgr. Toner, Mgr. Farley, Father Hughes, Father Colton, John A. Mooney, the Rev. James N. Connolly, Father Edwards, Father Spillane, Father O'Connor, and Father Halpin, besides many other clergymen.

Mgr. Satolli arrived from Washington shortly before the performance began, and was received by Archbishop Corrigan and the priests of the college. An address of welcome in Latin was made to the Apostolic Delegate by Father Pardow in the theatre, where the delegate sat on a dais in front of the stage during the performance.

The characters of the play were as follows:

Hegio, an old man	Lourdes Dowling
Ergasilus, a parasite	Alfred J. Talley
Philocrates, a captive	Thomas A. Brennan
Tyndarus, a captive	Francis R. Stark
Aristophontes, a captive	Osmond J. Phillips
Puer	Philip J. Hannigan
Philopolemus	M. Joseph Ahern
Stalagmus, a slave	Percy J. King
Lorarius	William B. Martin
The Prologue	W. Clayton Woods

During the performance the students were repeatedly applauded for the high order of dramatic talent they displayed and their thorough mastery of Latin.

The musical setting of the piece and the stage scenery were excellent.

Mgr. Satolli will be the guest of the priests of St. Francis Xavier's College until he goes to Brooklyn on Sunday to consecrate the Church of St. Agnes.

Reinstated by Mgr. Satolli.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 12.—Another decision has been made by Mgr. Satolli. The Rev. M. C. Brennen, who was ordained in this diocese and served at Gunnison, for some time previous to Bishop Matz's succession to his present position, left the State for several years. Last May he returned to Colorado and applied for restoration. Bishop Matz refused to receive him, and Father Brennen appealed to Satolli, and went to Washington to present his case. He has received a decision from the Papal Delegate in his favor. His salary from date at which he applied for restoration to the present time is allowed.

WOMEN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Annual Convention in Rahway Yesterday of the New-Jersey Members.

RAHWAY, N. J., Oct. 12.—The Synodical Women's Missionary Societies of New-Jersey convened in the Second Presbyterian Church to-day. Seven hundred delegates have been provided for.

The Executive Committee comprises Mrs. Dr. Leggett, Chairman; Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. Underhill, Mrs. Ayres, Mrs. Cowie, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Woodruff, and Mrs. Compton.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: Mrs. W. E. Honeyman, President; Mrs. M. W. Stevenson, Vice President; Mrs. Langdon, Secretary and Treasurer, and Mrs. J. H. Manning, Corresponding Secretary.

There was a large attendance of delegates at the morning and evening sessions. The church was handsomely decorated for the occasion, under the direction of Miss Julia Schaefer and other ladies of the committee.

Mrs. A. M. Reeder, Philadelphia, presided at the morning session, and an interesting address was delivered by Mrs. W. E. Honeyman of Plainfield on the work of the society. Miss E. M. Wishard spoke on the young people's work in aid of the missions, and Miss Florence Stephenson of the Home Industrial School, Asheville, N. C., delivered an address on missionary labors in the South among the negroes.

The Rev. Dr. John Hall, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New-York, delivered an exhaustive address on missionary work in general, in which he described the labors of Christian ministers for the advancement of civilization and religion all over the world.

At the afternoon session Miss Charlotte Brown of Sidon, Syria, spoke on missionary work in Syria. The Rev. George W. Knox of Japan described the progress of the missions in that distant country, and gave an encouraging view of the future.

The session adjourned after a vote of thanks to the ladies of Rahway for their efforts to insure the success of the meeting.

Survivors of the Eleventh Cavalry Meet.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The first annual reunion of the Eleventh New-York Cavalry was held here to-day. Fifty survivors were present. They were the guests of James H. Haight, the only Peekskill survivor. The officers elected for the coming year are Walter Tully, Jersey City, N. J., President; George H. Barker, Springville, Vice President; Thomas W. Smith, New-York, Secretary and Treasurer. It was decided to meet in Sing Sing next Fall.

EXPOSITION IS OUT OF DEBT.

Fair Will Probably Be Open Next Month—Lord Mayor Shanks Rebuked.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Auditor Ackerman's monthly statement of the exposition's finances to Sept. 30 was given out to-day. It shows that the exposition is not only out of debt, but has a handsome balance in the treasury.

The amount realized so far from the sale of souvenir coins is $1,929,120; gate receipts for September, $2,263,038, against $1,694,518 for August; total gate receipts to end of September, $7,404,593; concession receipts for September, $843,240; for August, $578,520; total concessions to Oct. 1, $2,600,307.

The photographic receipts to Sept. 30 were $137,426; total miscellaneous receipts, $669,195.

The total liabilities of the exposition are only $97,212. Fire protection has cost $231,468, and the guard and secret service $982,138. Total expenditures on account of construction, $17,944,742; miscellaneous disbursements, $6,260,947.

Total receipts from all sources, $25,234,199; total expenditures on all accounts, $24,205,690, leaving a balance of $1,028,508 in the treasury. The total expenditures on account of construction work and administration were $870,705, those for construction principally under contracts being $344,150.

The special committee appointed to consider the question of keeping the fair open after this month has practically decided in favor of doing so, so long as the weather will permit, and so long as the people come in sufficient numbers to make it profitable.

The plan is to continue charging the present admission fees, and to induce as many foreign and American exhibitors to keep their displays intact as possible. Many foreign exhibitors have already agreed to do so, but every one who has an exhibit will be given a permit for its removal from the fair upon application. The Department of Admissions and the executive officers of the fair are making their arrangements for November as though the plan had been formally adopted.

Dublin's Lord Mayor, James Shanks, was persona non grata to the high governing officials of the fair to-day, particularly with Director General Davis. The trouble was caused by the Lord Mayor's speech at the Music Hall banquet at an early hour this morning. Executive Commissioner Hovey of Massachusetts came prepared with a speech on "The Executive Commissioners of the United States." He left in disgust before his turn came.

The Director General announced that the place on the programme would be taken by Lord Mayor Shanks. The Lord Mayor took pains to say at the beginning that his speech was not on the list. His first complaint was that "Ireland" was not included in the toast "Great Britain and Her Colonies." The Lord Mayor also complained that Ireland was not represented at the fair with a building of her own. He said, "The next time don't have the McKinley tariff."

Col. Davis, who is a Republican, stood up, and his eyes flashed with indignation. He said to his friends around him, "I will call him down for that."

When Mayor Shanks sat down the Director General quickly arose. He informed the Lord Mayor that it was not the time nor place, and that it ill became him as a guest, when asked to respond for an American Commissioner, to criticise American statesmen. His complaint that Ireland was not represented as a nation was absurd, as well as discourteous to the exposition officers, because only nations recognized as such by the powers could be represented at the World's Fair. The Lord Mayor made no reply.

The paid admissions at the fair to-day were 278,878.

Jersey City Sold Bonds at Par.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 12.—The Finance Board to-day disposed of all the $700,000 5 per cent. loan, except $68,000. The United Life Insurance Company of New-York and the New-York Life Insurance Company took $300,000 each, at par and accrued interest, and Forson, Leach & Co. of New-York took $32,000 at 1 per cent. and accrued interest. The remainder will be disposed of at private sale, for not less than par and accrued interest. The money will be used to redeem bonds maturing Jan. 1, 1894, and to pay the recent loan to redeem bonds not matured Oct. 1.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR
Permanently removed by electricity. Moles and warts without pain or cutting. 20 years' experience.
JOHN H. WOODBURY, DERMATOLOGIST.
Consultation free. 125 West 42d St., N. Y. City.
Send stamp for 150 page boo on skin blemishes.

Spare Pearline
Spoil the Wash

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Makes Delicious Lemonade.
A teaspoonful added to a glass of hot or cold water, and sweetened to the taste, will be found refreshing and invigorating.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE
Picturesque Interiors.

Collectors of bric-à-brac and rarities will find in our assortment of cabinets, curio tables, and etagères worthy receptacles for their collections. We show brass and onyx cabinets of charming designs, mahogany cabinets and etagères, Empire style or Vernis-Martin finish, and particularly beautiful little oval and square curio tables with glass-inclosed tops. Any of these would be a picturesque addition to a room.

We make a point of selling all our furniture at manufacturing prices.

BUY OF THE MAKER.
GEO. C. FLINT CO.,
104, 106, and 108 West 14th St.

For Heaven's Sake!

Don't filibuster with that cold! Get right down to business and have it unconditionally repealed with a bottle of
RIKER'S EXPECTORANT.
Don't compromise on any other. Riker's is the only brand that guarantees to cure or refund your money. 60 cents a bottle of your druggist, or at
RIKER'S,
6th Av., corner 22d St.

GUNS.
Lowest Prices and Largest Stock of DALY, SCOTT, GREENER, PARKER, LEFEVER, SMITH, and other first-class makers. Our list of
Odd and Second-Hand
Guns (mailed on application) contains bargains not to be found anywhere else.
Schoverling, Daly & Gales,
302 Broadway, near Duane St.

A Clock out of order shows it on the face. When the human machine goes wrong, the physiognomy tells tales. If you do not *look* well, take
Beecham's Pills
(Worth a Guinea a Box.)
(Tasteless)
25 cents a box
36

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED
HILL'S
DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD TABLETS
will completely destroy the desire for Tobacco in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless, cause no sickness, and may be given in tea or coffee *without the knowledge of the patient*, and will cause him to *voluntarily* quit smoking or chewing in a few days.
DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT may be easily cured at home by the use of Hill's Special Formula Gold Tablets.
IMPORTANT.
A remedy that requires the patient while taking it, to give up the use of Tobacco or Stimulants, has no curative powers. Beware of such nostrums.
When taking HILL'S TABLETS the patient need make *no effort* in his own behalf, and we permit the use of Tobacco, Liquor or Morphine until such time as it is *voluntarily* given up.
HILL'S CHLORIDE OF GOLD TABLETS are for sale by all *first-class* druggists at $1 per package.
BEWARE OF FRAUD.
The wonderful success of Hill's Tablets has caused many worthless imitations to be placed upon the market. If your druggist does not keep Hill's Tablets, but offers you something "just as good," shun it—he is deceiving you in order to sell something in which there is a greater profit.
REMEMBER, we *guarantee* a complete and permanent cure, or failing, will refund the money paid us.
FREE. A pamphlet of particulars together with testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS, will be sent free on application.
If your druggist does not keep Hill's Tablets, send us $1.00 and we will forward you package by mail.
Address THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
LIMA, OHIO.

READY FOR THE RUSSIAN FLEET

TOULON CROWDED WITH ENTHUSIASTIC FRENCHMEN.

All the Main Streets of the City Decorated with Flags and Lanterns—The Officers of the Czar's Ships to Receive a Royal Welcome—Russian Diplomats Visit the French War Vessels in the Harbor—The Czar to Board the French Squadron at Copenhagen.

TOULON, Oct. 12.—Many anxious eyes will be turned seaward to-morrow to watch for the coming of the fleet of Russian war ships, preparations for the reception of the officers of which have been made on a scale of lavishness seldom, if ever, equaled by this city. People from every principal city and town in the country, and from the villages scattered between, have been pouring into Toulon all day long.

The decorations were finished this evening. The finest spectacle is to be seen at the Place d'Armes, the largest open space in the town. The entrance to the Prefecture Maritime, on one side of the square, is draped in scarlet plush edged with gold fringe. The Court of Honor and the front of the facade fronting the Place d'Armes are illuminated by electric lights. The Rue Lafayette, the Rue St. Roch, and some ten other important streets are decked with double lines of colored lanterns, which will be lighted to-morrow evening. Tri-colors and Russian colors flaunt from all the buildings, are wound round the lamp posts, and form the background in every window.

The poorer parts of the city are hardly less gorgeous than the fashionable streets. They all show bunting in profusion, tri-colored lanterns, and many portraits of the Czar, surrounded by the combined colors of France and Russia. There is not an alley without its flags and lanterns.

The Place de la Liberte, where the battle of flowers will take place, is a magnificent sight. The double rows of palm trees are hung with lanterns, streamers, and trophies. In front of the statue, erected in 1889 to commemorate the century of the republic, a dais, laid with gold plush, has been raised under a canopy of flags and standards and French and Russian coats of arms. The canopied dais will be the centre of the flower carnival.

An immense triumphal arch has been erected opposite the City Hall and directly in front of the quay where the Russian officers will enter the town. The City Hall is a blaze of light and colors. The decorations of the interior have been made without regard for expense. All the rooms to be used in entertaining the Russians have been furnished with royal splendor and luxury.

Tens of thousands have arrived here today. Many streets are so crowded that vehicles have been forbidden in them. The quays near the City Hall are impassable, and the pedestrian must fight his way across the open spaces. Proprietors of hotels and lodging houses are doing an enormous business. They charge 20f. a day for the smallest room. For comfortable quarters the price is 80f. or 100f.

The delegates from the Russian Embassy in Paris arrived here this afternoon, among them M. de Giers, son of the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs. They were welcomed enthusiastically at the station by the people, and were cheered incessantly as they drove to the docks. They went out on a steam yacht to visit the French squadron, already at anchor here, and then drove around the port. They found both the active and reserve Mediterranean squadrons of France—more than fifty war ships, besides torpedo boats—ready to receive the Russian fleet. More than 10,000 marines are aboard these vessels.

In the last three days presents for the Russian marines have been received hourly at the City Hall. The Mayor announces this evening in the newspapers that he now has ready for the crews of the Rusian fleet more than 1,000 packets of cigarettes, innumerable cheeses and biscuits, and dozens of cases of brandy and champagne.

Admiral Rieunier, Minister of Marine, who came to town this morning, is holding a reception of civil and military officials at the Perfecture Maritime.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 12.—To-morrow is the date fixed for the arrival of the Russian fleet at Toulon, France, which will be made the occasion by the French of demonstrating their friendship with Russia. The Czar, who is here visiting the King of Denmark, his father-in-law, will to-morrow visit the French war ships now in this harbor. His visit will be one of courtesy in return for the welcome that will be extended to his war ships in French waters.

Extensive preparations are now under way on board the French war ships here to give the Czar a grand reception. The vessels will be decorated, and everything possible will be done to make his visit a memorable one.

There are two French war ships here. They are the cruisers Isly and Surcouf. They were sent to Copenhagen for the special purpose of saluting the Czar in behalf of France and the French Navy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 12.—The Municipal Council of this city has authorized the Mayor to telegraph thanks to the municipal authorities of the various French towns who are preparing fetes and other forms of entertainments in honor of the officers of the Russian fleet that will arrive at Toulon to-morrow.

PARIS, Oct. 12.—The Public Censor has forbidden the recitation in a theatre of a poem in honor of the Russian visitors, written by an amateur, a son of Admiral Cuverville. He objects to it on account of its political tone. The Russian colony has been invited to attend the performance of "Michael Strogoff" at the Grand Theatre to-morrow night. Four hundred French non-commissioned naval officers will give a banquet to 400 Russian sailors in Toulon, after the departure of the Russian officers for Paris.

Marseilles is as crowded as Toulon. The scenes inside the fortifications resemble those of an immense fair.

A fleet of yachts will hail the Russian squadron outside Toulon Harbor to-morrow, and will follow to the anchorage. The Czar has forbidden the use of the Russian imperial flag during the fetes, except at Paris. The Russian naval colors will be used in Toulon and Marseilles.

BISHOP TEMPLE SCORED.

A Nonconformist Attack on the Church of England.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Dr. Joseph Parker of the City Temple (Congregationalist) surprised a large audience of his parishioners this evening by making a hot attack on the Established Church. He is understood to have been irritated by the unyielding attitude of the recent Church Congress at Birmingham, and, therefore, to have taken his first opportunity to even the score.

At the opening of his address Dr. Parker said that the Right Rev. Frederick Temple, Bishop of London, had forbidden Canon James W. Leigh to attend a temperance meeting at the City Temple. "If any Bishop stoop to such a course as this," said Dr. Parker, "there is but one party guiltier than he, and that is the party submitting to these conditions. I do not hesitate to declare here that one of the first spiritual needs of London is that such a Bishop as the Bishop of London be expelled from his Bishopric."

Dr. Parker then spoke with much keenness of the relations between churchmen and Nonconformists. No clergyman of the Established Church, he said, could confer honor on Nonconformists by attending their meetings. This was a question of Christian spirit, and not one of privilege or patronage. The Nonconformists should not allow the idea to prevail that they courted the friendship of churchmen. They should be hospitable and courteous toward the men of the Established Church, but should never go so far that their hospitality and courtesy should be mistaken for servility.

WANT GLADSTONE TO ACT.

Projects of the International Parliamentary Peace League.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 12.—The Central Committee of the International Parliamentary Peace League met here to-day. They decided to request Mr. Gladstone to introduce and bring under discussion in the British Parliament a bill pledging the British Government to favor the establishment of a permanent court for the arbitration of international disputes.

A skeleton programme for the international conference of the league in The Hague next year was prepared. The most important discussion will concern the formation of a permanent diplomatic bureau, charged with the duties of obviating friction between the nations and of inducing Governments to resort to arbitration instead of war. The establishment of an international court of arbitration will be considered, and an appeal will be issued to the world's press begging it to abstain from all polemics calculated to excite international animosity.

The committee will request at once, by letter, that league members in Italy and France use their influence to better the relations between these countries.

UPON what platform do you conduct your household—Economy, Comfort and Health? Then the new vegetable shortening and frying fat, Cottolene, should form the main plank. It stands for the first essential of life—Pure Food.

Cottolene

Is a clean, sweet, vegetable product, entirely distinct from any shortening heretofore used, and far better and healthier than lard for any purpose.

Get the genuine, Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers. Made only by

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago.

New York Office Produce Exchange.

THE AMERICAN COTTON OIL CO

THE BURGLARS ALL ESCAPED.

Lord Beresford's House Robbed While the Family Was Dining.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Burglars last evening made a descent upon the house of Lord Charles Beresford, at Ham Common, Richmond, and succeeded in gathering together a quantity of valuable plunder. The family was dining at the time, but some of the servants detected the thieves as they were making off with their booty. An alarm was given, and the whole household started in chase of the burglars. The latter took to their heels, and, finding the stolen property an incumbrance, they dropped it.

During the chase one of the burglars was shot in the leg, but he and all his companions effected their escape.

Emperor William's Caution.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—Emperor William has given orders that tests be made of the seaworthiness of the comparatively new imperial yacht Hohenzollern. She has been ordered to proceed to the harbor of Christiansand, and to wait there until a heavy sea is running outside. She will then put to sea, and every test known to nautical science to determine her seaworthiness will be made. It is not known that any question has arisen regarding the safety of the yacht in a heavy sea. The Emperor is often accompanied by the Empress and their children when he makes trips on the Hohenzollern, and it is generally believed that the test has been ordered for the purpose of making assurance of their safety when at sea doubly assured.

The Matabeles Falling Back.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—A special dispatch to The Pall Mall Gazette from Johannesburg, South Africa, says that a large force of Matabele warriors are reported to be barring the route to Tati, where Raaf expects to arrive Tuesday. The dispatch adds that the Matabeles in other parts of Mashonaland appear to be confused by the advance being made against them from several quarters. It is reported that they are falling back and driving their cattle toward the Zambesi River.

Fatal Wedding Trip in a Balloon.

ROME, Oct. 12.—The aeronaut Charbonnet, who was married three days ago, set out with his bride and two friends to go in a balloon over the Alps to France. Yesterday the balloon struck a glacier in the Italian Alps. The car was smashed and all the travelers thrown out. Charbonnet was killed instantly and his wife and friends were injured severely.

A French Expedition to Africa.

PARIS, Oct. 12.—The Government is making preparations to dispatch an exposition to Africa. The object of the expedition and its destination have not yet been divulged, but it is expected that it will start at the end of November. It will be commanded by M. Clozel, who was a member of the recent expedition sent out to finish the work of the murdered French explorer Crampel.

Eulalie in London.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The Infanta Eulalie of Spain, who recently visited the United States, is now visiting incognito in this city. Her husband, Prince Antoine d'Orleans, accompanies her.

TRUNK LINE MANAGERS.

World's Fair Excursion Tickets to be Good on All Ordinary Trains.

From now until the close of the World's Fair the railroad excursion tickets which have been selling at 20 per cent. less than the regular fares, but good only on slow trains, will be accepted on all of the ordinary trains run by the Eastern trunk lines. The only exceptions will be the limited fast trains on the New-York Central and Pennsylvania Roads, for which extra fares are charged.

This question of extending the privileges of the first-class reduced-fare tickets was discussed at a meeting of the Trunk Line Executive Committee in the Jersey Central Building yesterday morning. Several of the General Passenger Agents were invited to take part in the discussion. No definite action was taken in the matter, but there was a tacit understanding that all of the roads would hereafter accept the aforesaid excursion tickets on all ordinary trains. There seemed to be, in the minds of most of the railroad men, a well-grounded suspicion that some of the trunk lines had for the past two months neglected to observe strictly the agreement under which these reduced-fare tickets were issued.

The Executive Committee took up the question of east-bound rates, and looked into complaints of irregularities in export rates. A meeting of the joint committee will be held some time next month to smooth out the irregularities complained of.

In the matter of freight rates to Milwaukee and points beyond, a resolution was adopted declaring that the west-bound rates established by the Trunk Line Association should apply to traffic to Milwaukee proper and all points beyond passing through Milwaukee, but that the proportionate rates applicable to Chicago on traffic destined to points beyond should not be applied to Milwaukee via Chicago.

Commissioner Goddard presided over the meeting, which was attended by the following representatives: Vice President Frank Thomson, General Freight Agent W. H. Joyce, and General Passenger Agent J. R. Wood of the Pennsylvania Road, General Traffic Manager Nathan Guilford of the New-York Central, General Freight Traffic Manager Frank Harriott of the Baltimore and Ohio, General Manager J. D. Layng of the West Shore, General Freight Manager John Taylor of the Lehigh Valley, Vice President George H. Vaillant and Traffic Manager George C. Cochran of the Erie, and General Freight Agent P. H. Wyckoff of the Jersey Central.

Commissioner Hampton's Report.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Senator Wade Hampton, as United States Commissioner of Railroads, has transmitted his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior. Much space is devoted to the history and aims of the commission. Certain of the land-grant roads have for a number of years failed to submit a report of their operations upon the forms prescribed by law. Because of this and of a reduced professional and clerical force, the Commissioner says that he is unable to report on the condition of the said railroad companies, their accounts and affairs. The Commissioner is convinced that certain reductions in the force were of injury to the bureau. The sum appropriated for traveling expenses, made necessary by the annual inspection of accounts and properties, is inadequate.

The property of the Union and Central Pacific Railroads was found to be in excellent physical condition. The Union Pacific, including the Kansas Division, shows an increase in net earnings last year of $658,194. The amount due the United States was $42,081 in excess of the previous year. The net earings of the Central Pacific showed a decrease of $570,019, as compared with 1891. By reason of increase in expenses, the net earnings of the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad were reduced to $26,385, which, being insufficient to pay the interest on the first mortgage bonds, the 5 per cent. of net earnings under the acts of 1862 and 1864 are not due the United States.

New Louisville and Nashville Stock.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 12.—The issue of $5,000,000 extra stock by the Louisville and Nashville Railroad is believed by the holders of Georgia Railroad securities in this city to be partly for the purpose of obtaining a line to Charleston or Port Royal, S. C., or both points. The Manufacturers' Record has information that parties representing the Louisville and Nashville bought bonds of the South Carolina Railway in New-York last June, with the view of bidding in the road, which has been ordered to be sold at auction by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals at a date soon to be decided. The South Carolina Road extends from Augusta to Charleston. The Louisville and Nashville reaches Augusta by way of the Georgia Railroad, of which it is joint lessee with the Central Railroad of Georgia.

It is stated that the Louisville and Nashville will secure entire control of the Georgia Railroad with the stock to be issued. This will give the Louisville and Nashville lines of its own to export points on the Atlantic seaboard, which at present it is without, and make Charleston and Port Royal the eastern terminals of its system.

Mr. Sage and Union Pacific.

Russell Sage made the following additional statement yesterday regarding Union Pacific rumors: "There is no probability of a receiver at this time. The credit of the Union Pacific Company is good enough to tide it over. The rumors that the management proposes to recommend the refunding of two or more coupons on Union Pacific bonds are not true. Regarding the interest obligations of the Union Pacific, which mature Nov. 1, there will be time for payment until the last day of this month."

Railroad Men and Matters.

—A breeze has been raised among the Central Traffic Association roads by the Nickel Plate. It has been discovered that the road has been making one-way rates applicable to business on some of its regular trains. Under the agreement, such rate may only apply to special coach excursions.

—The semi-annual meeting of the American Railway Association was held in Chicago yesterday. Seventy-five railroads in the United States were represented. Nov. 12 was the time named for a change in time tables. The next meeting will be held in New-York in April.

—The annual meeting of the St. Paul and Duluth Railroad was held in St. Paul yesterday. R. B. Dodson and A. B. Plough were re-elected Directors. The Executive Committee is composed of President Hayes and Directors Denny, Stevens, Day, and Ricker.

—Thomas L. Stillman of this city was on Wednesday elected President of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railroad.

—Frank Thomson, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Road, was in town yesterday.

—George R. Blanchard, Chairman of the Central Traffic Association, is in this city.

—State Railroad Commissioner Beardsley was in New-York yesterday.

IT SOFTENS AND WHITENS THE SKIN

LANOLINE

TOILET SOAP

From the celebrated Lanoline Works,
MARTINIKENFELDE, GERMANY.
Renowned for its Medicinal Qualities, making the FACE and HANDS SOFT and CLEAR.
The Genuine bears the trade-mark, "LANOLINE."
Sold by Druggists Everywhere. 35c. a cake.
Uptown Depot:
BARTLETT & LIELL, 5th Ave. and 46th St.
Sole Agents in the U. S.:
SCHULZE-BERGE & KOECHL, New York.

ESTABLISHED 1807.

COWPERTHWAIT.

Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, Stoves, Pictures

EVERYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING.

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Between City Hall and Chatham Square.

As LONG CREDIT as can be given on GOOD GOODS at LOW PRICES and WITHOUT INTEREST charge. Weekly or monthly payments. Extension of time in cases of sickness or inability to earn money.

Excursions.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS
TO THE
WORLD'S FAIR
VIA
New-York Central
IN HONOR OF
"MANHATTAN DAY."

Wednesday, Oct. 18, ONLY $15.
Thursday, Oct. 19. 15.
Special trains of handsome vestibuled coaches will leave Grand Central Station at 9:50 A. M., 138th at 10 A. M., arriving Chicago about noon next day. 15.
Stops will be made for meals at Albany and Rochester, N. Y., and Elkhart, Ind.
Returning, special trains will leave Chicago, via Michigan Central, at 4:15 P. M. Oct. 24. ROUND
Breakfast at NIAGARA FALLS. TRIP.

Popular $20 excursions will also be run on Oct. 16 and 24, good returning within ten days on regular trains.

An experienced tourist agent will accompany each party to see to their comfort en route and upon arrival at Chicago.

These excursions afford a daylight view of the Hudson River, Mohawk Valley, Niagara Falls, and the great lakes of Western New-York.

Tickets on sale at all offices of the New-York Central.

COOK'S TOURS
CALIFORNIA.

Three special parties will leave New-York on Oct. 28, Oct. 30, and Nov. 20, respectively, for the principal resorts of California. The first party spending ONE WEEK AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Egypt, the Nile, and Palestine.

Select parties at frequent intervals during the season visit Algiers, Cairo, First Cataract of the Nile, Jaffa, Jerusalem, the Jordan, Dead Sea, Galilee, Damascus, Baalbec, Constantinople, Athens, &c., &c. Camp equipment in Palestine perfect.

WORLD'S FAIR.

INTENDING TRAVELERS TO CHICAGO ARE INVITED TO CALL UPON US FOR INFORMATION REGARDING CHICAGO AND HOW TO GET THERE.

Tickets at existing rates on sale over the following trunk lines:
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.
Erie Lines.
Lehigh Valley R. R.
New-York Central and Hudson River R. R.
Pennsylvania R. R.
Also sleeping-car accommodations. We have every facility for all classes of travelers.
Programmes and full information free from
THOS. COOK & SON,
261 and 1,225 Broadway, New-York.

The International Yacht Race.
THE STEAMER
MONMOUTH
OF THE SANDY HOOK ROUTE
Will accompany the Yachts each day of the races. LEAVING PIER 8 N. R. AT 9:30 A. M.
FARE $2.00.
Tickets can be purchased at Ticket Office Central Railroad of New-Jersey, foot of Liberty St., N. R., and at No. 849 Broadway.
NUMBER LIMITED.

The Cape May and Delaware Bay Navigation Co.'s Seagoing Iron Steamboat
REPUBLIC
Will leave Stonington Line Pier, new No. 36 N. R., (one block above Canal St.,) at 9:30 A. M. each day for the
AMERICA'S CUP RACES.
The "Republic" is celebrated for speed and stanchness and has demonstrated the fact that she is one of the fastest steamboats afloat, as acknowledged by the press and the public.
She has abundant deck room, and has given each day a view of the races from start to finish. Number of passengers strictly limited.
Tickets for All Remaining Races,
TWO DOLLARS.
On sale at office of steamer, 849 Broadway; Tyson's ticket offices at hotels, McBride's, 71 Broadway; Miller's, Equitable Building, and Jonas's Astor House news stand.

AMERICA'S CUP RACES.
Steamship Olivette,
2,000 TONS,
of the Plant Steamship Line between Tampa, Key West, and Havana, will follow the contesting yachts on the appointed days.
Limited to one-half her capacity.
First-class restaurant.
One hundred steam-heated staterooms.
FARE. $5.00 each day.
Leave from White Star Pier, foot of Christopher Street, North River, at 9:30 A. M., sharp.
TICKETS FOR SALE by Tyson & Co., at principal hotels, Marine Journal office, 24 State St., and J. D. HASHAGEN, Eastern Agent, 261 Broadway.
TICKETS FOR SALE ON PIER.
Mr. H. B. PLANT,
Capt. S. SAMUELS, } Managers.
Capt. GEO. L. NORTON,

AMERICA'S CUP RACES.
The mammoth three-decked sea-going steamer WM. C. EGERTON will accompany the yachts over entire course.
Refreshments on board. Vessel steam heated.
LICENSED CAPACITY OF BOAT 2,200.
TICKETS LIMITED TO 800.
Price, $2.00 Each Day.
Boat leaves Pier 18 N. R., foot of Cortlandt St., promptly at 9:30 A. M.
TICKETS FOR SALE, 71 and 120 Broadway, Brentano's, all principal hotels, AND ON THE DOCK THE MORNING OF THE RACE.

FOR THE YACHT RACES.
STEAMER MOUNT HOPE
of the Fall River and Providence Steamboat Co.
Fare $2.00. Third race to be resailed Oct. 13.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Mount Hope on Wednesday was the only boat to round the turning flag. She has on every race day been at the flagship for the start, held the leading position in close company with the yachts throughout the races, at the lightship for the finish, and with the leaders home after the races.
LEAVES PIER 28 N. R., foot of Murray St., (Fall River Line wharf,) at 9:30 A. M. The MOUNT HOPE is a VERY FAST and FIRST-CLASS SEAGOING excursion boat. She has three decks, and is peculiarly adapted to this service. Main deck and all saloons heated by steam. Tickets at wharf office. Fine orchestra and first-class refreshments on board.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
AMERICA'S CUP RACES.
THE FLEET OF THE IRON STEAMBOAT COMPANY WILL LEAVE FOOT 22D ST., N. R., 9:15 A. M., PIER (NEW) NO. 1 N. R. 9:30 A. M., to accompany the Racing Yachts.
FARE, $1.00.
Music and Refreshments on board.
Ample room will be given all passengers, as each boat will be restricted to one-half its licensed carrying capacity.
EXTRA BOATS
will leave
PIER NO. 1 N. R. 12:30 P. M. to view the finish of the Race.
FARE, $1.00.

FARE REDUCED TO $1.
The YACHT RACE.
Take the stanch and commodious iron steamer "CITY OF LAWRENCE," which leaves the Norwich Line Pier, 40 (old number) North River, one block above Desbrosses Street Ferry, about 9 A. M. each day. Refreshments and good music on board.
FARE FOR EACH DAY, $1. Staterooms extra.

YACHT RACE
FINISH.
STEAMBOAT
JOHN SYLVESTER
will leave
West 125th St. 11 A. M.,
Jewell's Warf, Brooklyn, 12 M.,
Battery 12:30.
Fare, 75 cents. Friday, Oct. 13.

AMERICA'S CUP RACES.
The mammoth twin-screw steel steamer RICHARD PECK, the Queen of Long Island Sound and fastest coasting steamer in the world, will accompany the yachts each day, leaving Pier 25 East River, Peck Slip, at 9:30 A. M. She will be the first steamer home from the races.
This elegant steamer is luxurious in her appointments, and will afford her patrons a magnificent view of the races. Tickets limited. Fare, $3. Tickets and staterooms for sale at the office New-Haven Steamboat Company, Pier 25 East River, Fifth Avenue, Windsor, Brunswick, St. James, Gilsey, Grand Union, Hoffman, and all principal up-town hotels.

International Yacht Races.
The well-known seagoing steamers
General Slocum and Grand Republic
of the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company's Rockaway fleet will accompany the yachts each day over the entire course. Ticket sales will be limited to one-half the capacity of each steamer, and are now on sale at Brooklyn Annex, foot of Fulton St., and Chandler's, 300 Fulton St., Brooklyn, and on steamer Grand Republic, foot of West 22d St., New-York. Steamer General Slocum will leave foot of West 22d St. at 9 o'clock, and Jewell's Wharf, Brooklyn, at 9:30; Grand Republic will leave Battery landing, exclusively, 9:30; refreshments.
FARE $1.00.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Chambermaids.

CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a young girl; willing to do chamberwork and plain sewing or chamberwork and waiting in small family; good city reference. 315 East 54th St.; no cards.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a reliable chambermaid and seamstress, or care of children; best city reference; latest employer can be seen. 188 East 64th St.; second bell.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By neat, tidy young girl; first-class references; willing and obliging; moderate wages; city or country. 124 East 41st St.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By young girl as first-class chambermaid and waitress; two years' reference; last employer can be seen. 1,220 3d Av.; Smith's bell.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Smart North of Ireland woman as first-class chambermaid and plain sewer; can sew on machine; first-class private good reference. Maid, 243 West 30th St.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By a respectable girl, lately landed, as chambermaid and waitress or do light housework. 1,035 Madison Av.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By a young Swedish girl as chambermaid and waitress or chamberwork alone in private family; good references. 87 Bergen St., Brooklyn, care Mrs. Stehlby.

CHAMBERMAID.—By a competent girl as chambermaid and do sewing; best city reference. 45 West 34th St., present employer's.

CHAMBERMAID AND PLAIN SEAMSTRESS.—By competent woman in private family; good city reference. F., Box 324 Times, Up Town.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—By young girl; willing and obliging; good city reference. 113 West 33d St.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By a young girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing. 161 East 39th St.

Cooks.

COOK.—By young woman as good, thorough family cook in private family; best city reference; understands her business in all branches; wages, $20 to $25. M. J., Box 322 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By young North of Ireland woman; first-class; thoroughly understands French and American cooking; good pastry and bread baker; first-class city reference; wages, $30 to $35. 5 East 56th St.

COOK.—By thoroughly-competent young woman; understands all branches; has first-class city reference. 252 Franklin St., Greenpoint, Brooklyn, E. D.

COOK.—By respectable Protestant woman as good cook; would do coarse washing in private family; good city reference. 765 Columbus Av.; Smith's bell.

COOK.—By a competent girl as good family cook; private family; does not object to coarse washing if required; understands her business; city reference. S. C., Box 379 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a young woman as first-class family cook in private family; best city reference; lady can be seen; wages, $25. J. M., Box 320 Times, Up Town.

COOK—WAITRESS.—By two girls, one as cook and laundress and the other as waitress and chambermaid; best references. Call, before 2 o'clock, Friday, at 246 West 30th St., third floor.

COOK.—By a first-class cook; French, German, and American cooking; has friend first-class laundress; city or country; reference. 223 East 59th St., over restaurant.

COOK.—By young woman as good cook and laundress; would like permanent place short distance in the country; best reference from last employer. 237 West 27th St., fourth floor.

COOK.—First-class; understands all branches; soups, meats, game, and all kinds of cooking; first-class city reference; private family preferred. E., Box 393 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a Protestant young woman as first-class cook; understands all branches of French and English cooking; city or country; four years' best city reference. 104 7th Av.; ring twice.

COOK.—By young woman as first-class family cook; first-class bread and pastry maker; first-class city reference. Mary, Box 388 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By an experienced cook in private family; understands making pastry; can get up good dinners; excellent baker; good city reference. 557 9th Av., in store.

COOK.—By first-class German woman in small family; only German and French cooking; city or country. 469 4th Av., first floor, care of Mrs. Kennedy.

COOK.—By an English Protestant cook; understands all kinds of bread, pastry, fowl, and game; city and country references. 226 West 18th St.

COOK.—By a young girl as first-class cook in a private family; best city references from best of families. Call, two days, at 210 East 28th St., one flight up.

COOK.—By a respectable woman as good cook; understands all kinds of meats, soups, and poultry; best city reference from last place. 241 East 59th St.

COOK.—By young woman; excellent cook; willing to do coarse washing; has best city reference. 547 2d Av.; ring three times; cards answered.

COOK.—By a first-class cook; an American woman; best city references. Apply, two or three days, 575 3d Av.

COOK.—By a young man; in institution or private house; well up in fancy cooking; neat in work and economical. H. L., 554 3d Av.

COOK.—By a respectable woman as first-class cook in a private family; thoroughly understands her business; best city reference. 326 East 33d St.

COOK.—By a good cook in a small private family; city or country; best city reference; wages, $25. H. J., 1,052 3d Av.

COOK.—Understands all kinds of family cooking, and will assist in washing; personal city reference. M. K., 1,338 3d Av.

COOK.—By first-class cook, who understands her business thoroughly, in private family; best city reference. 136 West 19th St., third flat, rear.

COOK.—By a first-class Swedish cook; no objection to country; unexceptionable references. 206 East 46th St.

COOK.—By a respectable Protestant woman as good plain cook, washer and ironer; best reference. Mary, 2,345 3d Av.

COOK.—By a young woman; long experience; first-class cook; in private American family; best city references. 224 East 57th St.

COOK.—Dane; 18; lately landed; in private family; as assistant cook or kitchenmaid; wages low. Y. J., care Osterberg, 345 West 43d St.

COOK.—By an excellent cook; all kinds of soups, desserts; coarse washing; best of city reference. 145 West 51st St., third floor, back.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—By a good cook and laundress in private family; city reference. 162 East 100th St.; second bell, west.

COOK.—By a first-class cook for private family; best city reference. 221 East 36th St.; ring bell three times.

COOK.—By a respectable woman as cook in small private family; best city reference. 46 East 62d St.

COOK.—By a girl as good cook and plain laundress; three years' city reference. 456 West 32d St., grocery.

COOK.—By a first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; best city reference. 144 Lexington Av., near 29th St.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—By a neat, tidy young girl; first-class references; moderate wages; city or country. 124 East 41st St.

COOK.—By a Protestant woman to cook, wash, and iron; city or country; good reference. 215 West 18th St., fourth floor.

COOK.—By a respectable girl as good family cook; best city references. M. A., Box 337 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a competent Protestant girl as good cook in private family; three years' city reference. S. S., Box 321 Times, Up Town.

COOK.—By a first-class cook, with first-class references. W. G., Box 34, 1,242 Broadway.

COOK.—Understands marketing; has the best of reference. 931 6th Av., second bell.

Dressmakers.

DRESSMAKER.—By a first-class dressmaker to go out by the day in private families; perfect cutter and fitter; references. S., Box 391 Times, Up Town.

DRESSMAKER.—By a French dressmaker, more customers at home or by the day. 218 West 16th St.

DRESSMAKER.—By the day; good skirt maker; will also fix over dresses and alter; very neat sewer. Davis, 463 8th Av.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Houseworkers.

HOUSEWORK.—By a respectable young girl to do general housework in a small private family; two years' city references. 241 West 30th St.; ring twice.

HOUSEWORK.—By a neat, tidy young girl; first-class references; good plain cook, washer, and ironer; moderate wages; city or country. 124 East 41st St.

HOUSEWORK.—By competent person to do general housework in a small family in a flat; good city reference. E. H., Box 380 Times, Up Town.

HOUSEWORK.—By a young girl for general housework in small private family; good city references. 156 West 28th St., Room 1; no cards.

HOUSEWORK.—By a young girl, lately landed, in a small family, to do general housework. 213 West 18th St., top floor.

HOUSEWORK.—By a Swedish girl to do general housework. Elsa Lundin, 37 East 29th St.

HOUSEWORK.—By a young Japanese to do general housework. H., Box 210 Times.

Lady's Maids.

LADY'S MAID.—By a young girl as lady's maid and seamstress; understands dressmaking; can take full charge of lady's wardrobe; good packer and traveler; has traveled abroad; six years' best city reference. M. F., Box 316 Times, Up Town.

LADY'S MAID.—By a thoroughly-competent person; understands dressmaking, hairdressing, and all family sewing; would assist with other light duties; best city reference. D. T., Box 390 Times, Up Town.

LADY'S MAID.—By a first-class French maid; competent in all her duties; fine sewer and hairdresser; best city reference. Address, two days, M. P., Box 278 Times, Up Town.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By young Protestant girl; good dressmaker; very good references; willing and obliging. 879 6th Av., Jones's bell.

LADY'S MAID.—By a Parisian; good dressmaker and hairdresser; accustomed to travel; speaks English; good references. G. L., Box 381 Times, Up Town.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—Lady's maid and seamstress and to assist with other duties; understands all kinds of sewing; best city reference. L. D., Box 395 Times, Up Town.

MAID AND COMPANION.—By a young girl, to growing children; very good references. L. M., Box 350 Times, Up Town.

MAID OR NURSE.—For growing children; best reference. 111 East 31st St., present employer's.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS.—By young woman as competent laundress in private family; good shirt ironer; can polish; best city reference. 123 East 88th St., Costello's bell.

LAUNDRESS.—By a respectable young girl as laundress in a private American family. 341 East 37th St.; ring once.

LAUNDRESS.—By a first-class laundress in private family; excellent city reference. 260 West 17th St.; janitor's bell.

LAUNDRESS.—By a first-class laundress in a private family; best city reference. K. F., Box 384 Times, Up Town.

LAUNDRESS.—By a first-class laundress; in a private family; personal reference. Apply, on Friday, at present employer's, 228 Lenox Av.

LAUNDRESS.—By respectable woman as first-class laundress for three or four days each week in private family. C. R., 226 East 40th St.

Nurses.

INFANT'S NURSE.—A lady highly recommends her infant's nurse, a Protestant American; eight years' reference. 138 West 49th St.; ring first bell.

NURSE.—By a competent and reliable young woman; American; young or growing children; good seamstress; assist with chamberwork; willing, obliging; would travel; personal city references. Competent, Box 392 Times, Up Town.

NURSE.—By a respectable young widow (Scotch) as infant's nurse; full experience; reference. Mrs. Kidd, 82 East 107th St.

NURSE, &c.—By a respectable young girl as nurse and to assist with chamberwork; best references. 341 East 37th St.

NURSE.—A lady desires to secure a situation for a faithful nurse, whom she can recommend. 52 West 71st St., from 9 till 2.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a neat, tidy young girl; first-class references; moderate wages; city or country. 124 East 41st St.

NURSE.—By a competent North German to take care of a baby; four years' best city reference; willing to travel. 409 West 37th St., first floor.

NURSE.—By an experienced nurse; would like a place with a private invalid; first-class reference Advertiser, 165 West 11th St.

Seamstresses.

SEAMSTRESS.—By thoroughly-competent seamstress and sewing-mahine operator by day or week; children's fine work a specialty; city reference. D. M., Box 385 Times, Up Town.

SEAMSTRESS.—By a young lady; does all kinds of plain sewing, mending, and darning; good references. E. P., 14 Livingston Place.

SEAMSTRESS.—By a competent person as seamstress; city reference. 302 East 42d St.; ring third bell.

Waitresses.

WAITRESS.—First-class; thoroughly understands the care of silver; makes all kinds of salads; has first-class personal references. 213 West 36th St.; ring twice.

WAITRESS.—By Englishwoman; or would go as parlormaid; in small first-class family; thoroughly experienced; town or country. Annie, 270 West 34th St.

WAITRESS.—By a Protestant girl in a small private family; capable of filling butler's place; best city references. J. P., Box 378 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS.—By a first-class waitress in a small private family; can take a butler's place; good reference. D. G., Box 328 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS.—By a competent waitress in a private family; best of city reference. 208 West 61st St.

WAITRESS.—By first-class Protestant waitress in small private family; good city reference. M. A., Box 323 Times, Up Town.

WAITRESS.—By a first-class waitress in a private family; can fill a butler's place; best city reference. 16 East 39th St.

WAITRESS, &c.—As waitress and to assist in chamberwork. Present employer's, 32 West 46th St.

Miscellaneous.

DAY'S WORK, HOUSECLEANING, OR WASHING.—Any kind of work; by the day or week; best of references. 310 East 34th St., two flights.

DAY'S WORK.—By a respectable woman to do washing and housecleaning by the day. B. K., 257 West 42d St., Times agency.

PARLORMAID.—By a young girl as first-class parlormaid and waitress, or chambermaid alone in private family. 60 West 37th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Expert in law and commercial work; four years' experience; best references. Rapid, 243 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHIC GRADUATE, WELL POSTED, would accept very low figure in order to get started. 60 Centre St., Orange, N. J.

WASHING.—A good colored laundress takes family washing; 75 cents dozen up, or by the week. L., care of Schuyler, 36 West 67th St.

WASHING.—By woman to do gentlemen's or family washing. 6 East 85th St., basement.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Butlers.

BUTLER.—By a middle-aged English Protestant; thoroughly understands his duties; in private family; city or country; first-class reference from late and former employers. F. H., 328 West 43d St., third floor, back.

BUTLER OR WAITER.—By young man, with strictly temperate habits; is a thoroughly-competent indoor servant; city or country; good references from last employer. O. Q., care Mrs. Halton, 323 East 36th St.

BUTLER OR VALET.—A gentleman closing his house desires to obtain a position for a young Englishman; he is thoroughly competent in all his duties; height, 6 feet. J. S., Post Office Box 227, Boston, Mass., or H. C., 645 6th Av.

BUTLER.—By an experienced man; thoroughly competent; good valet; excellent references from first-class families. G. B., Box 386 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER OR VALET.—By a young Swiss; 26; speaks French, German, and English; also willing to travel; best of references from Paris and New-York families. J. Gassler, 231 West 30th St.

BUTLER, VALET, OR SINGLE HANDED.—By young man; thoroughly understands his duties; English; has excellent references. H. H., Box 394 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By thoroughly-qualified Frenchman; speaks English fluently; highly recommended by last employer, who can be seen. E. F. S., Box 272 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER—COOK.—By man and wife; thoroughly competent; English; town or country; good references. M., Box 325 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER, OR BUTLER AND VALET.—By thoroughly-experienced young man; satisfactory references. O. G., Box 396 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER.—By a first-class butler; understands his business thoroughly; disengaged Oct. 25. A., Box 315 Times, Up Town.

BUTLER—COOK.—Where a parlormaid or second man is kept; leaving through family going abroad. 27 West 20th St.

BUTLER.—By a competent young man where parlormaid is kept, or single handed; reference. D. N., Box 264 Times, Up Town.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN OR SECOND MAN.—Married; no family; thoroughly understands his business; eight years' best city reference; last employer can be seen; no objection to the country. T. R., Box 327 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—By experienced man; thoroughly understands the care of horses; 17 years' best city reference. Private stable, 107 West 37th St.

OUR "SHORT AD." CORNER.

—She leaned on the oaken railing,
  A maiden tall and fair,
One hand with the ivy playing,
  One foot on the topmost stair,
Her dark eyes dim with a tender light
As she softly murmured, "Good-night,
  Good-night."

Nearer she leaned and nearer,
  And the moon behind a cloud
Hid for a bit its brightness,
  And the ocean laughed aloud.
Ah! lucky, no mamma in sight
As she softly murmured, "Good-night,
  Good-night."

—Boston Budget.

If you want to be very, very swell nowadays you mustn't crease your trousers with a plebeian, ordinary tailor-shop stand-up crease. By no means. If you want to do the thing right, to be bang up and to do as they do "in Lunnen, you know," the trousers should be turned inside out and then creased By this arrangement the crease imparted is reversed, and instead of standing up is inverted and not so prominent. This idea is said to have originated in the fertile brain of the Prince of Wales.—Philadelphia Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN.—By single Protestant young man, Swede; understands the care of fine horses and carriages thoroughly; is civil, willing, and obliging; has excellent written or personal city or country references for honesty, sobriety, and capability; leaving on account of present employer giving up horses. Ch. Ahlstrom, care of Wh. Parkinson, 104 East 27th St.

COACHMAN.—By a first-class man who thoroughly understands the care of horses and carriages; a first-class city driver; can supply best of city reference, which last and former employers can be consulted upon. Coachman, 340 East 11th St., grocery store.

COACHMAN.—By a competent man; thoroughly understands care of horses, harness, and carriages; six years' first-class reference; last employer can be seen. P. M., Box 329 Times Up Town.

COACHMAN.—By competent man, (Swede;) thoroughly understands his business in every respect; eight years' best city reference; employer can be seen; city or country. F. G., 155 East 29th St.

COACHMAN.—By an experienced middle-aged man; thoroughly understands his business; good horseman; careful city driver; highly recommended by first-class families, who can be seen; no objection to a good country place. 409 5th Av.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—By a single man; thoroughly capable and efficient; ten years' best city reference from one family; careful, stylish driver; strictly temperate, civil, and obliging; city or country. J. B., 988 6th Av.

COACHMAN. — English; by first-class, single, middle-aged, medium-sized man that knows his business thoroughly; highest city references; town or country. W., care Mrs. Magee, 166 East 33d St.

COACHMAN.—By a single man as coachman in private family; first-class city reference; last employer can be seen. James, Box 382 Times, Up Town.

COACHMAN.—By a thoroughly-experienced man; nine years with present employer, who can be seen. Present employer's, 21 Madison Square North.

COACHMAN.—English; two years' good city reference; thoroughly understands care horses and fine carriages; married; age 35. C., Janitor, 360 West 36th St.

COACHMAN.—Gentleman wishes to find a place for his coachman; can recommend him as being strictly temperate, honest, and good driver; single; age, 28. J. W., 113 East 15th St.

COACHMAN.—Gentleman wishes to find a place for his coachman; can recommend him as being strictly temperate, honest, and good driver; single; age 28. J. W., 123 East 15th St.

COACHMAN.—Thoroughly understands his duties; good reference from present employer. J. L., 21 Grace Court, Brooklyn, or W. S. P. Prentice, 4 Wall St.

COACHMAN.—Middle-aged; married; long city references from last employer; sober; disengaged; giving up horses. P. F., 305 West 104th St.

COACHMAN.—By colored man; first-class in every particular; good references. Leonard, care of J. Curley, 1,661 Broadway.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman wants to procure a position for his coachman. McGuire, 472 Columbus Av.

COACHMAN.—Employer wants situation for his coachman; very desirable, capable man. G. R. S., 59 Cedar St.

COACHMAN.—By a competent single man; five years' references from one place. M. F., 351 West 45th St.

COACHMAN.—Married; gentleman giving up horses wishes situation for his coachman, whom he can highly recommend. T. Kirby, 1,875 3d Av.

Grooms.

GROOM OR SECOND MAN.—By a Protestant young man; thoroughly experienced with fine horses, harness, and carriages; best city references. A. L., Box 403 Times, Up Town.

GROOM.—By a Swede, who understands taking care of fine horses and harness; first-class references and personally recommended. Johnson, 322 10th Av.; Mrs. Rydberg.

GROOM.—By a young man as groom; willing and obliging; good reference. Can be seen or heard from at present employer's stable, 156 West 56th St., private.

GROOM.—By young man of good habits; first-class reference from last employer; is willing to make himself generally useful. L. D., Box 383 Times, Up Town.

GROOM.—By a competent man to assist in stable and make himself generally useful; willing and obliging; references. J. C., Box 205 Times.

GROOM.—By a young man who thoroughly understands his business; first-class reference. J. W., Box 367 Times, Up Town.

Second Men.

SECOND MAN.—French; competent; leaving on account of family breaking up house; first-class references. Present employer can be seen at 3 East 69th St.

SECOND MAN.—By a young Englishman, just landed, as second man; willing to make himself useful; age, 25; good references. G. S., 155 East 33d St.

SECOND MAN.—In private family, where butler is kept; first-class city references. M., Box 389 Times, Up Town.

SECOND MAN.—By a young Englishman; height, 5 feet 11 inches; one year's best city reference. W. Mason, 133 West 62d St.

Useful Men.

USEFUL MAN.—By young man as useful man; understands the care of horses; can take second man's place at table in private family; understands cleaning silver and brasses; good reference. M. R., Box 376 Times, Up Town.

USEFUL MAN.—By a Swede; educated; reliable; lately landed; as useful man or at anything in private family; speaks German and some English. Gustave, Box 199 Times.

USEFUL MAN.—Swede; 28; neat and clean; understands handling of tools, polishing furniture, and painting; also accustomed to general housework. Handy Man, 554 3d Av.

USEFUL MAN.—By young married man to make himself useful in private family; city or country; first-class city and country reference. B. L., Box 326 Times, Up Town.

USEFUL MAN.—With private family; care of furnace, windows, silver, and brass; good city reference. Reliable, Box 397 Times, Up Town.

Miscellaneous.

FURNACE MAN.—To take care of furnace, do boots, and carry coal; good references. D. H., Box 404 Times, Up Town.

FURNACE MAN.—A gentleman desires one or two more places for his furnace man, in the neighborhood of 50th St. Post Office Box 59.

MAN COOK.—By a young German from Berlin, who has worked in royal and noblemen's kitchens, from where he has the most excellent references; he is capable to take charge of cooking as well as pastry and confectionery; he speaks English fairly, and understands the French cuisine. L. S., Box 258 Times, Up Town.

NURSE, AMANUENSIS, OR ATTENDANT.—By an experienced young man, having physicians' and private families' reference. D. C., 100 East 29th St.

USEFUL BOY.—By a young colored boy (18) to attend door, run elevator, or work in a doctor's office; is intelligent; has first-class city reference. H. Pulley, 420 West 52d St.

VALET AND TRAVELING SERVANT.—By a young Englishman; experienced traveler; knows Europe well; speaks French; references unexcelled. Travel, 1,242 Broadway.

WAITER.—By competent and experienced colored man as waiter in private family, boarding house, or club; best city reference. W. P., Box 336 Times, Up Town.

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AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

AMERICAN THEATRE, 42d, 41st St-8th Av—8:00—The Prodigal Daughter.
BIJOU, Broadway-30th St—8:15—The Golden Wedding.
BROADWAY, Broadway-41st St—8:00—Erminie.
DALY'S, Broadway-30th St—8:15—Peaceful Valley.
DORE GALLERY, 53d St—10 A. M. to 6 P. M.—Paintings.
EDEN MUSEE, 23d St-6th Av—Day and evening—Vaudeville—Waxworks.
EMPIRE, Broadway-40th St—8:15—Liberty Hall.
FIFTH AVENUE, Broadway-28th St—8:15—In Mizzoura.
FOURTEENTH STREET, 14th St-6th Av—8:15—The Cornoracker.
GARDEN, Madison Av-27th St—8:15—Cavalleria Rusticana and I Pagliacci.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23d St-8th Av—8:00—The Power of Gold.
HARRIGAN'S, 35th St-6th Av—8:00—The Woollen Stocking.
HERRMANN'S, Broadway-29th St—8:30—Beau Brummell.
IMPERIAL MUSIC HALL, Broadway-29th St—8:00—Vaudeville.
IRVING PLACE, 15th St-Irving Place—8:15—Heimath (The Hearth.)
KOSTER & BIAL'S, 34th St-Broadway—8:15—Vaudeville.
LYCEUM, 4th Av-23d St—8:15—Sheridan; or, The Maid of Bath.
MADISON SQUARE, 24th St-Broadway—8:30—A Temperance Town.
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN, 23d St-4th Av—Day and evening—Paintings.
NIBLO'S, Broadway-Prince St—8:15—A Trip to Mars.
PALMER'S, Broadway-30th St—8:15—1492.
STANDARD, Broadway-32d St—8:30—Charley's Aunt.
STAR, Broadway-13th St—8:00—The Second Mrs. Tanqueray.
THE CRYSTAL MAZE, Broadway-38th St—1 P. M. until midnight.

TEN PAGES.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 13, 1893.

The Weather Bureau report indicates for to-day, in this city, fair weather, followed by showers, winds shifting to northeast and increasing in force.

The wearisome session of the Senate drags on. At the present writing it had continued forty hours, with no apparent reason for expecting any definite result. With the exception of a stirring speech from Senator Smith of New-Jersey, exposing the absurdities of the silver men in a caustic fashion, the time has been taken up wholly by the Populist and Republican advocates of free coinage, and by roll calls to secure a quorum. The Senators have so far kept their tempers remarkably, and the majority have done so under great provocation, the silver men doing everything in their power to irritate and tire their opponents. Two points appear to have been settled in the Senate proceeding. One is that there is no power to put a stop to the calling of the roll whenever a Senator chooses to ask for it. This was the ruling of Mr. Frye while in the chair, and he said that the only way in which it could be changed was by an appeal from the decision, which was not taken. The second point is that the Senate has no power, under its rules, to force a Senator to answer to his name or to count him as present when he refuses to do so. These rulings confirm the impression of the impotence of the Senate.

The only feature of any novelty in the Senate yesterday was the introduction of an amendment by Mr. Harris of Tennessee. It proposes the purchase of silver for coinage to an amount not named, the coinage of the "seigniorage," (or clippings,) the withdrawal of bank notes under $10, and of the $5 and $2.50 gold coins. The proposition has no value, and cannot possibly have the approval of any one in the Senate or out of it who is honest and faithful in support of the repeal. The assertion that it is approved by Secretary Carlisle is without foundation. Mr. Cleveland would as readily surrender utterly as accept any compromise, for the triumph of the minority in that way would be the absolute surrender of the majority. The issue has long since ceased to be simply that of the passage of the repeal bill; it has become also the question of the right of the country to government by the representative system. Any man who betrays that right might as well retire from public life at once.

The resumption of work in a large proportion of the coal mines in England at the old rate of wages will no doubt be taken as a triumph for the striking miners, but it does not necessarily follow that the reduction announced in July was not justified by the conditions then prevailing. The long suspension of work has of course resulted in greatly contracting the supply of coal in the market and raising prices. At present prices the mine owners can doubtless pay the old rate of wages and make more profit than ever for the time being, and there must have been a tremendous pressure for a resumption of operations. But it may be that, as the market again becomes supplied and prices fall, the old question of reducing wages will come up again as a business necessity. In the meantime there has been much suffering and hardship among the miners, great loss in business dependent upon a steady supply of coal, and heavy expense in maintaining order and protecting property where the miners have displayed a riotous disposition. It seems as though means might be found for avoiding such consequences of a disagreement between employers and employed on a question of wages.

There can hardly be an honest doubt as to the meaning of the law requiring a unanimous vote in the Board of Estimate and Apportionment in passing upon the allowances to be made for municipal expenditures. No distinction is made between the total estimate and the separate items or the preliminary meetings and the final meeting. The meeting between Aug. 1 and Nov. 1 for making a "provisional estimate" means any and all meetings for that purpose, and there is more than one, only because the work cannot be done at a single session. The "estimate" to be made is not of the entire amount required to pay the total expense of conducting the municipal business, but the "amounts" required to pay the "expenses" of conducting the public business "in each department and branch thereof." That estimate must be made "by the affirmative vote of all the members." The meaning of this is plain, and it will be very bad policy to attempt to give it a loose construction in order to evade the strict purpose of the law, which is to guard public expenditures closely, not simply as a whole, but in each department and branch of the public service.

Mayor Gilroy's appeal for a celebration of Manhattan Day at the World's Fair that shall be worthy of New-York and of Chicago ought to be heartily answered. The Mayor's estimate that there should be 20,000 New-Yorkers at Jackson Park on Manhattan Day is not extravagant. It is true that many more than that number have already gone to the fair, but there have never been such inducements for attendance offered as are offered now, and the fact that the fair will be open for only a little more than a week after Manhattan Day, and that consequently this will be almost a last opportunity, ought not to be without weight. The Mayor's appeal to employers to make a special effort to dispense for this occasion with the services of men in their employ who can possibly be spared ought to have its influence. The list of subscriptions to defray the expense of the celebration bears witness to the interest of New-York men of business in the project, and an extension of this interest to sparing whoever is not indispensable should raise the list of New-York visitors even beyond the Mayor's expectations.

THE RULE OF THE MINORITY.

In every struggle at all resembling the one now going on in the United States Senate there have been two distinct elements of difference from this one that we are bound to note in making any estimate of its true character. One of these differences is that on former occasions the House or Senate has been divided on party lines; the other is that the minority has believed, and with reason, that a long and striking contest at the capital was necessary to concentrate the public mind upon the question at issue, to inform and arouse it, and thus to secure an intelligent and just decision.

In the present instance party lines are entirely wiped out. There are, at the most, only nineteen Senators who are committed to filibustering for delay. Of these eleven are Republicans and eight are Democrats. The Republicans are Messrs. Dubois, Cameron, Hansbrough, Jones, (Nev.,) Mitchell, (Oregon,) Pettigrew, Power, Shoup, Stewart, Teller, and Wolcott. The Democrats are Messrs. Butler, Cockrell, Colquitt, George, Irby, Jones, (Ark.,) Pugh, and Vance. There is not a man of first-class ability in either group, nor a leader of either party in or out of the Senate, nor a single Senator whose views on any question of importance in business affairs would command any more respect than those of the first retailer to be met on the streets. The minority, therefore, represents no party past, present, or future. It is a fortuitous aggregation of almost unrelated atoms, having no claim on public attention save their power, while they act together to impede the action of the Senate and prevent legislation. From a political point of view they are the continued representatives of the only principle that from the beginning has given any influence to the silver movement, the scurvy and dangerous principle of blackmail. As the Bland bill and the Sherman act were extorted from the fears of both parties by threats, so the minority now hopes by threats to extort some concessions in the same general line.

In the second place the minority is not contending for a chance to arouse or enlighten the public mind. That has been thoroughly informed long, long ago, and not a syllable uttered by the filibusterors has added to its information, except in regard to the unjustifiable motives of these men. They know what the country wants, and they are fighting to defeat it. When at the close of a long and weary session of the Senate over the Kansas-Nebraska bill, Mr. Seward declared that the object of the minority was to make up a full case for appeal to the highest tribunal under a free government—the people at the polls—he felt that it was the opening battle of a national struggle for a great cause, and it was. The silver men know that their fight is the expiring effort of a beaten faction, that they are but trying to make terms, and that if their foes are firm in demanding unconditional surrender it must come. These are the facts that make their course utterly in conflict with the vital principle of free representative government. It is not an incident in the development of popular opinion. It is a desperate attempt to defy and defeat popular opinion. It is in its essence an abuse and a usurpation. It is as much an outrage on the people as it would be for the Excutive by any means to prevent the Senate from acting. This minority rule is far more base than that of an oligarchy, for its chief motive is one of selfish greed, and it would be more dangerous if there were any chance of its lasting success. When Louis Napoleon, President of the French Republic, shut the doors of the French Assembly against the representatives of the people, his action was in intent exactly the same as the action of these men. Important as is the direct question of legislation involved, it is far less important than the question of the rights of the people which the minority seeks to destroy. And that is the supreme reason why any compromise or concession, under the duress of this outrageous procedure, is surrender and must not be tolerated.

GENUINE ENGLISH PLUCK.

Some words of hearty praise should be said for the fine sportsmanlike spirit shown by Lord Dunraven, Designer Watson, and Capt. Cranfield of the *Valkyrie*. Nothing more admirable has ever been displayed in the world of sports than the indomitable pluck shown by these men in Wednesday's attempt at a race for the *America's* Cup. Designer Watson had already admitted that the prospects for an ultimate victory for his production were extremely small, and he had, with the most charming frankness, said in an interview that the best boat had won. Nevertheless, he did not despair, but prepared to try the experiment of putting the yacht back into the trim which she had when she sailed in English waters.

On Wednesday when the Regatta Committee was ready to call the race off the men on the *Valkyrie* refused their consent. They were ready and eager to make a stubborn contest in a light breeze, which seemed to them to give their yacht the best chance to win. The exhibition of seamanship given by Capt. Cranfield excited the enthusiasm of every lover of yachting, and the tenacity with which he kept the *Vigilant* under his lee until it was simply an impossibility to do so any longer aroused general admiration. The skipper of the *Valkyrie* has won a reputation in America which will stand for many years.

As for Mr. Watson, every one remembers his manly answer to the question, "Why did the *Volunteer* beat the *Thistle*?" With a smile he promptly answered, "Because she went faster." He has spoken in the same way about the defeats of the *Valkyrie*. He has shown that there is a fallacy somewhere in the old saying that an Englishman never knows when he is beaten. He seems to know perfectly well, to be ready to admit it, and to be eager to try again.

Lord Dunraven shares the honor which is due the designer and the Captain. It ought to be said right here that a large number of Americans would have been glad to see the *Valkyrie* win two out of the five races, and there are not a few who would have been pleased to see the gallant cutter carry away the cup. If she had done so—and if she wins to-day's race she still has a fighting chance—the applause of the American public would have been hearty and unrestrained. But as the case stands, the three men mentioned will have the satisfaction of knowing that they have broadened and deepened American admiration for English pluck.

CANDIDATE JACKSON AND THE PENSION SERVICE.

The shameful revelations which promise to cause the withdrawal of the Republican candidate for Governor in Iowa, owing to the conviction on the part of leading Republicans of that State that the party cannot hope to elect a man so badly smirched by his own admissions, are interesting to the people of the whole country because of certain facts which we have not mentioned heretofore.

Jackson was disbarred on Aug. 18, 1880, during the term of President Hayes. He had been suspended from practice in January of that year, and in the months that elapsed before his final disbarment he had ample opportunity to defend himself. We have the testimony of Secretary Kirkwood, then the foremost Republican of Iowa, that he "was allowed an opportunity to put in a defense, but submitted none." That testimony is found in Secretary Kirkwood's letter of Nov. 10, 1881, in which he refused to reverse the action of the Interior Department and reinstate Jackson. In that letter he quoted part of the conclusive evidence against the disbarred pension attorney.

But after Gov. Kirkwood had retired from the office of Secretary of the Interior, Jackson was reinstated, in spite of the evidence contained in his own letters which were on file in the Pension Bureau. Upon whose motion and by whose action was this man again admitted to practice? Who were the men that were willing to use their influence for him? Who reversed the just decision of Gov. Kirkwood, in the face of the shameful evidence preserved in the Pension Bureau? We are informed that Senator Allison and Congressman Henderson were Jackson's advocates. The officers who ordered that an attorney with such a record should be restored to practice were Henry M. Teller of Colorado, then Secretary of the Interior and now a leader of the obstructionists in the Senate, and William W. Dudley, Commissioner of Pensions, sometimes called "Blocks-of-Five."

We are informed that no additional testimony tending to excuse Jackson was submitted. His character, as disclosed by the uncontradicted evidence already on file, commended itself to Teller and Dudley. They were unwilling that any attorney of that kind should be prevented from doing business for pensioners with the Interior Department, and they promptly took him back. Facts and arguments that appealed with irresistible force to such men as the honest old "war Governor" of Iowa had no weight with them to the injury of the applicant, and may have been influential in his favor.

The Iowa papers publish a letter which Jackson wrote to Congressman Henderson some time before he was reinstated. Here is part of it:

> "I have no defense for writing these letters [to Ellis, the pensioner] except the baby act, which I refuse to plead, and unless, Colonel, I can get your influence and Senator Allison to reinstate me, I must stand the verdict."

The application of Ellis had been rejected twice before it was placed in Jackson's hands. The following is taken from one of Jackson's letters to Ellis, part of which was quoted by Secretary Kirkwood when he refused to reverse the action of the department:

> "I hear nothing about your pension. What had we better do? It will do no good to wait. The only thing that I know of is to go there. I had so much invested in your claim myself that I feel that I cannot afford to lose it, and would be almost willing to start at once if you would be willing to let me dispose of from $400 to $500 of the money if you succeed.
>
> "I think I could get you about $1,200 or $1,500 back pension, and, as I say, if you are willing to let me have up to $600, if necessary, for 'expenses' and anything else that I may want to use it for, I believe I could go down and get an early consideration in your case.
>
> "I don't intend to charge you the amount referred to, but I know of several cases where, on from $100 to $200 being invested with parties in Washington, the claim has been made. Do you catch my meaning?"

The letters to Ellis came into the possession of the Pension Bureau, the Commissioner at that time being Mr. Bentley, and an officer of the bureau who examined the papers in the case, wrote the following synopsis:

> "Jackson intimated to client that the corrupt use of from $400 to $600 in Washington would secure his claim, and offered to go to Washington if client would agree to give him such amount. Two letters from Jackson to client on file here clearly show the intent. Jackson made no defense when informed of the charge against him."

It appears from passages in a letter addressed by Jackson to Henderson that after the claim had been allowed other interesting letters were written. Jackson said in that letter:

> "I told him [Ellis] I was in such a position with an influential clerk of the department that unless he sent me that money I would stop his pension; that I had paid this clerk a part of my fee, and that he would certainly stop his pension if he did not at least pay me what money he had borrowed of me and what I had advanced for him, &c."

This is the man whom Teller and Dudley reinstated, after he had been disbarred by Republican officers upon this evidence, which was still on file in the Pension Bureau. This is the man whom the Republicans of Iowa nominated for Governor upon a platform denouncing the honest pension policy of the present Administration, although the facts were known to Senator Allison, Congressman Henderson, and other prominent men in the party. But we especially invite attention now, not so much to the plight of the Iowa Republicans as to the condition of the Pension Service as suggested by this Iowa politician's dealings with his client, the labors of Senator Allison and Congressman Henderson in his behalf, and the restoration of the self-convicted man to practice by Teller and Dudley.

AMENDING THE GEARY ACT.

The most important occupation of the House of Representatives just at present is the consideration of the McCreary bill to amend the Chinese deportation law, commonly known as the Geary act. This is such an extremely mild measure and so manifestly just that it is surprising to find Mr. Geary strenuously opposing it and assailing the Administration for not vigorously executing the law as it stands. The only feature of the bill that is of much consequence is a provision giving Chinese laborers residing in the country at the time of the passage of the original act another chance to register during a period of six months from the time the bill shall take effect.

Mr. Geary has heretofore defended the law on the ground that its purpose was not to effect the deportation of Chinamen already lawfully resident in the country, but to make the exclusion of new-comers more effectual by providing conclusive evidence of the identity of those entitled to remain here. The only excuse for the particular provision relating to registration and the penalty for failing to comply with it was the facility with which Chinese had evaded the former law by fraud and the difficulty of identifying the offenders when they had once mingled with their fellow-Mongolians in this country. The difficulty was to be met by requiring all those who belonged here to have certificates of registration, and to treat all who failed to obtain them as unlawfully within the jurisdiction of the United States, and to send them back to China. It was a rather sweeping measure for the purpose, and established a special discrimination against Chinese aliens, in violation of the pledge of the Government that they should have the same privileges and the same protection as the subjects of the most favored nation.

But there was an excuse for this provision which could not have been urged for any measure whose direct purpose was the deportation of Chinese who had acquired a lawful residence in the country. That would have been an outrage which no civilized country could countenance or excuse. A year from the passage of the Geary law, May 5, 1892, was allowed for the registration of Chinese laborers then resident in the country. Under mistaken legal advice, and at the instigation of the Six Companies of San Francisco, most of them failed to register within the year, being assured that the law requiring it was unconstitutional, and would not be sustained by the courts. Now the question is whether, in view of the circumstances, the vigorous enforcement of the deportation penalty would be any less barbarous than a direct enactment having the same purpose in the original law. If the object of its framers was not to drive out the Chinese already here, but to give them the means of proving their right to remain while all others were excluded, what objection can there be to another effort to give it the intended effect, especially as the official representative of the Chinese Government is understood to have assented to the plan, and there seems to be no doubt that the requirement would be complied with, now that its validity has been sustained? Representative Geary's opposition seems to be inconsistent with his defense of the law that bears his name.

So clearly was it the purpose of the act of last year merely to provide means of distinguishing Chinamen lawfully resident in the country from those who might surreptitiously get in by evading the law, and so little apprehension was there that there would be any general failure to obtain certificates of registration, that no appropriation was made to enable the Government to deport those who should prove delinquent. This fact justifies the policy that has been adopted of not proceeding to enforce the penalty until Congress has had a chance to act further in the matter, and it renders the attack of Mr. Geary on the Administration altogether unjust. It is simply impracticable for the Government to execute the law without an appropriation to cover the expense of deportation, and to apply it to a few cases and not to all would be manifestly wrong. Besides, the Government is justified in assuming that a general deportation was not the object of the law and would not be sustained by Congress, so long as there was a prospect of securing the original purpose. It has been perfectly right in waiting for further action by Congress, inasmuch as that body has furnished no means for carrying out the provisions of the law in its present shape, and did not calculate upon any such result in passing it. Considering the harshness of the law in its general provisions and the utter atrocity of a sweeping deportation of 100,000 inoffensive Chinamen, at a cost to the country of more than $7,000,000, it is very little to ask of Congress that another opportunity be given for registration.

MIDDLETOWN FIREMEN PARADE.

The Local Organization Celebrated Its Thirty-fifth Anniversary.

Middletown, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The thirty-fifth anniversary of the Middletown Fire Department was celebrated to-day by the largest demonstration ever witnessed in this section. Each of the several local companies entertained a visiting company, and one was present as the guest of the department. Fourteen bands, thirteen of which were from abroad, furnished the music.

More than 10,000 strangers found their way to this city by rail and wagon, and the parade this afternoon was a mile and a quarter in length, continuing through the principal streets for over four hours. The parade was by all odds the most imposing and beautiful spectacle of the kind ever seen in this part of the State, there being over 1,000 men in line. The visiting companies participating were Enterprise Steam Company of Walden, Crystal Hose Company of Scranton, Alert Hose of Norwich, N. Y.; Mechanics' Hose of Binghamton, Highland Engine of Newburg, Cataract Hose of Goshen, Passaic Engine of Passaic, Excelsior Hook and Ladder of Binghamton. This forenoon the latter company gave an exhibition of the working of the Hayes aerial truck.

Among the guests of various companies were Mayors George E. Green of Binghamton, R. W. Brown of Passaic, and C. G. Lawson of Newburg.

AT THE HOTELS.

—Prince Isenburg of Germany is at the Cambridge.

—Clark Howell of Atlanta, Ga., is at the Marlborough.

—The Rev. Dr. George Washburn of Constantinople is at the Park Avenue.

—R. Montgomery Field of Boston and Prof. Ernst Ewald of Berlin are at the Holland.

—Edward Wemple of Fultonville, N. Y., is at the Normandie.

—Thomas Bailey Aldrich and Henry L. Pierce of Boston are at the Fifth Avenue.

John Barry Will Retire.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—John Barry, Nationalist member of Parliament for the South Division of Wexford County, has announced, in a long letter to the Secretaries of the County Convention, that he will retire from Parliament. He complains that the policy of his party is now directed by individuals intriguing in secret. They, he says, are mainly responsible for the mistakes of the past. "The horror of the country for dissensions and the necessity of unity," Mr. Barry continues, "have been used as levers by men of small discretion and great self-confidence to stifle public judgment and secure immunity from criticism for their schemes. While such a regime continues, supported, as it is, by captured newspapers, I prefer to work outside of Parliament."

Doctors on the Necessity for Pure Milk.

The subject of pure milk was discussed last evening by the section of the New-York Medical Society which deals with the diseases of children, and a report was received from a committee appointed last May to formulate rules for the guidance of dairymen. The report urges owners of cows to have great regard for cleanliness, as milk quickly receives and retains disease germs. Impure water used in washing cans is a great source of danger, the report declares. The report was discussed by several physicians and was accepted.

Five Hundred Horses Burned to Death.

Chicago, Oct. 12.—Frenzied with fright and driven into a stampede by a raging fire that broke out early this evening in the Wallace Street barns of the Chicago City Railway Company, 500 horses were either suffocated or burned to death. The barns were entirely destroyed. They were situated at Wallace and Thirty-ninth Streets and were among the most extensive under the control of the company. They occupied the large brick building two stories in height and extending 400 feet on Wallace Street and 90 on Thirty-ninth.

Not Dead, but in America.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—F. G. Coan, the American missionary who, it was feared, was murdered by Mohammedans at Oroomiah, Persia, sailed for New-York with his wife and child on June 29 last. The London agents of his missionary society say that he went to America for a prolonged rest, and they believe that he is still there. The steamship on which Mr. Coan sailed was the Phenician. His friends here feel no anxiety for his safety, as they feel certain he has not yet returned to Persia.

Smythe—Miller.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Miss Josephine Miller, daughter of Joseph O. Miller, ex-Register of Westchester County, and Benjamin Evans Smythe, a bookkeeper in the Chemical National Bank of New-York, were married to-day at St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church in Mount Kisco. The marriage service was performed by the Rev. W. A. Chadwick of that church. The **bride was given away by her father.**

WEDDINGS.

Topping—Osborne.

Miss Lillian Osborne, daughter of Judge William J. Osborne of the City Court of Brooklyn, was married to James P. Topping, also of Brooklyn, last evening. The wedding took place at 8 P. M., in the First Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, the pastor of which, the Rev. Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall, officiated. The best man was Frederick W. Beassom, and Frank R. Parsons, Edwin C. Ward, Edward F. Ross, Louis H. Osborne, Edward W. Ditmars, and Henry T. Lampher were the ushers. The bride was given away by her father. Her gown was of white satin imperial. Miss Heloise Braine, daughter of Leonard Braine, was the maid of honor, and was attired in a gown of yellow silk. The bridesmaids, Miss Leila Grey Van Wyck, daughter of Judge Van Wyck, Miss Helen Topping, Miss Maud L. Darrien, and Miss Mabel T. Stanwood, were attired in gowns of yellow and white-striped satin. The reception was given at the home of Judge and Mrs. Osborne, 130 Amity Street. Brooklyn fashionable society was well represented. Among the guests were Admiral and Mrs. D. L. Braine, Samuel D. Tompkins, Francis A. Watson, Miss Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Fayette R. Plumb, Mrs. Thomas S. Pope, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Davenport, Edward F. Ross, Walter H. Fox, Frank H. Parsons, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Otis, Miss Mapleson, Samuel Duffield Osborne, Miss Maud Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wernberg, Dr. John A. McCorkle, Edward West, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Blank, ex-Congressman and Mrs. Felix Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Richard W. Bainbridge, Mr. and Mrs. John Oscar Ball, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson G. Carman, William Van Wyck, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Stoddard, Judge and Mrs. Bartlett, Judge and Mrs. Abbott, Judge Cullen, Judge and Mrs. Van Wyck, Judge and Mrs. Clement, Judge and Mrs. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Tunis G. Bergen, Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Litchfield, Mrs. John Herriman, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Woodward, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Colvin, Mr. and Mrs. George Weightman, Mrs. James Elliott, Miss Copeland, Mr. and Mrs. T. Willard Kiley, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin McCoy, Miss McCoy, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Babcock, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Knox, and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Peters. Mr. and Mrs. Topping will live at the Columbia, in Pineapple Street, Brooklyn.

Hadden—Remer.

Miss Elizabeth Edith Remer, daughter of John A. Remer of 66 West One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, was married to Theodore Irving Hadden last evening. The ceremony took place in the Holy Trinity Church, Harlem, at Lenox Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-second Street, at 8 o'clock, and the rector of the church, the Rev. Dr. Bridgeman, officiated. William A. Ten Eyck, J. A. Coffin, A. E. Whitman, Edward Buckhaut, and J. A. Chase were the ushers. Miss Martha Ferenbach, Miss Mamie Peck, Miss Helen Remer, and Miss Grace Ware, the bridesmaids, wore gowns of mauve and yellow silk. Miss Olive Remer was the maid of honor, and Henry C. Hadden was the best man. A reception was given at the home of the bride, and among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Charles Randall, Mr. and Mrs. William Randall, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Ware, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Ware, H. G. Hadden, A. L. Hadden, Miss Hadden, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Crandell, the Misses Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Bridgeman, and Mr. and Mrs. Isaac H. Whitman.

Hatch—McKinlay.

The First Baptist Church, at the Boulevard and Seventy-ninth Street, was the scene of a pretty wedding last evening. Miss Adeline McKinlay, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. James N. McKinlay, was married to Horace Hatch, son of A. S. Hatch of this city. The Rev. W. H. P. Faunce of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church performed the ceremony at 8 o'clock. Edward P. Hatch was the best man. The ushers were Mahlon Day, I. A. McKinlay, D. B. McKinlay, and William R. McKinlay. Miss Emily Hatch was the maid of honor. Her gown was of white silk. Miss Blackwell, Miss Frances of Trenton, N. J.; Miss Cutler of Grand Haven, Mich., and Miss Jane E. Dewey of Plattsburg, N. Y., were the bridesmaids. They wore gowns of yellow silk and satin. A small reception followed the wedding at the home of the bride, 108 West Seventy-ninth Street.

Mather—Floy.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 12.—A brilliant wedding took place at high noon to-day in St. James's Methodist Episcopal Church, when Miss Jane Thacker Floy, daughter of James Floy of this city, was married to Stephen Tyng Mather of Brooklyn. The church was handsomely decorated, and hundreds of fashionable people witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Dr. Edwin W. Burr, pastor of the church, assisted by the Rev. James Montgomery of Brooklyn. The bride looked charming in a gown of ivory-white bengaline. She wore a tulle veil, with orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of bride roses. The maid of honor was Miss Grace S. Floy, sister of the bride. The best man was Robert Sterlingyard of Jersey City. The ushers were Henry and Frederic Floy, brothers of the bride; Albert Lee and George Barry Mallon of New-York City, John Reed Monro of Brooklyn, and Harry Suydam Collette of New-York. A wedding breakfast and reception followed at the home of the bride's parents, 129 West Grand Street. This evening Mr. and Mrs. Mather started on an extended bridal tour.

Waterworth—Alexander.

NEW-BRIGHTON, S. I., Oct. 12.—Christ Church was the scene of a brilliant wedding yesterday, when Miss Margaret Davenport Alexander, eldest daughter of H. Eugene Alexander, and Henry W. Waterworth of London, England, were united in marriage. The pretty church was crowded to the doors long before 4 o'clock, the hour for the ceremony, by fashionable people from towns on the island and from New-York and other places. The chancel was profusely decorated with plants and flowers. The ceremony was a full choral one, and when the bridal party reached the church, the boy choir from St. Mary's Church, New-York, preceded it up the main aisle, singing. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Davenport of New-York, grandfather of the bride, assisted by the Rev. Archdeacon Johnson, rector of the church. The bride was given away by her father. The bride wore a plain gown of white silk, with a full train. The maid of honor, little Miss May Wheeler Alexander, wore pink swiss, while the bridesmaids, Miss Mabel Bonner, Miss Julia Beverly Robinson, Miss Helen Neilson, Miss Lily King, and the Misses Mabel and Annie Alexander, wore white figured swiss and large hats with white ostrich plumes. The best man was J. E. Grote Higgens of New-York, and the ushers were Rudolph H. Kissel of Morristown, N. J.; Frederick Eldrich and Norman Henderson of New-York, and Eugene Alexander, brother of the bride. A reception was given at Mr. Alexander's home, on Clinton Avenue, to 100 relatives and friends. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. George Bonner, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Deur Irving, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Boardman, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Telfair, Mr. and Mrs. Norman S. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Cabot, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Conyingham, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Davidge, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. Aquila Rich, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Greenfield, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Emmons, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. S. Trask, Mrs. George D. Johnson and Miss Annie Johnson, Mrs. Herman D. Caesar and the Misses Caesar, Mr. and Mrs. James McNamee and the Misses McNamee, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Crowell, Mr. and Mrs. Lyman B. Frieze, and Mrs. J. K. West.

Gould—White.

BAYONNE, N. J., Oct. 12.—Bergen Point society, with a delegation from Staten Island, assembled in the Bergen Point Reformed Church in large numbers last evening and witnessed the wedding of Miss Harriet Stone White of this city and Mr. Edward Wanton Gould of Staten Island. The bride is a daughter of the late Samuel C. White, and one of the most popular young ladies in Bergen Point. The bridegroom is a well-known member of the New-York Stock Exchange, the son of the late Edward Gould. The Rev. T. E. Inglis, pastor of the Reformed Church, officiated. He was assisted by Bishop Johnson. Attired in a gown of white satin, trimmed with Duchesse lace, the bride entered the church at 8 o'clock, accompanied by her brother, Edward F. White. Miss Minnie W. Letcher of Richmond, Ky., who wore white, was the maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Edith Downer of Orange, N. J.; Miss Bessie Taylor of Bergen Point, and Miss Annie W. Wadsworth of Milton, Mass. They wore green and white. Harry Janssen of Staten Island was the best man. Otis Wood of Staten Island, Harry Cozzens of Newport, R. I., and Gilbert T. Gale of Spring Valley, N. Y., were the ushers. There was a reception after the ceremony at 125 East First Street, the residence of the bride's brother. Mr. and Mrs. Gould **will make their home at Livingston, S. I.**

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

—The Earl of Aberdeen has informed the Canadian Government that Rideau Hall, the Viceregal residence in Ottawa, is too small to accommodate his household, which consists of forty-two persons. The Minister of Public Works purposes to add a new wing to the building, but the house is described as an irregularly-built and ancient rookery, which can only be warmed and kept in repair at great expense yearly, and it is urged that, as a measure of economy, it be sold and a suitable building be erected for the Governor General's use.

—Postmaster P. C. Young of Provincetown, Mass., who has served for nearly a quarter of a century, has tendered his resignation, to take effect at the expiration of his present term in March next, because a stroke of paralysis, from which he has only partially recovered, has made it not easy for him to continue to discharge the duties of his office.

—Boston public spirit seems at length to be aroused, after the expiration of 100 years, to the humiliating fact that the grave of John Hancock, in the old Granary burying ground in that city, is unmarked save by a small cracked and moss-covered stone, inscribed: "No. 16. Tomb of Hancock." Efforts are being made to raise funds for a suitable monument.

—The Philadelphia Bar Association has presented to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals a bas-relief marble bust of the late Justice Joseph P. Bradley, the venerable George W. Biddle making the presentation speech. The bust has been placed in the courtroom in the Post Office Building in that city.

—Prof. David P. Todd of Amherst College has already begun making preparations for an expedition to Japan with other scientists in 1896 to view the total eclipse of the sun scheduled for Aug. 9 of that year. The party will be a large one, and the instruments numerous and of the most improved kinds.

—President Eliot of Harvard University is to read a paper on educational topics in Dwight Hall, New-Haven, this evening.

SMALL TALK.

—Baltimore has a blind boatman. His boat was stolen by some worthless fellows the other day, and subsequently abandoned and picked up. He claimed it, and when told that he must identify it, did so, not by telling its color and model, as a man with good eyes might do, but by giving the positions of all the nails and the chinks in the boat, where splinters had been knocked off, and so on. Then, being admitted, he went all over it with his careful touch, finally said, "Yes, it is mine," and rowed away, successfully avoiding the dozens of other boats, tugs, &c., that were moving around.

—The State of Wisconsin had a narrow escape from losing its Capitol in Madison by fire a few days ago. The flames when discovered had burned through the floor of a workroom, charred the partitions, and damaged the furniture. In an adjoining room were the invaluable records of the Land Office.

—One of the star attractions in a theatrical piece being played in Boston is a live caribou, four months old, from Maine, which the papers call Nimrod, because that is the name which has been given to it. It is said to be a knowing little fellow, not unlike a greyhound in appearance.

—Mrs. S. L. Barton, lecturing before a temperance society in Boston, condemned cider as "the devil's kindling wood," and said that she had persuaded over a thousand children in the towns of Holbrook and Abington alone to agree to abstain from its use.

—The undesirable epithet, "uninteresting," applied to the energetic City of Newark, N. J., in Baedeker's Guide Book to the United States, is to be eliminated from the second and corrected edition.

—Charles Decker, a ticket seller at the Sixty-second Street gate of the Chicago fair grounds, sold 17,800 souvenir admission tickets on Chicago Day, and won the box of cigars offered by Superintendent Tucker to the man selling the largest number. He is an old circus ticket seller.

NUGGETS.

—"Is your appetite capricious?" asked the physician who had been called in to see Farmer Meddergrass.

"That's what it is, doctor," replied the granger. "Some days I eat liver and bacon all right, an' then again it seems as if nothin' would do but corned beef an' cabbage, or sauerkraut an' sausages."—Harper's Bazar.

—What do those mysterious Chinese signs mean so conspicuously displayed on Harrison Avenue? Are they innocent announcements of wares for sale, or do they flaunt in the face of the unsuspecting policeman some such legend as "Fan-tan. Come in and make a fortune. Open every day, and Sundays after Sabbath school."—Boston Traveller.

—Close of the Vacation Season.—He—Sad to think that we should take our different paths in life after the pleasant times we have had together.

She—Yes, parting is sad, but, then, think of the happy memories we shall always have of each other! And without parting we should never experience that pleasure.—Boston Transcript.

—Little Ethel (laying down a book)—Do Princes always dress in silk an' velvet, an' wear a cap with a white feather, an' ride a sweet little white pony?

Mother—Not now, my pet. They dress just like other boys.

Little Ethel (sadly)—Then I guess I'll never marry.—Good News.

—He—With you I should be the most contented of men.

She—But how could we live without an income?

He—You forget that contentment is riches.

She—And you forget that riches have wings.—Vogue.

—"Is your husband working on a salary, Mrs. Brown?"

"Oh, no; the firm gives him a stipend; I heard him say so."—Detroit Free Press.

Brig. Gen. Carlin's Report.

Washington, Oct. 12.—Brig. Gen. William P. Carlin, United States Army, commanding the Military Department of the Columbia, which includes the States of Oregon, Washington, and part of Idaho and the Territory of Alaska, devotes a large part of his annual report to the Secretary of War, just received at the War Department, urging the necessity for the abandonment of some small posts in the department because of their inaccessibility and the establishment of larger posts in place of them at points near railroads and the large cities and towns. Gen. Carlin recommends the discontinuance of Fort Spokane, Washington, and the construction of a post near Spokane Falls. Fort Townsend, he says, is useless to protect the cities and harbors on Puget Sound, and he thinks the garrison should be removed to some important point.

Christian Endeavor Work.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 12.—The second day of the Christian Endeavor State Convention opened with 1,800 delegates present in the Taylor Opera House. The Rev. F. Edward Young, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Asbury Park, made an interesting and instructive address on "Our Life-Saving Stations." The Nominating Committee renominated the old officers, and in addition named the Rev. C. D. Mason of Bridgeton and Hamilton Turner of Wenodle as members of the Executive Committee. All were elected by acclamation. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the liquor traffic and race-track gambling. At the afternoon session Miss Alice Spangenberg of Netherwood spoke on the composition and work of missionary committees.

READING, Penn., Oct. 12.—The attendance at the Christian Endeavor Convention this afternoon and evening was very large. Two meetings were held this evening, one for citizens of Reading in Metropolitan Hall and the other for delegates in the First Presbyterian Church. President Charles Roads of Philadelphia presided at the citizens' meeting, which was opened by a song service, followed by an address by the Rev. B. W. Anthony of Springdale on "The Fundamental Principles and History of the Christian Endeavor Society."

WHO WILL BE CONTROLLER

TAMMANY, IT IS SAID, MAY "TURN DOWN" MR. MYERS.

Mr. Myers Himself Thinks It Looks as if He Was Not to be Renominated, but It Doesn't Seem to Worry Him—Republicans Are Discussing Him as a Candidate If Dropped by Tammany—J. P. Fallon Wiped Off the Slate for City Court Judge—Replaced by Lewis J. Conlan.

"Who is going to be nominated for Controller?"

This question was the one asked most generally in political circles yesterday. It was invariably followed up with the query:

"Is Controller Myers to be turned down by Tammany?"

Some said, with great positiveness, that Mr. Myers would be "turned down." Others declared, with more caution, that it would be just as well to wait a day or two before coming to a conclusion.

Mr. Myers himself leaned toward the opinion that Tammany was not going to renominate him. When seen by a reporter for The New-York Times yesterday afternoon, Mr. Myers was in very cheerful spirits. The prospect of a "turning down" did not appear to be weighing very heavily upon his mind.

"Do you expect to be renominated by Tammany Hall?" he was asked.

The Controller smiled and said: "No one has spoken to me upon the subject."

"What is your own opinion?"

"I suppose if I was to be renominated I would have been informed of it before this. It is now within three or four days of the convention. From the fact that I have not heard a word I think that I probably will not be renominated."

"When you were indorsed by Tammany Hall three years ago did you know of the proposed indorsement as long before it was given as it is now before the Tammany convention?"

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Myers.

Mr. Myers never joined Tammany Hall.

When questioned as to the possibility of his accepting an independent nomination if one was offered to him, he declined to discuss the subject. It is known that he said very recently to a friend that under no circumstances would he accept a nomination from the Republicans. The sub-committee of the Nominating Committee appointed at Wednesday night's Republican County Convention met yesterday afternoon in Grand Opera House Hall after the meeting of the Republican County Committee's Executive Committee and discussed ways and means to secure candidates to go upon the local Republican ticket. The idea of indorsing Controller Myers in case Tammany did not nominate him was discussed, but no conclusion was arrived at. Some of the members of the committee are very much opposed to the nomination or indorsement of any Democrat this year. They want a straight Republican ticket, no matter how badly it may be beaten.

Some of the Democratic politicians were positive that, while it was not certain that Mr. Myers would be renominated, it was certainly not settled that he was to be left off the ticket. One of the leaders in this city said:

"The fact that Mr. Myers has not been spoken to about the nomination as yet does not signify anything. I do not believe that there is a man on top of the earth to-day who could tell positively who will be nominated for Controller, Sheriff, or District Attorney. Mr. Croker usually uses excellent judgment. He hears all that is to be said up to last moment and then makes up his mind as to what is best to be done. To my mind, the question of the nomination for Controller is by no means settled."

Another name was wiped off the slate made up by some of the politicians for the city and county ticket yesterday. It was that of Joseph P. Fallon, now Justice of the Ninth Judicial District Civil Court, who up to yesterday noon was supposed to be pretty sure of a nomination for the City Court bench to succeed Judge Henry P. McGown. At noon it was semi-officially announced that the nomination would go to Lewis J. Conlan of the Tenth Assembly District, who was strongly backed for the place by ex-Register John Reilly, leader of the Tenth District. The practical agreement to nominate Mr. Conlan was reached on the ground that at least one of the Judges should be nominated from below Fourteenth Street, as almost all the members of the local judiciary now live up town.

This much of the slate was regarded as reasonably certain yesterday:

For Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Miles Beach to succeed himself.

For Judge of the City Court, Lewis J. Conlan to succeed Henry P. McGown.

For Judge of the City Court, James M. Fitzsimons to succeed himself.

Under this arrangement, Civil Justice Fallon will probably be renominated to succeed himself in the Ninth District Court. A formidable candidate for this nomination, with Fallon out of the running, was ex-Assistant District Attorney David Welch. He would have had the backing of many powerful Tammany men had Mr. Fallon been nominated for the City Court. Mayor Gilroy is well disposed toward him.

Patrick Keenan, Tammany leader in the Sixth District, was added yesterday to the list of candidates for the Shrievalty nomination. He may be one of the "below Fourteenth Street" dark horses.

For Controller, with Mr. Myers out, J. Edward Simmons was mentioned, as was also City Chamberlain Joseph J. O'Donohue and Peter F. Meyer.

The fact that John H. V. Arnold will be named as one of the Senatorial district delegates to the Constitutional Convention apparently takes away the possibility of his being nominated for Surrogate. It is not settled as yet whether Surrogate Ransom will be renominated.

Nelson Smith, Chairman of the Tammany General Committee, is said to be a candidate for District Attorney.

TAMMANY AFTER A RECORD.

Means to Send the Best Men Possible to the Constitutional Convention.

Tammany is going to make the best showing it can so far as Senatorial district delegates to the Constitutional Convention are concerned. The list has been prepared with the greatest care. Some very prominent Democrats who are not members of Tammany have been placed upon it. It was the completion of this list that kept the Executive Committee or Committee of Thirty of Tammany so long in session at Wednesday night's meeting at the Wigwam.

Richard Croker was very particular about this list. He wants to have Tammany make a record for itself in the convention. The men who will be nominated as delegates Saturday night will be men qualified to discuss the building of a new Constitution with intelligence and wisdom.

Some of the district leaders had candidates for delegates, whom they had chosen rather for their political services than for their legal abilities. These leaders were "reasoned" with, and the great importance of sending men of brains and ability to the convention was pointed out to them. Five delegates are to be chosen from each Senatorial district.

None of the delegates at large nominated by the Democratic State Convention at Saratoga last week were from this city. The list was so arranged that no delegate at large should be named from New-York County. There was a specific purpose in this. The plan was to nominate the delegates at large from the Republican counties up the State to awaken interest among the Democrats of those counties and make them do their utmost to get out the biggest vote possible. No such added interest, it was thought, was necessary in this city.

It was also quite an easy matter for the Democratic managers to put the men they wanted most to go to the Constitutional Convention upon the list of delegates from the Senatorial districts, and in making up this list men were in some cases placed upon the slate for nomination in Senatorial districts in which they do not live, although, wherever it was possible, district lines were adhered to.

The list will not be made public until the men upon it are placed in nomination at the various Senatorial District Conventions to-morrow night. The list, however, is known to include ex-Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney, who will probably be nominated at the convention of the Seventh Senatorial District. Mr. Whitney, it is understood, has decided to accept the nomination. He is not a member of Tammany, but the organization takes great pleasure in sending him to the convention. Others who are slated for nomination are John Bigelow, John M. Bowers, E. H. Dickerson, ex-President of the Board of Aldermen John H. V. Arnold, W. H. Willis, David McClure, Nelson Smith, Andrew H. Green, Nelson J. Waterbury, John A. Deady, Delos McCurdy, ex-Judge Stephen Blake, and Charles Goeller.

DEMOCRATIC ASSEMBLY NOMINEES.

Many Members Renominated, but Several Old Leaders Rejected.

The Tammany Hall Assembly conventions held in this city last night nominated the candidates named below. Reference to the list of names placed in nomination shows that some well-known legislators have had their pictures turned toward the wall. In the Eleventh District, where there is a good fighting chance for the Republicans, Percival Farquhar was rejected and Frederick W. McCloy, editor of a dramatic paper, was nominated in his place. Walter W. Bahan, of course, failed of a renomination in the Ninth, and William J. McDermott was named in his place. Bahan will run as an independent. Daniel J. Gleason was nominated in the Eighteenth. This indicates that no deal has been made with ex-Judge Murray. If one had been made, Assemblyman McManus, who defeated the Tammany candidate last year, would have been named last night for the Assembly by Tammany. William B. Ellison was not renominated in the Twenty-third, but he was not a candidate. George C. Coffin, President of the Pontiac Club, was nominated in his place. He is a well-known lawyer, a graduate of Dartmouth College, and is about forty-two years of age. William H. Walker of the Eighth, Louis Drypolcher of the Fifteenth are among the old Assemblymen who are left off the list. Michael J. Callahan, a saloon keeper, was nominated in the Second, and Police Justice Divver kept the promise made to him some time ago. John C. Stein was nominated in Otto Kempner's place in the Seventh District. Several of the old-timers will go back, including George P. Webster.

The Tenth District renominated Speaker William Sulzer with great enthusiasm.

The fact that an adjournment was taken in the Nineteenth may indicate that a change may be made in the Senate "slate," and that T. J. O'Sullivan will be renominated for the Assembly. There was also an adjournment in the Twenty-first.

The list follows. A star (*) precedes the names of the Assemblymen who have been renominated:

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	John H. D. Vehslage.	16.	Victor J. Dowling.
2.	Michael J. Callahan.	17.	Patrick F. Trainor.
3.	*Jacob B. Mittnacht.	18.	Daniel J. Gleason.
4.	*Patrick H. Roche.	19.	Adjourned to Oct. 16.
5.	*Samuel J. Foley.	20.	William H. McKeon.
6.	*Moses Dinklespiel.	21.	Adjourned.
7.	John C. Stein.	22.	Michael F. Tobin.
8.	Thomas O'Donnell.	23.	George C. Coffin.
9.	Wm. J. McDermott.	24.	Robert B. Stadifeld.
10.	*William Sulzer.	25.	*John Keleher.
11.	Frederick W. McCloy.	26.	*Louis Davidson.
12.	Edward B. La Fetra.	27.	*George P. Webster.
13.	*Jas. H. Southworth.	28.	*James F. Reilly.
14.	John Corrigan.	29.	*Arthur C. Butts.
15.	Otto Schillinger.	30.	*Charles C. Marvin.

SENATE NOMINATIONS DECIDED.

Tammany's Slate Complete with the Exception of One District.

It was decided yesterday that Assemblyman Frank A. O'Donnel of the Twelfth Assembly District should get the Tammany nomination for the State Senate in the Tenth Senate District, to succeed Senator Thomas Cunningham, who filled the vacancy in the Senate caused by the death of Senator Edward P. Hagan.

Mr. O'Donnel has served one term in the Assembly, was a close friend of Senator Hagan, and has always been a Tammany Hall man. He had the solid backing of his Assembly District in his canvass for the Senatorial nomination.

Senator George W. Plunkitt's refusal to be a candidate to succeed himself in the Eleventh Senatorial District, owing to ill health, had been anticipated by the leaders in that district, and his successor was agreed upon yesterday. The man selected for the nomination is Assemblyman J. C. Wolff of the Sixteenth Assembly District. The whole city Senate slate was practically agreed upon last night, with one exception, the Thirteenth Senate District. The slate is as follows:

Seventh District—Gen. Martin T. McMahon.
Eighth District—John F. Ahearn.
Ninth District—Timothy D. Sullivan.
Tenth District—Frank A. O'Donnell.
Eleventh District—J. C. Wolff.
Twelfth District—T. C. O'Sullivan.
Fourteenth District—Jacob A. Cantor.

The renominations will be Messrs. McMahon, Ahearn, and Cantor.

Mr. Roesch to Succeed Judge Steckler.

Senator George F. Roesch will be nominated by Tammany to succeed Civil Justice Steckler, and Assemblyman Daniel F. Martin will be nominated to succeed Civil Justice Lachman. Mr. Roesch will be retired from the Tammany leadership of the Seventh Assembly District. There has been some dissatisfaction with him as a district leader, and his retirement as a leader may be an intimation that the Stecklers are coming back into the Tammany fold. Henry W. Illwitzer is said to be slated to succeed Mr. Roesch as the leader.

Mr. Sheehan Begins Work.

Lieut. Gov. Sheehan and Secretary De Freest opened the Democratic State Headquarters, in West Twenty-fourth Street, yesterday afternoon, and the work of the canvass will now be conducted in part from that place. Mr. Sheehan said everything was in good shape. A number of State officers were in the city yesterday and saw Mr. Sheehan. Secretary of State Rice, Controller Campbell, State Treasurer Danforth, Deputy Treasurer Church, Railroad Commissioner Beardsley, and Bank Superintendent Preston were among the callers, and it is surmised that the Judge Maynard end of the campaign was specially discussed. Richard Croker had a conference with Mr. Sheehan last night.

Smith M. Weed Frees His Mind.

Smith M. Weed was in the Fifth Avenue Hotel lobby yesterday afternoon. "The machine bought two of our men and stole three others in the convention," he said, "so that I cannot express myself as being entirely gratified at the outcome. There is a great deal of dissatisfaction with the ticket put up by the machine Democrats, especially with the nomination of Maynard. A great many of the Democrats in my county will bolt Maynard and vote for Bartlett." When asked what he would do in that connection, Mr. Weed smiled grimly, but declined to commit himself.

Republican Senate Nominations.

The Republican Senatorial Conventions held in this city last night nominated candidates as follows:

7.	Andrew J. Campbell.	11.	Thos. F. Wentworth.
8.	Meets Oct. 16.	12.	Adjourned to Oct. 16.
9.	John Schmidling.	13.	Abraham Gruber.
10.	Adjourned to Oct. 16.	14.	Columbus O. Johnson.

Notes of the Campaign.

—The Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee held the first of its regular Thursday morning meetings at the headquarters at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday. Not much will be done until Mr. Platt returns from Chicago.

—The Republican Club is arranging for a mass meeting to indorse the Republican ticket next Wednesday night. The leading speakers will be Charles Emory Smith of Philadelphia and Congressman Sereno E. Payne.

—Two meetings were held in the Fifth Judicial District last night to oppose the renomination for Civil Justice of Henry M. Goldfogle.

A Parricide Hunted for Thirteen Years.

Nearly thirteen years ago, on Christmas Day, Felix Rooney cut the throat of his father, Thomas Rooney, at their home in the tenement house at 407 West Thirty-ninth Street. At first it was believed that the elder Rooney had committed suicide, but it was discovered later that a general fight followed a carousal in the Rooney rooms, and that Felix had cut his father's throat because the old man attacked him with a knife. When the police discovered that Rooney had been murdered by his son, Felix had disappeared. Since the murder the police have traced the parricide to many places, but he has always escaped whenever they discovered where he was. Several times he has visited his relatives in the city, but each time he disappeared when the police were about to arrest him. Two or three weeks ago Capt. Devery of the Eldridge Street Police Station was informed that Felix Rooney was in a lodging house at 20 Bowery. The house was searched, but Rooney had again disappeared. The police reserves were ordered out and searched every lodging house in the neighborhood, but Rooney was not found. The police are still watching for him, as they believe he is still in the city.

Indians and Civil Service Reform.

MOHONK LAKE, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The second morning's session of the Lake Mohonk Conference of Friends of the Indian was opened to-day with prayer by the Rev. Edward Everett Hale. There was a very large attendance, and the liveliest interest was manifested in the proceedings. The papers read and the general trend of comments on them strongly favored the strict application of civil service reform principles to officials employed in the administration of Indian affairs.

ONE DAY'S FIRES IN NEW-YORK.

(From 1:30 A. M. Thursday to 1:30 A. M. Friday.)

3 A. M.—1,681 Park Avenue; Rooney & McParlin; damage trifling; cause unknown.
12:05 P. M.—135 Canal Street; Louis & Schwager; damage trifling; cause unknown.
3:20 P. M.—4 Maiden Lane; Henry Dreyfuss & Co. and others; damage, $6,100; insured; cause unknown.
7:45 P. M.—442 East Seventh Street; Louis Demiling; damage, contents, $200; building, $100; insured; cause, lamp explosion.
7:45 P. M.—155 East Twenty-seventh Street; damage, $25; insured; cause, curtain igniting from gas jet.
8 P. M.—241 Rider Avenue; the America Gold and Silver Refrigerator Company; damage, contents, $100; building, $100; insured; cause unknown.
8 P. M.—59 Beekman Street; Shumacher & Johnson; damage, contents, $2,000; building, $500; cause unknown.

YOUNG SIMON KLEIN'S PLUCK.

Saved Three Girls and a Satchel of Jewelry from a Burning Building.

A short-lived but extremely dangerous fire at 4 Maiden Lane yesterday afternoon caused a second alarm to be quickly rung, and brought half the wagons of the Insurance Patrol Service to the menaced spot, which is in the heart of the jewelry district.

It also enabled Simon Klein, twelve years old, to distinguish himself by first carrying a satchel of jewelry to a place of safety and afterward liberating three panic-stricken girls from the top story.

The ground floor is occupied by the jewelry store of J. T. Scott, the first floor by H. Dreyfuss & Co., jewelers, and the upper three floors by Dattelbaum & Friedman, manufacturing jewelers.

Fourteen men and three girls, employed by the last-mentioned firm, were at work on the fifth floor yesterday, when a rush of smoke and flame disturbed them. Fire had started in a heap of rubbish in a closet under the stairs leading from the first to the second story. Gaining abundant headway before it was discovered, it licked up the rest of the old wooden stairway and poured stifling smoke into every part of the tinderbox structure.

Instantly there was wild scurrying to throw jewels into safes and to dash for the fire escapes on the front of the building. The male hands from the various floors clambered down the iron ladders to the first story and reached the sidewalk with the aid of a wooden ladder, hoisted by workmen employed on a new building across the street. The three girls in the fifth story were too scared to make the descent, despite the exhortations of the men.

At this moment young Simon Klein shamed his elders by a rare display of presence of mind and pluck. Having carried down his precious satchel of jewelry and deposited it in safe custody, he climbed back to the fifth story, opened a scuttle in the roof, and guided the frightened girls over a brick partition to the adjoining building, and thence to the street.

After the firemen had drenched out the flames, and the smoke had vanished through the charred and broken windows, the employes of the various firms gathered up many valuable rings, pins, and trinkets that had been dropped beside the workbenches. Many of them also recovered their soaking coats and hats, which had been left behind in the stress of their panic and flight. The police took especial pains to identify those who were permitted to re-enter the wreck, and several detectives aided in keeping a sharp watch for thieves.

The loss on the building, which is owned by Dreyfuss & Co., is estimated at $6,100. The building was insured. The loss to the tenants, which consists chiefly in damage by water and the injury or destruction of delicate machinery, is estimated at $5,000.

RECEPTION TO M. GUILMANT.

Many of the Composer's Works Heard Here for the First Time.

M. Alexandre Guilmant, the French organist, of La Trinité, Paris, was tendered a reception last evening by Mrs. M. R. Williams and Miss Charlotte Welles of 109 East Twenty-eighth Street. The feature of the social entertainment was a musicale, which followed the reception at 9 o'clock.

The following compositions by M. Guilmant were performed for the first time in this country:

I.
March Triomphale, duo..........Piano and organ
Miss Welles and William C. Carl.
II.
Prière, in F, trio..........Violin, piano, and organ
Mr. Hasselbrink, violin.
M. Agramonte, piano.
Gerrit Smith, organ.
III.
Deux Romances sans paroles, solos.......Violoncello
Emil Schenck.
Piano accompaniment by Miss Amy Fay.
IV.
"Ce que dit le Silence," Rêverie..........Soprano
Fräulein Irene Pevny.
Piano and organ accompaniment.......... { Mr. Woodman, piano. Mr. Bowman, organ.
V.
Mélodie, solo..........Violin
Miss Maud Powell.
Piano and organ accompaniment.......... { F. G. Dossart piano. W. A. Brice, organ.

Then followed a cantata called "Belshazzar," the words by Edouard Guinaud, and the music by M. Guilmant. The parts were taken by well-known soloists and by thirty-four members of the choir of the Church of the Incarnation.

Among the guests were Demetrius N. Botassi, Consul General from Greece; Miss Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Roswell Hallstead, Charles Calverley, the Rev. and Mrs. Duffield, Dr. M. A. Roche, Georgie Mason, Dudley Buck, and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Seaich.

BROOKLYN DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

Assembly Candidates Named in All the Districts Except the Tenth.

The following Democratic candidates for the Assembly were nominated last evening in Brooklyn:

First District—William J. Plant of the Second Ward.
Second District—John A. Hennessy of the Tenth Ward.
Third District—John J. O'Connor of the Fifth Ward.
Fourth District—Joseph J. Cahill of the Sixth Ward.
Fifth District—Henry Byrne of the Seventh Ward.
Sixth District—Michael E. Finnegan of Flatbush.
Seventh District—William J. Hughes of the Eleventh Ward.
Eighth District—John J. Cain of the Twelfth Ward.
Ninth District—William E. Melody of the Thirteenth Ward.
Tenth District.—Adjourned.
Eleventh District—Adam Schaaff of the Sixteenth Ward.
Twelfth District—Joseph F. Loonan of the Seventeenth Ward.
Thirteenth District—John W. Smith of the Twenty-first Ward.
Fourteenth District—George H. Deitsch of the Twenty-second Ward.
Fifteenth District—Daniel B. Thompson.
Sixteenth District—James Graham of Flatlands.
Seventeenth District—Daniel J. Cox of the Twenty-sixth Ward.
Eighteenth District—Joseph Bender of the Twenty-eighth Ward.

A Gun Carriage for the Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—An Ohio concern will probably build a fifty-thousand-dollar gun carriage for the army. The carriage is intended to support the ten-inch rifle, and, if everything is satisfactory after a competitive test, in which rival mounts will participate, the carriage will be adopted for the sea-coast defenses. The carriage is known as the Gordon carriage, and is of the disappearing variety. It will be placed in the battery at the Army Ordnance Proving Ground, at Sandy Hook, and at first will be used in firing ten-inch weapons.

The Morgan Engineering Company of Alliance, who have done similar work for the Government, will very likely receive the contract for building this carriage. If their bid is accepted, they will receive $47,700, with $3,950 for setting up the carriage at Sandy Hook on a foundation which must be prepared by the ordnance officers.

Mrs. Meyer Has Not Confessed.

One of the periodical reports that Mrs. Meyer, wife of Dr. Henry C. W. Meyer, who is charged with wholesale poisoning to swindle insurance companies, had confessed and agreed to turn State's evidence, was set afloat yesterday, and, at first, gained a certain amount of credence. The authority for the story was Mrs. Hilah Woram, who was on Wednesday released from the Tombs. Mrs. Woram stated that while there she had ben made the recipient of Mrs. Meyer's entire confidence. Mrs. Meyer, her husband's lawyer, and Assistant District Attorney McIntyre all said Mrs. Woram's statement was untrue.

New Cases of Yellow Fever.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Oct. 12.—Eighteen new cases of yellow fever were reported to-day. Cases under treatment, 216; discharged, 123; died, 19; total, 358. Ratio of mortality, 5.3 per cent.

Artistic Work in Gold and Silver.

The October London Art Journal contains a review of art-metal work at the Chicago Exhibition, and especially compliments the exhibit by Messrs. Tiffany & Co. of this city. "Passing to the exhibit of Messrs. Tiffany & Co.," The Art Journal says, "one finds a display more varied in expression and original in design, more distinctive and individual, than the work of any other firm in the art-metal group. And, above all, we must note the distinctively American characteristics of many of the exhibits here." The article describes the beautiful magnolia vase and says: "Judging by the productions exhibited, one may well be in doubt whether our much-boasted European pre-eminence in these things is to last much longer, and whether, after all, we shall not in the near future be compelled to regard the firms of New-York as at least our equals, if not our superiors, in the production of high-class gold and silver work." Such warm praise coming from so high a source must be almost as gratifying to American gold and silver workers in general as to Tiffany & Co.

SAY "SHEEHANISM" MUST GO

HOME-RULE DEMOCRATS OF BUFFALO DECLARE WAR.

They Will Have Candidates in All the Assembly Districts of Erie County Except the Fourth, Which Is Held Under Advisement—A Special Effort Is to be Made to Beat Senator Matt Endres with an Independent Candidate—After the Scalps of Councilmen.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 12.—A meeting of the Home Rule Democrats was held in this city yesterday afternoon, at which definite plans were made as to the conduct of the campaign. The meeting was a private one. Discussion was of the most thorough character, and the decision arrived at met the views of all present.

It was resolved that Home Rule Democratic candidates should be put up in all the Assembly districts of the county, except the Fourth District, which was held open for further developments.

When this meeting was held the Republicans of the Fourth District had not selected a candidate; neither had the Sheehan Democrats, and action was, therefore, delayed. Action concerning this district will be taken with full knowledge of what has been done with regard to candidates. The men who will be named for these honors will be of the highest character, and will be the avowed enemies of Sheehanism.

It was decided that a Home Rule Democrat should be named in Senator Matt Endres's district, the Thirtieth, and that every effort should be made to defeat Endres, as an enemy of home rule and the people, and as an obsequious servant of "Boss" Sheehan. To this end a man will be named about whom can rally all the decent Democrats of the district.

George Sandrock and Dr. John B. Coakley, who have been nominated for Councilmen by the Sheehan Democrats, were slated for defeat by the Home Rulers. Dr. Coakley was found to have been acting with Sheehan from the moment he took his seat in the chamber of the Board of Councilmen. His election to George Hayward's vacant chair became possible only because the Cleveland Democrats on the board were deceived. From a nominal Cleveland Democrat he became a Sheehan supporter, and jumped into rivalry for the leadership of the Sheehan forces on the board, and so earned his nomination in a Sheehan convention. It was an easy decision for the home-rule Democrats to reach that they could have nothing in common with Dr. Coakley.

The sizing up of Councilman George Sandrock required more particular care, for he is a cunning man. Before the real Sandrock stood revealed, he had to be unswathed of his outside covering of seeming independence and anti-Sheehanism. He had folded himself in a mist of words to hide his slavish subservience to Sheehan, but the home rulers, with quiet deliberation, proceeded to disrobe Mr. Sandrock, and when they reached the pelt they found Sheehan stamped all over him.

Two honorable, able Democrats, who believe in home rule for cities, who hate the methods through which Sheehan has brought disgrace upon the name of Democracy, will be named as Home Rule Democracy's candidates for Councilmen.

Other candidates are likely to be placed in the field by this independent and patriotic branch of the Democratic Party. So far as can be learned, this outlines the action taken at yesterday afternoon's meeting.

The Republicans of the Thirtieth and Thirty-first Senatorial Districts held their conventions to-day. In the Thirtieth District, Charles H. Lamy was nominated to make the fight against Senator Endres. In the Thirty-first District the county organization received a bad black eye. Harvey J. Hurd had been slated for the nomination, but the convention would have none of him and nominated Henry H. Persons of East Aurora.

These delegates to the Constitutional Convention were nominated: Thirtieth District—H. W. Putnam, Thomas A. Sullivan, James S. Porter, Philip W. Springweiler, and William Tanner. Thirty-first District—Henry W. Hill, Tracy C. Becker, J. W. Carter, George A. Davis, and John Coleman.

In the Thirty-first District the County Committee had set its heart on nominating Sherman S. Rogers as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention. The delegates knew this, and when the vote was taken Mr. Rogers got but 5 votes out of 131.

At the County Convention these nominations were made: County Treasurer—George Baltz; Justice of the Sessions—Lyman F. Parker of Clarence.

HARMONY IN SARATOGA COUNTY.

The Democrats Made Strong Nominations and Feel Hopeful of Success.

BALLSTON, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The Democratic Convention for Saratoga County was held here to-day. Walter I. Cavert, Supervisor of the town of Charlton, was elected Chairman, and Robert Johnson and W. D. McNulty were made the Secretaries. The convention was enthusiastic and harmonious. A strong ticket was nominated, and although the county usually gives a large Republican majority, it is believed that with the earnest efforts which the Democracy will make this year, the ticket named to-day can be elected.

The candidate named for the Assembly is Sidney J. Smith, youngest son of the late Samuel Smith, who was a member of the firm of Samuel Smith & Co., New-Orleans bankers. Although this a Republican district, it is firmly believed that, owing to the personal popularity of Mr. Smith, he will be elected.

Heretofore Mr. Smith has always declined a candidacy for office, which has often been tendered him, but he has ever been an active worker in the cause of Democracy, and contributed liberally to the election fund in the State campaign which resulted in the election of Roswell P. Flower as Governor, as well as to the election fund of last year.

Mr. Smith is a graduate of St. John's Military Academy at Sing Sing, at which institution he was a classmate of Col. George B. McClellan, President of the Common Council of New-York City. Mr. Smith lives on the family homestead at Ballston Spa, spending his Winters in New-York City.

For County Clerk the nominee was Willard J. Miner, a prominent member of the Saratoga bar, who lives at Saratoga Springs. The nominee for School Commissioner for this district is Miss Callaghan of Charlton, who was the candidate two years ago, at which time she ran ahead of her ticket, and now, with the help of the women, she may be elected by a handsome majority.

The other nominees are strong men. Resolutions indorsing the Federal Administration and supporting President Cleveland were presented by the committee, and were warmly received. The administration of Gov. Flower and the action of Senators Hill and Murphy were warmly indorsed, as well as that of the State and district nominees.

A BLOODY CHASM CLOSED.

The Albany County Democratic Factions Come Together.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 12.—From present indications the differences which have existed for months in the ranks of the Albany County Democracy, and which cost the party the county and the seats of two Assemblymen last Fall, have been settled, and next month the party will go to the polls a united one.

The County Convention was held to-day, and it passed off harmoniously. There were contestants from the Fourth Assembly District, but they were not recognized, the Herrick delegates being allowed to retain their seats.

Receiver of Taxes Philip Fitzsimons was elected to preside. Joseph A. Lawson nominated Amasa J. Parker for a second term as Senator.

Mr. Lawson referred to the issues made during the last campaign by Grover Cleveland, and said that they would not be lost sight of during the present canvass. At the mention of the President there was tumultuous applause. Gen. Parker was then unanimously nominated for Senator.

John Bowe, who has filled the office of County Treasurer creditably for the past three years, was renominated on motion of Alderman Donovan. Charles Houck of New-Scotland was nominated for Justice of Sessions, and Michael J. Connors and Michael V. Downs for Coroners.

These nominations were all by acclamation, as was also the selection of the following as delegates to the Constitutional Convention: Judge Edwin Countryman, A. Bleecker Banks, Judge Peter A. Rogers, William Kimmey, and D. P. Kerwin.

RICE AGAINST CUMMINGS.

Nominations Made in the Seventeenth Senatorial District.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The Democrats of the Seventeenth Senatorial District, comprising the counties of Ulster, Greene, Schoharie, and Sullivan, nominated Assemblyman Jacob Rice of this city for Senator at the convention held in this city to-day.

There was a contest, the delegates from Schoharie being determined to nominate James H. Brown. An informal ballot resulted: Rice, 16; Brown, 8, and Clarence E. Bloodgood of Greene 6. On the formal ballot Greene withdrew its candidate, but Schoharie refused to vote for Rice. The ballot resulted: Rice, 34; blank, 6.

The delegates named for the Constitutional Convention were: Greene—John A. Griswold; Schoharie—George L. Danforth; Sullivan—Jacob M. Maybee; Ulster—Howard Chipp, Jr., and George H. Bush.

Alexander Cummings of Coxsackie was nominated for Senator at the Republican convention for the Seventeenth District, also held in this city to-day. James H. Everett of this city was put in nomination, but his name was withdrawn, and Cummings's nomination was made unanimous.

These delegates were elected to the Constitutional Convention: William S. Kenyon and Peter Cantine, Ulster; Emery A. Chase, Greene; Wellington E. Bassler, Schoharie; Reuben R. Jellisse, Sullivan.

TOWNSEND AGAINST CHILDS.

Nominations Made in the First Senatorial District.

JAMAICA, L. I., Oct. 12.—The Democratic Convention for the First Senatorial District, comprising Queens and Suffolk Counties, met here to-day. Solomon S. Townsend of Oyster Bay received the nomination by acclamation.

The faction of the Gleason party opposed to the ex-Mayor sent a contesting delegation from Long Island City. They announced that as Mr. Gleason had nominated himself for Senator they would withdraw their claim to recognition, and support the nominee of the convention.

These delegates were elected to the Constitutional Convention: Edward Floyd Jones, Townsend D. Cook, and Francis McKenna of Queens and Charles R. Street and John Wood of Suffolk.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Oct. 12.—At the First District Republican Senatorial Convention, held here this afternoon, John Lewis Childs of Floral Park was nominated for Senator.

The delegates nominated to the Constitutional Convention were Lucien N. Manley, Frederic Storm, Charles L. Phipps, Nicoll Floyd, and Nathaniel S. Ackerly.

Ex-Speaker Bush Was Defeated.

CORNING, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The Twenty-seventh District Democratic Senatorial Convention reassembled here this afternoon. Dr. J. Franklin Barnes of Watkins was nominated and accepted. Yesterday he declined the nomination, but was prevailed upon to run by Gen. George J. Magee, who went into the convention and placed him in nomination.

Ex-Speaker Robert P. Bush, whose political sponsor is M. H. Arnot of Elmira, was also a candidate to-day. He received 6 votes and Barnes 14. It is said that Bush's friends are greatly displeased over the action of the convention, claiming that because of his wide acquaintance Bush would be much stronger than Barnes, who is unknown outside of Schuyler County. The latter is a machine Democrat, and it is presumed that he will have the backing of Magee, as against the Republican candidate, Smelzer, also from Schuyler County.

It is understood that ex-Speaker Bush will be nominated for the Assembly in Chemung County next Saturday.

The Administration Democrats of the Second Assembly District of Steuben have retired from the contest, since the refusal of the State Convention to seat their delegates. George W. Drake of Corning, who was nominated by them for member of the Assembly, to-day announced that he would not accept the nomination, leaving the field clear for the State machine nominee, John T. Murray of Tuscarora.

An Honest Man Remembered.

KINDERHOOK, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The Columbia County Democratic Convention was held here this afternoon in Village Hall. There was a full attendance of delegates, and as there were no contesting delegations, the slate went through with a rush. Col. Samuel J. Tilden, Chairman of the County Committee, called the convention to order, and George W. Wilkins of Kinderhook was elected Chairman.

Only one name was presented for nomination as member of the Assembly, Jacob H. Hoysradt of Ancram, and he was nominated by acclamation. Mr. Hoysradt has represented his town on the Board of Supervisors for several years, and ought to be remembered as the only Democratic Supervisor who favored a fair count in the famous Osborne-Dean Senatorial steal. He voted sturdily during that canvass with the Republicans, and was then looked upon as an anti-machine Democrat, but he is now a Tilden follower.

Matthew Connor of Stuyvesant was nominated for Sheriff.

A. B. Gray Nominated for the Assembly.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The Republicans of the Second District of Dutchess County met in convention in this city this afternoon to nominate a candidate for the Assembly. Gen. A. B. Smith of Poughkeepsie called the convention to order. George Esslestyn of Rhinebeck was made Permanent Chairman, and Surrogate C. P. Dorland, Secretary.

The roll call was dispensed with, and Gen. Smith nominated A. B. Gray for member of the Assembly. There was no opposition, and the nomination was made unanimously and by acclamation.

Mr. Gray is the proprietor of the Greenvale Stock Farm and has three times represented the town of Wappingers on the Board of Supervisors. He lives near Vassar College, but Poughkeepsie is his Post Office address. After the convention both he and Mr. Leacow, the Senatorial nominee, were entertained at the Dutchess Club.

Amos J. Ablett Nominated for Assembly.

COHOES, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Assemblyman George W. Rivenburgh presided over the Albany Fourth Assembly District Convention of the Republicans, held here to-day. The gathering was harmonious. Ex-Recorder James R. Stevens of Cohoes nominated ex-Supervisor Amos J. Ablett of Cohoes, and William Hollands of West Troy presented the name of William L. Stanley of Watervliet.

On the informal ballot Ablett received 30 and Stanley 23 votes. The nomination of Ablett was then made by acclamation.

It is understood that the Hill Democratic convention to-morrow will make a nomination which will be indorsed by the Herrick convention, to be held on Saturday.

John Berry for the Assembly.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The Democrats of the Second Assembly District of Westchester County held their convention to-day. Stephen J. Stillwell presided.

After the usual contest between the Dillon and Shannon factions from New-Rochelle had been settled by admitting the Dillon delegates, the convention nominated John Berry of Mount Vernon for member of the Assembly.

Mr. Berry has been a life-long resident of this city and is one of its prosperous merchants. For over twenty years he was the Village Treasurer. He has represented the town in the Board of Supervisors. His nomination is thought to be almost an equivalent to an election.

Mr. Berry said to-night that he would not accept the nomination.

Alvin J. Quackenbush for Senator.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Oct. 12.—The Twentieth District Democratic Senatorial Convention met in this city to-night and nominated, by acclamation, Alvin J. Quackenbush for Senator. George E. Bedell of Herkimer, Simon J. Bulger of Montgomery, Judge John W. Crane and James L. Scott of Saratoga, and Samuel W. Jackson of Schenectady were nominated as delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

ASSEMBLY NOMINATIONS.

Sidney J. Smith, (Dem.,) Saratoga County.
Jacob H. Hoystradt, (Dem.,) Columbia County.
John Snyder, (Proh.,) Columbia County.
Charles M. Felton, (Dem.,) Second Oneida District.
A. B. Gray, (Rep.,) Second Dutchess District.
John Berry, (Dem.,) Second Westchester District.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Army News.

FIRST LIEUT. A. D. ANDREWS.—The President has accepted the resignation of First Lieut. A. D. Andrews, United States Army, to take effect to-day. Lieut. Andrews is the son-in-law and personal aide of Major Gen. Schofield, and he resigns to take up the practice of law in New-York City.

BENAI BERITH GOLDEN JUBILEE.

Ten Thousand Persons Present at the Opening Exercises Last Evening.

Ten thousand persons assembled last evening in Grand Central Palace, Lexington Avenue and Forty-third Street, to witness the celebration of the golden jubilee of the Independent Order Benai Berith. The platform was decorated with flags, and above there was a large illuminated inscription. At one end was the date "1843," when the order was founded, and at the other end blazed the date "1893." Between the dates were the initials of the order, "I. O. B. B.," and underneath were the words "Golden Jubilee." The names America, Africa, Europe, Asia, signifying the order has lodges in these continents, followed.

Morris Goodhart was Chairman of the celebration. Among those present were Julius Bien, Grand Master Solomon Sulzberger, S. D. Sewards, Adolph L. Sanger, Julius Harburger, Benjamin F. Spellman, Judge Goldfogle, William Lovenstein, Attorney General S. W. Rosendale, Simon Wolf of Washington, Judge Philip Stein of Chicago, Joseph Koch, William A. Gans, Adolph Hirsh, Treasurer of the order, and S. H. Seligman.

Chairman Goodhart, in opening the meeting, spoke of the order as one of the greatest in the world in doing good and diffusing knowledge. He introduced Julius Bien, who has been prominently connected with the order for the past thirty years.

Mr. Bien, after explaining what good the order had done, referred to the late immigration of Jews from Russia, some of whom did not seem to respect the laws of the country. He said they must learn that offenses against the laws and institutions of this great, free country would not be permitted. The duties of the Jews here were to elevate themselves and all others in every good cause.

Recorder Smyth was to have been the next speaker, but sent a letter of regret, and Simon Wolf was introduced in his place.

Judge Goldfogle, the Grand Master of District No. 1, reviewed its history. He said when it was first founded the Jews in New-York were so few they could be easily counted. Now the order had 350 lodges scattered all over the world. He predicted it would continue to grow and flourish.

The remainder of the evening was spent in listening to Anton Seidl's Orchestra. To-morrow evening the members of the order will have a banquet at the Grand Central Palace and literary and musical exercises at Temple Beth-El, Seventy-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue.

PROBATION AFTER DEATH.

Victory for Missionary Noyes in the Board of Foreign Missions.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 12.—At the largely-attended meeting of the American Board of Foreign Missions here to-day, the vexed question of future probation for the heathen was thrashed over again with a great deal of hot rhetoric.

The matter was brought up by the presentation of a report from the Committee of Fifteen recommending the appointment of the Rev. W. H. Noyes as a missionary in Japan, where he had already done excellent service.

Dr. W. E. Parks offered a resolution, bearing several signatures, adverse to the appointment of Mr. Noyes, whose doctrine of probation after death, it was contended, would involve a permanent change in the theology of the board.

Speaking in favor of Mr. Noyes, the Rev. Mr. Meredith criticised the board as a body which has almost outlived its usefulness. It was useful to the Congregational Church only so far as the Church could use the machinery of the board in its work of foreign missions, but he did not care anything about the machinery, and would break it if he could.

"Where is there any one," said he, "who thinks anything about probation after death, except the American Board? What does it amount to? The teaching that the heathen goes from this earth into eternal darkness is a libel on God."

Joseph Cook, widely known as a lecturer, spoke vehemently against the appointment of a missionary holding the views of Mr. Noyes, and intimated that the board would lose members and money by approving him.

After other brief speeches had been made, the report of the Committee of Fifteen was adopted by 106 yeas to 24 nays.

THE BRAZIL TROOPS DEFEATED.

A Battle in Which Two Hundred Government Soldiers Were Killed.

MONTEVIDEO, Oct. 12.—The insurgents in Rio Grande do Sul surprised and defeated the troops of the Brazilian Government yesterday. The battle was fought at Quaratum. Two hundred of the Government troops were killed, and many more were wounded.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Dispatches from Rio de Janeiro say that the situation there remains unchanged. Desultory firing was kept up by the insurgent squadron throughout the day.

BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 12.—Senhor Ruy Barbosa, the Brazilian Senator who has thrown in his lot with the insurgents, and who subsequently went to Montevideo, is still in that city.

The Argentine cruiser Nueve de Julio, the United States steamer Yantic, and the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon have sailed northward. It is believed that their destination is Rio de Janeiro.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Forecast for Friday: MAINE, NEW-HAMPSHIRE, and VERMONT, fair, followed by increasing cloudiness, variable winds, shifting to east. MASSACHUSETTS, RHODE ISLAND, and CONNECTICUT, fair, followed in the afternoon by showers near the coast, winds shifting to east.

EASTERN NEW-YORK, fair, followed by showers near the coast, winds shifting to northeast and increasing in force.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA, NEW-JERSEY, DELAWARE, and MARYLAND, increasing cloudiness and rain, northeast winds, increasing in force. VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA, rain, northeast gales. SOUTH CAROLINA and GEORGIA, heavy rain on the coast, rain, followed by fair, in the interior, northeast, backing to northwest gales.

EASTERN FLORIDA, heavy rain, followed by fair in northern portion, northwest gales. WESTERN FLORIDA, ALABAMA, and MISSISSIPPI, fair, except rain in Eastern Alabama, cooler in Alabama, warmer in Northern Mississippi, northwest winds. LOUISIANA, fair, warmer in northern portion, northwest winds, becoming variable. EASTERN TEXAS, fair, warmer in northern portion, northwest winds, becoming variable.

OKLAHOMA and INDIAN TERRITORY, fair, warmer in eastern portion, variable winds. ARKANSAS, fair, warmer, west to south winds. TENNESSEE and KENTUCKY, fair, except showers in Tennessee and Western Kentucky, cooler, except warmer in extreme western portions, variable winds.

WEST VIRGINIA, WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, WESTERN NEW-YORK, and OHIO, generally fair, cooler, variable winds. INDIANA and ILLINOIS, fair, except probably showers in southern portions in the morning, cooler in Indiana, warmer in Illinois, variable winds. LOWER MICHIGAN, fair, warmer, variable winds. UPPER MICHIGAN, cloudy, with showers in western portion, warmer, east to south winds.

WISCONSIN, partly cloudy, with showers in northwest portion, east to south winds. MINNESOTA, showers, warmer in eastern and cooler in western portion, south shifting to west winds. IOWA, generally fair, warmer in eastern and cooler in northwest portion, variable winds. MISSOURI, clearing in southern portion in the early morning, generally fair Friday, warmer, variable winds.

NORTH DAKOTA and SOUTH DAKOTA, generally fair, cooler, west winds. NEBRASKA, fair, cooler in north portion, west winds. KANSAS, fair, west winds. COLORADO, fair, cooler, west winds. MONTANA, generally fair, cooler, except warmer in extreme western portion, northwest winds.

Signals are displayed at Cedar Keys and Tampa, and on the Atlantic coast from Jupiter to West Point, Va.

RIVERS.—The rivers will change slightly.

WEATHER CONDITIONS AND GENERAL FORECAST.—The West India cyclone has moved slowly northwestward, with a marked increase in energy, and is central this evening east of Jacksonville, attended by severe northeast gales and heavy rain along the South Atlantic coast.

An area of high barometer has moved eastward off the New-England coast, and a second area of high barometer has appeared on the North Pacific coast. A marked fall in temperature has occurred in the Mississippi Valley and the western lake region; elsewhere the temperature has generally risen.

Rain has fallen in the Middle Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys and in the South Atlantic States. Increasing cloudiness and rain is indicated for the Middle Atlantic States. In the Middle Mississippi and Lower Ohio Valleys rain will be followed by fair weather. During Friday the West India cyclone will probably move northward along the South Atlantic coast, attended by destructive gales and heavy rain along the coast from Virginia to Florida.

The following shows the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the same date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, 218 Broadway:

	1892.	1893.		1892.	1893.
3 A. M.	50°	49°	3:30 P. M.	71°	63°
6 A. M.	49°	49°	6 P. M.	68°	64°
9 A. M.	53°	54°	9 P. M.	64°	60°
12 M.	64°	60°	12 P. M.	60°	59°

Average temperature yesterday..........57⅛°
Average for same date last year..........59⅞°
Average for same date last fifteen years..........55⅝°

Excursions to Columbian Exposition.

Next popular Pennsylvania Railroad ten-day $18 coach excursions Oct. 17, including Manhattan Day. Special Manhattan Day coach excursions Oct. 18 and 19 at $15 for round trip. Tickets good to return Oct. 23 and 24. Tourist agent on train. Special coaches for ladies and families. Allegheny Mountains by daylight. Only one night on train. Leave New-York 9 A. M., arrive Chicago following day 2 P. M. Last $18 coach excursion Oct. 21.—Adv.

OBITUARY.

Gen. Georg Kamecke.

Gen. Georg Kamecke died at Berlin yesterday. He was born on June 14, 1817, and entered the Engineers' Corps of the Prussian Army in 1834. In 1850 he became Captain and was attached to the general staff. In the war with Austria he was chief of staff of the Second Army Corps. He left the war as Major General, and in 1868 was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant General. He went into the Franco-Prussian war with the First Army, and commanded the Fourteenth Division of Infantry. After the capitulation of Marshal Bazaine at Metz, he was charged with the siege of Thionville and Verdun. He took both places after a brief bombardment. He commanded for twenty-four hours the 30,000 Germans who entered Paris after the surrender. On Nov. 9, 1873, he succeeded Count von Roon as Prussian Minister of War. In 1875 he was made General of Infantry.

Timothy C. Eastman.

Timothy C. Eastman, President of the Eastman Company, exporters of cattle and dressed beef, died Wednesday afternoon at his home, near Tarrytown, after a brief illness. Mr. Eastman was born in New-Hampshire. On coming to New-York he met Commodore Vanderbilt, who gave him a place on the New-York Central. Previous to founding the concern which bears his name, he had charge of the New-York Central's cattle business.

Mr. Eastman was seventy-two years old. His estate is valued at several millions of dollars. The funeral will be held at Tarrytown to-morrow.

Obituary Notes.

—Andrew C. Bayne, Vice President of the Ætna Insurance Company at Hartford, Conn., died Wednesday at Newport, Herkimer County, N. Y. Capt. Bayne left Hartford with his wife about a week ago in vigorous health for a carriage drive through New-York State. He was about fifty-five years old. He was born in Scotland and served during the war as an officer in Company G, Sixteenth Regiment, New-York Volunteers, and afterward in the Forty-second Regiment, United States Infantry. He was subsequently Quartermaster Sixth Regiment, United States Infantry, and in September, 1864, was appointed Provost Marshal at Boston, Mass.

TO-DAY'S SUPPLEMENT CONTAINS

Page 9.

McKane's pastor on the prize fight.
Joseph Chamberlain's criticism of the United States Senate minority.
Dr. Parkhurst at work again.
Dr. Burtsell's visit to Rome.
Boody makes a full load for the Brooklyn "machine."
Subscriptions for Manhattan Day pouring in.
Protests against obstructing the bridge.
Foreign Market.
Live Stock Market.
State of Trade.
Cotton Market.

Page 10.

New-York court calendar.
Brooklyn court calendar.
Court of Appeals.
United States Supreme Court.
Commercial Affairs.
Chicago Produce Market.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

This morning The New-York Daily Times consists of TEN PAGES. Every newsdealer is bound to deliver the paper in its complete form, and any failure to do so should be reported at the Publication Office.

One or Two Will Cure Your Cold.
Russian and Turkish Baths, 18 Lafayette Place, near 4th St. Best equipped baths in America. A COURSE WILL CURE RHEUMATISM. Russian and Turkish Baths, 18 Lafayette Place, one block east of Broadway. Finest in the country. —Adv.

A PHYSICIAN writes: "I frequently prescribe MILHAU'S CALISAYA as a tonic with gratifying results." Be sure and get MILHAU'S, 183 Broadway.—Advertisement.

THE WELL-KNOWN furniture house of GEO. C. FLINT Co., 104 West 14th St., are offering astonishing bargains in all kinds of FURNITURE in order to force sales and make room.—Adv.

H. F. Bindseil, manufacturer of finest Furs at lowest prices. 861 Broadway, near 17th St.—Adv.

Wilson's Calisaya is pronounced the best by leading physicians on account of its efficiency.

Kenosha. E. & W. Leota.
TWO NEW COLLARS.

MARRIED.

DE BEIXEDON—CANTONI.—On Wednesday evening, Oct. 11, 1893, OLIVE DOUGLASS CANTONI, daughter of Salvatore Cantoni, to EDWARD FRÉMAUX DE BEIXEDON, at the residence of the bride's parents, 56 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, Rev. Dr. Chas. R. Baker of the Church of the Messiah officiating.

LEITH—MOEHRING.—On Oct. 11, 1893, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, New-York, by the Rev. D. Parker Morgan, D. D., GEORGE DINGWALL FORDYCE LEITH of Scotland to SOPHIE ELIZABETH, daughter of William G. Moehring.

McKINLAY—HATCH.—On Thursday, Oct. 12, at the First Baptist Church, corner of Boulevard and West 79th St., by the Rev. W. H. P. Faunce, at 8 P. M., ADELINE McKINLAY and HORACE HATCH, both of New-York.

MORGAN—DE WOLFE.—Oct. 12, 1893, by Rev. B. F. De Costa, D. D., HELEN ANDREWS DE WOLFE to GEORGE F. MORGAN, both of this city.

OPDYCKE—BELL.—At Grace Church Chantry, on Thursday, Oct. 12, by the Rev. Wm. R. Huntington, D. D., EDITH, daughter of Edward R. Bell, Esq., to LEONARD ECKSTEIN OPDYCKE, only son of the late Gen. Emerson Opdycke.

STRONG—RIDGWAY.—On Wednesday, Oct. 11, at Lindenwood, Setauket, L. I., the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Wm. H. Littell, assisted by Rev. Chas. R. Strong, CAROLINE, daughter of Joseph Ridgway, to Mr. JOHN I. STRONG of St. George's Manor, L. I.

WATERWORTH—ALEXANDER.—On Wednesday, Oct. 11, at Christ Church, New-Brighton, Staten Island, by the Rev. J. Radcliffe Davenport, S. T. D., grandfather of the bride, assisted by the Venerable Archdeacon Johnson, D. D., rector of the parish, MARGARET DAVENPORT, daughter of H. Eugene Alexander of New-Brighton, to HENRY WETHERHEAD WATERWORTH of Cheltenham, England.

DIED.

Beck, Charles B.
Burow, Martha.
Chandler, Mrs. Mary.
McKesson, John.
Nathans, Mrs. L. J.
Potter, Warwick.
Scott-Elliot, Mrs. L. H.
Seaman, Mrs. Sarah.
Smith, D. Lowber.
Smith, Donald.
Stewart, Ella Jenkins.

BECK.—On Oct. 11, at Richfield Springs, N. Y., of pneumonia, CHARLES BATHGATE BECK of Boston Av., West Farms, New-York City. Funeral services at Presbyterian Church, West Farms, Sunday, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will meet 1:50 train, Harlem R. R., from Grand Central Depot, at Tremont station.

BUROW.—At Montclair, N. J., on Thursday, Oct. 12, MARTHA, beloved daughter of Julius and Isabella Burow, late of Brooklyn, at the age of 25 years. Funeral services at 4:15 P. M. on Saturday, Oct. 14, at 43 Christopher St., Montclair. Train leaves Chambers St. at 3:15.

CHANDLER.—On Thursday, Oct. 12, at Brooklyn, N. Y., MARY, widow of James S. Chandler, in the 87th year of her age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

McKESSON.—On Wednesday, Oct. 11, 1893, at his residence, 25 West 34th St., JOHN McKESSON, in the 87th year of his age.
Funeral services at the South Reformed Church, 38th St. and Madison Av., Friday, Oct. 13, at 1 o'clock P. M.

NATHANS.—On Thursday morning, Oct. 12, 1893, LUCY J., widow of John J. Nathans.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 137 East 34th St., on Saturday evening, the 14th inst., at 8 o'clock. Interment at Laurel Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia.

POTTER.—At Brest, France, WARWICK, son of the late Major Gen. Robert B. Potter and Abby A. Potter, in the 23d year of his age.

SCOTT-ELLIOT.—At Sunnyside, Utah, Tuesday, Oct. 10, 1893, LAURA HASTINGS, wife of Lewis A. Scott-Elliot and daughter of the late Major D. H. Hastings, U. S. A.

SEAMAN.—On Oct. 11, SARAH SEAMAN, widow of Jacob Seaman, aged 72 years.
Funeral services at her late residence, 111 Garden St., Poughkeepsie, on Friday, 13th, at 2 o'clock.

SMITH, D. LOWBER.—Oct. 10, at his residence, 62 West 83d St., after a short illness, aged 47 years.
Relatives and friends invited to attend funeral services from the house Friday, Oct. 13, at 11 A. M. Interment at convenience of family. Please omit flowers.

SMITH.—Entered into rest, Thursday, Oct. 12, DONALD SMITH.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

STEWART.—On Oct. 12, at Great Neck, L. I., in her 16th year, ELLA JENKINS, eldest daughter of Thomas and Lizzie M. Stewart.
Funeral from All Saints' Church, Great Neck, on Monday, Oct. 16, at 3:15 P. M. Carriages will be waiting on arrival of train leaving Long Island City at 2 P. M.

WOODLAWN CEMETERY,
Woodlawn Station, (24th Ward,) Harlem Railroad.
Office, No. 20 East 23d St.

New Publications.

EPILEPSY.
EPILEPSY.
An account of the only rational mode of treatment. Pamphlet edition, 10c. Address THE WILLIAMSON SANITARIUM, New-London, Conn.

Special Notices.

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION CURED BY CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
The bowels strengthened by the use of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
A Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price,
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
They are very small, no trouble to swallow.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SPECULATION NARROW AND ALMOST WHOLLY PROFESSIONAL.

Awaiting Developments Concerning the Probable Action of the Senate on the Silver Bill—Continued Manipulation in the Industrials—Suspension of Providence Brokers—Heavy Decrease in Louisville and Nashville Earnings.

NEW-YORK,
Thursday, Oct. 12—P. M.

Speculation to-day was narrow and professional. All interest centred in the proceedings of the Senate on the silver repeal bill, and pending a disposition of the question traders were disinclined to undertake new obligations. London sent a few buying orders in its specialties, but they were neither numerous nor important. The general list was firm.

The industrials monopolized what little speculation there was. Whisky was the most active stock, and it scored a further net advance of about a point. The buying was by pool brokers. Sugar closed 1 per cent. higher. Cordage was strong on rumors of favorable developments regarding the reorganization.

There was little or no news of an influential character. The Bank of England's rate of discount was unchanged at 3 per cent. Foreign exchange was firm, but not quotably higher. The strength of rates is due to a scarcity of bills and to the indisposition of bankers to do business pending some settlement of the silver question. The suspension of two brokerage firms in Providence, one of them connected with the New-York Stock Exchange, was unexpected, as it had been supposed that they had weathered the storm of July. The heavy decrease in Louisville and Nashville earnings for the first week of the month probably explained some of the recent weakness in the stock.

NEW-YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.	Sales.
Adams Express	142	145	141	141	140	145	28
American Cotton Oil	35¾	36¾	35¾	36	35½	36	1,000
American Cotton Oil pf	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72½	73	10
American Express	112	112	110	110	110	112	59
*American Sugar Refining	91¾	93⅛	91⅛	92⅝	92½	92⅝	24,850
*American Sugar Refining pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	88	89¼	215
American Tobacco pf	98	98	98	98	97½	99½	200
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé	19¼	19¾	19⅛	19⅝	19½	19⅝	3,505
Baltimore & Ohio	68½	68½	68½	68½	68	69	10
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	26⅛	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝	24	26½	200
Chesapeake & Ohio	16½	16½	16½	16½	16¾	17	200
Chicago Gas	60½	61⅞	60¼	61	60⅞	61	13,668
Chicago Gas, div. scrip	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.16	..	..	800
Chicago & Eastern Illinois pf	94	94	94	94	94	96	200
Chicago & Northwestern	102½	103⅛	102⅛	102¼	102⅜	102⅝	1,197
Chicago & Northwestern pf	138¾	138¾	138¾	138¾	137	138½	40
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	80¾	82	80¼	81⅜	81¼	81½	16,940
C., C., C. & St. Louis	33	33½	33	33⅜	33¼	33½	1,465
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	59⅜	59⅞	59	59¾	59⅝	59¾	10,805
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf	115⅞	117	115⅞	117	116	120	90
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	64	65	63¾	64¼	64¼	64½	5,725
Colorado Coal & Iron, Dev	11	12	11	12	11¾	13	200
Colorado Fuel & Iron	26½	27½	26½	27½	27	29	300
Columbus & Hocking Coal	9	9	8⅜	8¾	8⅝	9	1,000
Columbus, Hock. Valley & Toledo	20¼	20⅞	20¼	20⅝	20¼	20⅝	1,320
Consolidated Gas Company	130	130	130	130	130	132	11
Delaware & Hudson	121¼	122½	121¼	121¾	121¾	122¼	100
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	152	152¾	152	152½	152½	153	943
Denver & Rio Grande pf	30¼	30⅜	29⅞	30⅜	30¼	30¾	610
Distilling & Cattle Feeding	33¾	34⅝	33¼	34¼	34¼	34⅛	34,420
Edison Electric Illuminating	96	96	96	96	94	98	105
General Electric	44¾	46⅛	44¾	45⅜	45⅜	45¾	3,729
Great Northern pf	109¾	110	109¾	110	109½	113	200
Illinois Central	93	93	92½	92½	91¾	92½	275
Laclede Gas	15¼	15½	15¼	15½	15	16	300
Lake Shore	123¾	123¾	123½	123½	123⅛	123⅞	412
Louisville & Nashville	45⅛	46⅜	44⅞	45⅞	45¾	46¼	6,945
Louisville, E. & St. L	16	16	16	16	14	18	100
Louisville, New-Albany & Chi., t. r.	14½	15¼	14½	15¼	15	16	300
Manhattan Consolidated	126	126	126	126	125	127	200
Minneapolis & St. Louis, t. r.	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	10½	11	100
Minneapolis & St. Louis pf, t. r	29	30	29	30	29½	30½	200
Missouri Pacific	22½	23¾	22¼	23¾	23⅝	23⅞	3,025
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf	20	20	20	20	20¼	20¾	100
National Cordage, 2d as. paid	26¼	27½	26	26¼	26¼	26¾	8,455
National Cordage pf., as. paid	46	52	46	52	54	56	400
*National Lead	26½	27⅜	26½	26¾	26¾	26⅞	3,115
*National Lead pf	72	72	72	72	71	72	102
New-Jersey Central	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109½	110½	226
New-York Central	102	102	101½	101½	101½	102	565
New-York & New-England	27⅞	28½	27⅞	28	28	28¼	1,785
New-York & Northern pf	11	11¼	10½	10⅞	10½	10¾	510
New-York, Lake Erie & Western	13¾	14⅝	13¾	14½	14½	14⅝	2,380
New-York, Susq. & Western, new	13½	13¾	13	13¾	13½	14	690
North American	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5½	210
Northern Pacific	6½	6¾	6½	6¾	6⅝	6⅞	415
Northern Pacific pf	20	20¼	20	20¼	20¼	20¾	321
Ontario & Western	15	15	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	15	300
Oregon Railway & Navigation	35	35	35	35	30	42	10
Pacific Mail	15¼	16⅜	15⅛	15⅛	15	16	830
Philadelphia & Reading	17	17¾	16¾	17⅛	17	17¼	6,740
Pittsburg & Western pf	30	30	29	29	27	30	50
Pullman Palace Car Company	169	169	168½	168½	167½	169	219
Rich. & West Point, 1st in. paid	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	..	..	200
Rich. & West Point, 2d in. paid	3	3	3	3	2⅞	3¼	1,035
St. Paul & Duluth	26	26	26	26	25	27	100
St. Paul & Omaha	34½	34⅝	34⅜	34⅜	34½	34¾	1,160
Sixth Avenue	204	204	204	204	..	..	25
Southern Pacific	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	18	18½	300
Tennessee Coal & Iron	15	15	15	15	14½	15	305
Texas Pacific	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6¼	6¾	20
Third Avenue	140	140	140	140	..	..	100
Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Mich.	8	8	8	8	8¼	8½	56
Union Pacific	18⅛	18¾	17¼	18	17⅞	18	9,200
Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf	6	6	6	6	5¾	6¼	140
United States Rubber	31½	31½	31½	31½	30	33	100
United States Rubber pf	75	75	75	75	74	80	107
Wabash pf	15⅜	15½	15¼	15½	15⅛	15⅝	550
Western Union Telegraph	81⅝	82⅝	81⅜	82¼	82¼	82⅜	5,454
Total sales							183,086

*Unlisted.

Mortgages.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Alb. & Sus. cn. 6s	115½	115½	115½	115½	$1,000
A. & T. H. 2d inc.	99½	99½	99½	99½	2,000
At., T. & S. Fé 4s.	72⅜	72⅜	72	72	18,000
At., T. & S. Fé 2d 2½-4s, A	39¾	40¼	39¾	40	22,000
Balt. & Ohio g. 5s of 1925	109½	109½	109½	109½	12,000
Brooklyn El. 1st.	106	106	106	106	8,000
Canada So. 1st.	104	104¼	104	104¼	11,000
Canada So. 2d	97	97	97	97	8,000
Cent. of N.J. gen. 5s	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	5,000
Cent. of N.J. gen. 5s, r	107	107	107	107	2,000
C. P. 6s of 1895	104	104	104	104	1,000
C. P. 6s of 1897	104½	104½	104½	104½	1,000
C. & O. gen. 4½s.	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	4,000
Ches. & O. cn. 5s.	102	102	102	102	4,000
C. & O., R. & A. 1st cn. 2-4s	78½	78½	78½	78½	1,000
C. & O., R. & A. 2d cn. 4s	75	75	75	75	7,000
C. & E. Ill. gen. 5s.	95½	96	95½	96	20,000
Chi. & N. P. 1st.	41½	41½	41½	41½	6,000
C., B. & Q. 7s	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾	26,000
Chi. Gas & C. 1st.	81½	81½	81½	81½	5,000
C., St. L. & P. 1st.	105	105	105	105	2,000
Col. Coal & I. 6s.	93	93	93	93	3,000
East Riv. Gas 6s.	87½	87½	87½	87½	2,000
E. T., V. & G. 1st ext. 5s	83½	83½	83½	83½	5,000
Edison Elec. Ill. of N. Y. 1st.	104¼	104¼	104	104	10,000
Erie 2d cn.	68½	68½	68½	68½	2,000
Gen. El. deb. 5s.	74	74	74	74	6,000
K. & T. 1st g. 4s.	77¼	77½	77¼	77½	6,000
K. & T. 2d g. 4s.	38¾	38¾	38¼	38¼	8,000
Laclede Gas 1st.	77	77	76½	76½	4,000
Lake Shore cn. r.	115	115	115	115	2,000
L. & W. B. cn., as.	105	105	105	105	1,000
Long Island 4s.	95	95	95	95	2,000
Met. Elev. 1st.	115½	115½	115½	115½	5,000
Mex. Int. 1st.	70	70	70	70	5,000
Mich. Cent. 7s.	121	121	121	121	14,000
M. & N. 1st, 1913, cn.	109	109½	109	109½	2,000
Nat. Starch 1st.	92	92	92	92	2,000
N. Y. C. deb. 5s, r.	104	104	104	104	1,000
N. Y. C. & H. R. 1st, c.	121½	121½	121½	121½	2,000
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st	93	93	93	93	15,000
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st, r.	92	92	92	92	1,000
N. Y. Elev. 1st.	110	110	110	110	1,000
N. Y., Ont. & W. refdg. 4s.	81	81⅛	81	81⅛	7,000
N. Y., Ont. & W. 5s.	105½	105½	105½	105½	10,000
North. Pac. 1st, c.	104¼	104½	104¼	104½	18,000
North. Pac. 1st, r.	103½	103½	103½	103½	10,000
North. Pac. cn. 5s.	32½	32½	32	32½	38,000
*N. Pac. & M. 1st.	44	44	44	44	2,000
N. W. gold, r.	122	122	122	122	7,000
N. W. 25-yr. deb. 5s, r.	102	102	102	102	5,000
Ore. Imp. cn. 5s.	45	45	45	45	2,000
Oregon S. L. 6s.	75	75	75	75	5,000
O. S. L. & U. N. cn.	52	52	52	52	3,000
Peo. & East. 1st.	68	68	68	68	2,000
P., D. & E. 2d	44½	44½	44½	44½	15,000
Read. 2d pf. inc.	19½	20	19½	20	31,000
Reading gen. 4s.	67¼	68	67¼	67½	33,000
Rens. & Sar. 1st.	140	140	140	140	3,000
Rich. & Dan. 6s.	109	109	109	109	3,000
R. & W. P. t. r. 6s. t. r.	48½	48½	48	48	2,000
R. & W. P. T. col. tr. 5s, t. r.	22	22	21⅝	21⅝	12,000
Rock Isl. 1st., r.	120	120	120	120	10,000
Rock Isl. deb. 5s.	90	90	89	89½	10,000
Rock Island 5s, c.	94½	94⅝	94⅜	94½	12,000
R., W. & O. cn.	108	108	108	108	1,000
S. L. & S. F. gen. 6s.	98	98	98	98	1,000
St. L. S. W. 1st.	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	5,000
St. P. & Om. cn.	118	118	118	118	5,000
St. P. & S. O. 1st.	117¼	117¼	117¼	117¼	2,000
St. P. 1st, S. M.	110½	110½	110½	110½	1,000
St. P., C. P. 6s.	113	113	113	113	3,000
St. P., M. & M. cn. 4¼s	100½	100½	99½	99½	12,000
St. A. & A. P. 4s.	55	55	55	55	1,000
So. Pac. of Cal. cn. 5s.	90	90	90	90	1,000
T. & N. O. 1st cn 5s.	90½	90½	90½	90½	8,000
Texas Pac. 1st 5s.	69½	70	69½	70	2,000
Texas Pac. 2d inc.	16	16	16	16	1,000
Third Av. 1st 5s.	110	110	110	110	1,000
U. P. 1st of 1899.	107½	107½	107½	107½	3,000
Wabash 1st.	102½	102½	102¼	102¼	13,000
Wabash 2d.	73	73	73	73	2,000
W. N. Y. & P. 2d.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	6,000
W. U. col. tr. 5s.	101½	102	101½	102	14,000
West Shore 4s. c.	100	100	99⅞	100	14,000
West Shore 4s. r.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	2,000
Total sales					$577,000

*Seller 10 flat.

Bid and Asked Quotations.

The following were the closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alb. & Sus.	150	..	N. C. & St. L.	58	62
Am. Coal.	75	90	Nat. Lin. Oil.	13	20
Am. Dist. Tel.	..	40	Nat. Starch.	8½	10
Am. T. & O.	83	..	Nat. St. 2d pf.	30	..
*Am. Tob.	80	82	New Cent. C.	8	9½
At. & Pac.	2¼	2¾	N. Y. & N. H.	191	195
Bruns. Co.	46	..	N. Y., C. & St. L.	12	13½
B., R. & P. pf.	68	..	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	56½	58
B. C. R. & N.	45	..	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	24	25
Can. So.	47	49	N. Y., S. & W. pf.	42¼	43½
Can. Pacific.	74½	75½	Norfolk So.	47	..
Central Pac.	19	20½	Nor. & W. pf.	21	22
Chi. & Alton	135	140	Ohio South.	18	20
Chi. & E. Ill.	55	56	Ont. Mining.	8	8
Cleve. & P.	146	..	Oregon Imp.	8	11
Col., F. & I. pf.	..	90	Ore. S. L. & U. N.	7	..
C. H. V. & T. pf.	60	69	Penn. Coal	250	300
Consol. Coal	26	31	Peo. & East.	5	7
Den. & R. G.	9½	10	Peo., D. & E.	7	..
D. M. & Ft. D.	6½	8	P., C., C. & St. L.	14½	15½
D. M. & Ft. D. pf.	26	..	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	45	51½
*D., S. S. & A.	..	7	P., F. W. & C.	146	..
*D., S. S. & A. pf.	17	22	Quicksilver	1¼	2½
E. T., V. & G.	¼	1	Rens. & Sar.	160	..
E. T., V. & G. 1st pf.	6	15			
E. T., V. & G. 2d pf.	1¼	2			
Ev. & T. H.	80	89			

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
G. B. & W. t. r.	6½	7½	R. & W. P. pf., t. r.	14½	17
Homestake	11	14	R., W. & O.	105	108
H. & Texas	2¼	3	St. L. So.	95	..
Iowa Cent.	7¼	8	St. L. S. W.	4	5
Iowa C. pf.	20	22	St. L. S. W. pf.	8	8¾
Keok. & D. M.	..	5⅞	St. P. & O. pf.	107	109
Laclede G. pf.	58	62	St. P., M. & M.	103½	108
L. E. & W.	15¼	16¼	Sil. bull. certs.	73⅜	73½
L. E. & W. pf.	67½	69½	So. Cot. Oil.	40	50
Long Island	91	96	Tol. & O. C.	30	33
L., St. L. & T.	..	7	Tol. & O. C. pf.	65	..
Mah. Coal R.	95	100	U. S. Ex.	50	55
Mah. C. R. pf.	..	105	Wabash	6⅞	7½
Man. Beach.	4	7	Wells-F. Ex.	130	138
Md. Coal pf.	50	60	W. & L. E.	13	14½
Mich. Cent.	91	92½	W. & L. E. pf.	43	49
Minn. Iron	..	60	Wis. Cent.	4⅞	5¼
Mo., K. & T.	11	11½			
Mobile & O.	13½	14			

*Unlisted.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Am. Sugar Ref.	91⅛	93⅛	91⅛	92⅛	12,470
At., T. & S. Fé	19¼	19¾	19⅛	19½	1,340
C., C., C. & St. L.	33⅛	33⅜	33	33⅜	250
Col., H. V. & T.	20¾	..	20¾	20¾	100
Chicago Gas	60¼	61⅞	60¼	60⅞	7,790
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	64¼	65	63⅞	64¾	7,260
Chi., Bur. & Q.	80½	81⅞	80¼	81⅜	16,920
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	59¼	59⅞	59	59⅝	13,170
C., St. P., M. & O.	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	200
Chi. & N. W.	103	103	102⅞	103	200
Den. & R. G. pf.	30	30¼	30	30¼	200
Dist. & C. F.	33⅛	34⅝	33⅛	34⅛	10,960
General Electric	44⅞	46⅛	44⅞	45⅛	1,670
Lake Shore	123½	123½	123½	123½	20
Louis. & Nash.	45	46	45	45⅝	1,310
Missouri Pacific	22⅝	23⅝	22⅝	23¼	410
M. & St. L. pf., t. r.	30	30½	30	30½	200
Nat. Cordage	26¼	27¼	26	26½	990
National Lead	26⅞	27⅜	26¾	26⅞	400
N. Y., L. E. & W.	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	50
N. Y. & N. E.	27⅞	28½	27¾	28⅛	1,010
N. Y. & Nor. pf.	10¾	11½	10¾	11½	400
North. Pacific	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	100
Pacific Mail	15⅞	16¼	15½	16¼	310
Phil. & Reading	17¼	17⅝	17	17⅛	800
Tenn. C. & I.	15	15	15	15	100
Union Pacific	17½	18⅜	17⅜	17⅞	1,850
Western Union	81¾	82⅝	81⅜	81⅞	1,000
Wabash pf.	15½	15⅞	15¼	15⅞	200
Total sales					81,680

Bonds.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
A., T. & S. Fé 4s	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	$3,000
Ch., B. & Q. cn.	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾	2,000
Can. South. 1st.	104½	104½	104½	104½	2,000
Chi. & N. P. 5s.	41½	41½	41½	41½	7,000
Ed. El. Ill. 5s.	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	3,000
Mo., K. & T. 4s.	77¼	77½	77¼	77½	5,000
North. Pac. 1st.	104¼	104½	104¼	104½	4,000
North. Pac. 6s.	32½	32½	32½	32½	7,000
Oregon Imp. 6s.	45	45	45	45	5,000
P. & R. 2d pf. inc.	19½	20	19½	20	19,000
R. & W. P. 5s. tr.	21⅞	22	21⅞	22	8,000
Rock I. deb. 5s.	90	90	90	90	3,000
Rock I. 5s, c.	94½	94⅝	94⅜	94⅝	3,000
Rich. & Dan. cn.	102	102	102	102	3,000
St. L. S. W. 1st.	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	2,000
Texas Pacific 1st.	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	4,000
W. N. Y. & P. 2d.	21½	21½	21½	21½	6,000
West Shore 4s.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	5,000
Total sales					$91,000

Mining Stocks.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Best & Belcher	.80	.80	.80	.80	100
Ophir	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	100
Total sales					200

Oil.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Pipe Line certs	70¾	70¾	70½	70½	4,000
Clearances					76,000

THE MONEY MARKET.

Money on call loaned at 2@2½ per cent. The last loan was made at 2 per cent.

Time money was easier. Rates were 3½ per cent. for thirty days, 4@4½ per cent. for sixty days, and 5@6 per cent. for longer periods.

Mercantile paper was somewhat more active. The supply of bills was large, but the local banks did little buying. Rates were 6 per cent. for indorsements, and ranged from 6½ per cent. up for good single-name paper.

In London money on call was quoted at ½@1 per cent; short and three months' bills at 1⅝@1½ per cent.

Clearing House exchanges were $81,485,199; balances, $5,932,753. The Sub-Treasury's debit balance was $1,114,247.

The New-York Clearing House canceled $1,250,000 in loan certificates, leaving $12,063,000 outstanding. In Boston the amount outstanding is $145,000.

The Bank of England reports decrease in bullion for the week of £316,000. Reserve decreased £159,000, and proportion of reserve to liability is 45.68 per cent., against 45.52 last week, and 41.73 a year ago. The bank's gold holdings now compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago:

1893.	1892.	1891.
£26,449,993	£26,085,514	£23,182,621

The Bank of France reports decrease of 4,850,000f. gold and 5,175,000f. silver. The bank's sterling holdings at date now make the following comparison:

	1893.	1892.	1891.
Gold	£67,688,280	£66,931,192	£52,461,000
Silver	50,743,584	51,351,317	49,951,000

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE.

The foreign exchange market was very quiet, but was firm in tone. Posted rates were $4.84 for sixty-day bills and $4.86 for demand. Actual business was done at $4.83¼@$4.83½ for sixty-day bills, $4.85¼ for demand, $4.85½@$4.85¾ for cables, and $4.81¾ for commercial.

In Continental exchange, francs were quoted at 5.21¼ and 5.18¾; reichsmarks at 94⅝ and 95⅜, and guilders at 40¼ and 40½.

Domestic exchange on this city was quoted as follows: Chicago—75c premium. Boston—15@10c discount. Charleston—Buying, ⅛@3-16 discount; selling, par @1-16 discount. New-Orleans—Commercial, $1.50 discount; bank, par. Philadelphia—Par. Savannah—Buying, ¼ discount; selling ⅛ discount to par. St. Louis—90c premium. San Francisco—Sight, 17½; telegraph, 27½.

SILVER STATISTICS.

Silver bullion certificates were quoted at 73⅜@73½. There were no sales on the Exchange.

Bar silver in London was quoted at 33¾d. The New-York price for bars was 73⅛c per ounce.

Mexican silver dollars were quoted at 58½c.

The Mercantile Safe Deposit Company reports: Silver on hand, 175,232 ounces; deposited, none; withdrawn, none; certificates outstanding, 174.

CHANGES IN STOCKS.

ADVANCED.

Amer. Sug. Refs.	⅞	Missouri Pacific	1¼
Col. Coal & Iron dev.	2	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	1
Col. Fuel & Iron	2	Nat. Cord. 2d, as. paid	2
Dist. & C. F.	1⅜	Nat. Cord., 2d as. pd.	2
Edison El. Ill.	1¼	National Lead	⅞
Great Northern pf.	1	National Lead pf.	⅞
Lake Shore	1⅛	N. Y., L. E. & W.	¾
Louis. & Nash.	1	Pacific Mail	1⅛
L., N. A. & Chi., t. r.	1¼	U. S. Rubber	1½
Minn. & St. L. pf., t. r.	1		

DECLINED.

N. Y. Central	¾	Third Av. R.	2
St. Paul & Duluth	2¼		

RAILWAY AND OTHER BONDS.

The railway mortgage market was very dull and was firm. The principal changes were:

ADVANCED.

Balt. & Ohio 5s, 1925	1¼	Lehigh & W. B. cn. as.	2
Can. Southern 2d	1	Long Island 4s	1
C. & O., R. & A., 2d cn. 4s.	5	St. L. Southern 1st	1¼
E. T., V. & G. cn. 5s.	3½		

DECLINED.

At., T. & S. F. 2d, A.	1	Oregon Short Line 6s.	5
Col. C. & I. 6s.	2	Or. Sh. L. & U. N. cn.	2
Erie 2d cn.	1½	Rich. & W. P. 6s, t. r.	1½
Gen. El. deb. 5s.	1	San A. & A. Pass 4s.	1
National Starch 1st.	1	So. Pac. of Cal. cn.	4½
North. Pac. cn. 5s.	1		

Government bonds were unchanged. The sales on call were $1,000 4s registered at 111. The following were the closing quotations:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, 1891, r.	98	....	Cur. 6s, 1896	104	....
4s, r.	111	112	Cur. 6s, 1897	106	....
4s, c.	111	112	Cur. 6s, 1898	109	....
Cur. 6s, 1895	102	....	Cur. 6s, 1899	111	....

ANTHRACITE COAL STATISTICS.

Statement of shipments of anthracite coal (approximated) for week ending Oct. 7, 1893, compared with the corresponding period last year:

Regions.	1893.	Increase.	Decrease.
Wyoming	517,502	....	13,743
Lehigh	173,070	6,833	....
Schuylkill	314,094	20,005	....
Total	1,004,666	13,095	
Total year to date	32,284,765	724,407	....

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

	1893.	Increase.	Decrease.
Buf., R. & P.— 1st week Oct.	$62,191	......	$7,655
Ches. & Ohio— 1st week Oct.	190,824	......	16,914
Chi. & E. Ill.— 1st week Oct.	114,000	$5,600	......
Iowa Central— 1st week Oct.	49,662	3,279	......
L. & N.— 1st week Oct.	346,940	......	92,820
From July 1	5,036,440	......	1,042,591
Mo., Kan. & Tex.— 1st week Oct.	239,237	8,749	......
N. Y., Ont. & W.— 1st week Oct.	69,959	9,016	......
Nor. & Western— 4th week Sept.	172,839	......	31,219
Month	717,017	......	124,796
From Jan. 1	7,415,851	255,485	......
1st week Oct.	191,927	......	32,029
Pitts & West.— 1st week Oct.	57,889	8,022	......
M. & O., year ending June 30— Gross	3,358,470	......	85,290
Op. expenses	2,144,518	......	97,401
Net	1,213,952	12,111	......
Taxes and int.	114,670	......	877
Surplus	1,099,282	12,978	......

BIDS FOR BANK STOCKS.

American Exch'nge	147½	Murray Hill	200
Bowery	290	Ninth National	106
Eleventh Ward	200	Produce Exchange	125
First Nati'nal of S. I.	105	Seaboard National	178
Fourth National	197½	Seventh National	125
German Exchange	300	West Side	200
Mechanics'	160		

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

(Reported by Messrs. Tobey & Kirk, 8 Broad Street.)

	Bid.	Asked.
*American Bank Note	47½	50
American Surety	175	195
American Type Founders' common	..	25
*American Type Founders' pf.	..	70
Atlantic Mutual Ins. scrip of 1893	100	104
†Atlantic Trust	249	255
Bond & Mortgage Guarantee	..	100
‡Buffalo Street Railway 1st	94½	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue	163	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 1st	100	..
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 2d	97	..
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	100	..
Broadway Surface 2d	89	95
Brooklyn City Railroad	157	159
Brooklyn Elevated	20	21
Brooklyn Traction	15	17½
Brooklyn Traction pf.	68½	73½
Buffalo Street Railway stock	45	48
California Pacific stock	6	9
Central & South American Telegraph	89	..
Central Cross Town	145	..
Central Park, North & East River	130	..
Central R. R. & Banking of Ga. 1st 7s	100½	104
Central Trust	930	..
Central N. J. Land & Improvement	..	75
Celluloid	..	84
Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw stock	2	5
Cin., Jackson & Mackinaw 1st certs	60	67
Consolidated Electric Storage	1	3
Continental Trust	150	..
†Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery	118	124
Detroit, Hillsdale & S. W., (4 ⅌ cent. L. S.)	82½	..
†Equity Gas of Williamsburg 5s	25	45
Equitable Gas, New-York	165	173
Equitable Gas of New-York 1st 6s	103	..
†Eighth Avenue	235	..
Farmers' Loan & Trust	..	710
42d St., Manhattan & St. Nicholas Av.	..	68
*42d St., Manhat. & St. Nicholas Av. 1st.	107½	110½
42d St., Manhat. & St. Nicholas Av. 2d.	..	60
Gold & Stock Telegraph	97½	100½
†Georgia Pacific 1st	90	92
Georgia Pacific 2d	34	36
Georgia State 4½s, 1915	107½	109
Grand River Valley Railroad stock	83	..
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling bonds	..	100½
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling pf.	88	93
Herring-Hall-Marvin common	..	60
Herring-Hall-Marvin pf.	81½	..
*Int. & G. N. 1st coupon scrip	89	..
Iron Steamboat	..	12
Iron Steamboat bonds	61	69
†Journeay & Burnham	56	66
Journeay & Burnham pf.	89	93
Kings County Elevated	9	11
Kings County Elevated 2d	..	31
Little Rock & Memphis 5s	28	33
Long Island Traction	21	21¾
Lorillard pf. stock	100	102
Louisville, N. A. & Chi., C. & I. Div. 6s	100¼	..
Mutual Gas, New-York	140	..
†Manhattan Elevated, 4 ⅌ cent. scrip	86	..
†Madison Square Garden stock	..	18½
Metropolitan West Side 5s	74½	78½
Mexican National Construction pf.	4	6½
New-Jersey & New-York Railroad	1	..
North Shore Traction	16	18
National Union Bank	200	220
New-Orleans Pacific land grant	19	..
New-York, Lackawanna & Western	106¾	107½
New-York, New-Haven & Hartford	190	195
†New-York and Greenwood Lake 1st	28	35
New-York & Texas land scrip	64½	..
Ninth Avenue Railroad	118	..
N. Y., N. H. & H. deb. 4s, (50 ⅌ cent. paid)	77	79
Natural Gas Trust	113½	..
New-York Guaranty & Indemnity	300	..
N. Y. & N. J. Telephone	82	87
Northwestern Telegraph	101½	..
†New-York Biscuit	32	35
†New-York Loan & Improvement	45	50
New-York Life Ins. & Trust	650	670
New-York Security & Trust	200	225
Old Dominion Steamship	70	80
Omaha & St. Louis common	¼	1¾
Oregon Pacific Railroad 1st	2	5
Oswego & Syracuse Railroad	178	185
Pacific & Atlantic Telegraph	60	..
Pennsylvania Coal	260	280
Postal Telegraph & Cable	47	57
Pratt & Whitney pf.	..	87
Standard Oil Trust	142¾	143¾
Standard Gas	..	34
Standard Gas pf.	60	70
Second Avenue Railroad 1st 5s	101½	..
Second Avenue Railroad	105	115
†State Trust	195	220
Staten Island	56	..
Southern & Atlantic Telegraph	75	..
Southern National Bank	..	100
Staten Island Rapid Transit 1st 6s	107	..
Third Avenue Railroad	137½	141
Toledo, Ann Arbor & Mt. Pleasant 1st	40	50
Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City	1	4
Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City pf	..	12
Thurber-Whyland pf.	27½	39
Trenton Potteries pf.	70	78
Trenton Potteries common	..	50
Terre Haute & Indianapolis	100	..
Terre Haute & Logansport	22	..
Title Guarantee & Trust	147	..
Union Ferry	51	55
‡Union Ferry 1st 5s	94	96½
Union Railway stock ("Huckleberry")	135	145
Union Railway 5s ("Huckleberry")	98	100½
Union Elevated 2d	38	44
Union Trust	..	705
United States Leather pf.	..	88
United States Trust	750	800
Valley Railroad (Ohio) 1st 7s	90	95
Wagner Palace Car	112½	..
Winona & Southwestern 1st	..	43
Winona & Southwestern	2	4

*Ex dividend. †Nominal. ‡With interest.

THE COMMERCIAL SITUATION.

Wheat Moderately Active and Lower—Corn Higher and Quiet.

Wheat closed steady at a decline of ¼@⅝c as influenced by the West, and on light clearances.

Corn made a gain of ⅛@⅝c on the good export inquiry, with stock rather scarce and a fair trade.

Cotton was barely steady at 5@7 points advance, with fears of frosts in the Southwest and as following Liverpool.

Coffee advanced 15@25 points, in sympathy with the cables, but business was slow.

THE BOSTON MARKET.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—The market opened strong and quiet, with a firm undertone, and few stocks offering. The suspension of two of the leading banking houses of Rhode Island was scarcely noticed here. Money was 2½ per cent. at the Clearing House. There are only $145,000 in loan certificates now outstanding. Time money was offered at 5 to 5½ per cent. on choicest security. The demand for good bonds is steadily increasing. The feature to-day was the industrials. Union Pacific was firmer on foreign buying. Mexican Central has been heavy for some time. London is a steady seller, supplying all bids.

Redmond, Kerr & Co., 41 Wall Street, New-York, report closing quotations as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Atlantic Min.	8½	9½	Maine Cent.	..	114
Bay State G.	7⅞	8⅛	Mex. Cent.	7	7⅛
Bost. & Alb.	201	201½	N. Y. & N. E.	28	28¼
Bost. & Low.	..	181	N. Y. & N. E. pf.	..	69
Boston & Me.	151	153	Old Colony	..	175
Boston Land.	3¼	4	Oregon S. L.	6½	..
Bell Tel.	190	192	Osceola Min.	25	26
C., B. & Q.	81¼	81½	Tam. Min.	131	..
Cent. Mass.	13½	14	Wis. Cent.	5	..
Cent. Mass. pf.	48	50	Water Pow.	1	1½
Cent. Min.	2¼	2½	W. End Land.	13	13½
Domin. Coal.	17½	19	W. E. St. Ry.	56½	57
Frank. Min.	10	..	W. E. S. R. pf.	77½	..
F. & P. M. pf.	40	48	Atchison 4s.	..	71
Fitchburg	..	15⅞	Atchison inc.	39	39½
Fitchburg pf.	79	80	C. B. & N. 5s.	100	..
F'hm'ns B. L.	..	8½	Mex. Cent. 4s.	52	52½
Kears. Cop.	6½	7	Wis. Cen. 5s.	62	..
Lamson S. S.	17	18			

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—There has been a steady but dull market. Philadelphia Traction stock was dull at 68¼, and the rights were slightly off at 15⅝. The principal selling of the latter has been by a large estate. The buying has been well scattered. Metropolitan Traction sold at 90 to 91.

A rumor has been circulated that the company has a floating debt of $3,000,000. This has tended to weaken the price. The best information here is that earnings are satisfactory and that a dividend will be paid in the near future.

The statement made yesterday in these dispatches regarding the settlement between the Lehigh Valley Railroad and the coal operators on its lines was incorrect in several particulars. It seems that the operators have agreed to buy outright from the railroad company, at par and interest, $1,500,000 of Lehigh Valley Coal Company's first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, guaranteed principal and interest by the railroad company. In addition to this, the operators have procured for the railroad company a loan of $500,000. This gives the railroad company $2,000,000 in cash, and, in return, it has agreed to continue buying the coal of the operators for the five and a half years remaining of the original contract.

Reading securities were quiet and neglected, except for Reading stamped 5s, which had a sharp advance of 7½ per cent., to 96½. It is understood that the New-York bondholders' committee will hold an important meeting on Saturday. Money was freely offered on call, and there is a tendency to offer on time. No official statement is given out yet as to the amount of Clearing House certificates retired, but it is said that the banks have them well in hand.

The total sales of stocks were 12,595 shares, of which 4,000 were in St. Paul, 2,560 in Reading, 549 in Lehigh Valley, 415 in Northern Pacific common, 380 in Pennsylvania, and 984 in Metropolitan Traction.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Balt. Trac.	16⅞	17	North. Pac.	6¾	7
Hunt. & B. T.	..	35	Nor. Pac. pf.	20½	21
H. & B. T. pf.	..	50	Pennsylva'ia	50⅛	50⅝
Ins. Co. of N. A.	18¼	18¾	Peo. Trac. 5s.	..	74
			Peo. Trac.	12½	12¾
Lehigh Nav.	49¼	50	Phil. Trac.	68	68½
Lehigh Val.	32¾	33	Phil. & Erie	..	25
Met. Trac.	90½	91	Reading	8 9-16	8⅝
Minehill	65	..	Roch. R'y	..	50
N. J. cn. 5s.	72	74	U. Co.'s N. J.	222	222½
Newark P. 5s.	84	86	United G. I.	56	56½
North. Cent.	..	68	W. N. Y. & P.	4¼	4¾

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

A Great Improvement in Their Condition Since July.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Decided improvement is shown in the abstract of the condition of national banks in New-York and Philadelphia, made public by the Controller of the Currency this afternoon. The condition of the national banks in New-York City on Oct. 3, the date of the last call, shows the reserve held to have been 35.17 per cent., as against 25.30 per cent. on July 12. The gold and gold Treasury certificates and gold Clearing House certificates aggregated $69,000,000, against similar gold and gold certificates of $50,000,000 on July 12. The gold coin increased $20,000,000. Other items are:

On Oct. 3, individual deposits, $249,500,000; on July 12, $246,700,000; loans and discounts, $281,000,000; on July 12, $308,300,000; surplus fund, $41,530,000; on July 12, $41,493,000; capital stock paid in, $51,250,000; on July 12, $50,733,000; undivided profits, $13,784,000; on July 12, $16,860,000; due other national banks, $100,000,000; on July 12, $106,800,000; United States bonds to secure circulation, $18,000,000; on July 12, $7,900,000; exchanges for Clearing House, $57,500,000; on July 12, $65,490,000.

The statement for Philadelphia shows the reserve held to have been 32.84 per cent., against 30.39 per cent. on July 12. The gold coin has increased from $1,827,000 on July 12 to $2,632,000 on Oct. 3. Individual deposits show a falling off of $4,500,000, loans and discounts a decrease of $4,000,000, and undivided profits an increase of $1,000,000.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—On the Stock Exchange to-day West Chicago sold at 130, North Chicago at 210¼, Diamond Match at 117, Strawboard at 31¼, New-York Biscuit at 33, Lake Street Elevated at 21½, Alley Elevated at 41. Money, 6@7 ⅌ cent. Bank clearings, $17,406,600. New-York exchange, 80c premium.

SILVER PURCHASES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The Treasury Department yesterday purchased 141,000 ounces of silver at its counter offer of $0.7365 an ounce. The purchases thus far this month aggregate 636,000 ounces.

FINANCIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

—The holders of American Water Works Company (Omaha) 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. bonds are informed by the committee, Ernst Thalmann, Chairman, that foreclosure proceedings have now been begun. The committee advises all bondholders that have not already deposited their bonds with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company to do so at once and cautions bondholders against selling their coupons or giving any powers of attorney or being influenced by misleading statements. It also notifies holders of above securities that the time for the deposit of bonds expires on Nov. 1, after which date bonds will only be received by the committee on terms to be announced hereafter.

—The incorporation of the new Phenix Mining Company and the preparation of the new securities is being rapidly pushed forward. Holders of the old stock desiring to participate in the reorganization should make application to the committee immediately, as it will not be long before the new stock will be ready for distribution.

—The semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent. on the preferred stock of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland Railroad Company will be paid on Nov. 1 at the office of Messrs. Drexel, Morgan & Co. The transfer books will be closed Oct. 20 and reopened Nov. 2.

ON THE LONDON EXCHANGE.

More Business and Better Prices Than on Wednesday—Baltimore and Ohio Notes.

Special Cablegram to The New-York Times.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—More business was doing to-day, and prices, with a few exceptions, were better. Americans improved, closing at the highest, except St. Pauls, which were sold for New-York.

Under cover of these sales, Louisville was bought. Union Pacifics advanced on Amsterdam and Boston purchases.

The Baltimore and Ohio notes mentioned yesterday were all sold at 97½@98. These notes are to run one year, and are secured by a deposit of branch line bonds.

The Indian Council was in session to-day, debating the issue of 3½ per cent. bonds and the placing of an Indian import duty on silver. Rumors favorable to such a decision caused an advance in rupee paper.

The bank return shows the usual transfer of consol dividends from public to other deposits. For gold bars 77s. 11¼d. was bid for Germany and France.

American railway securities were irregular, but generally higher. The principal changes were: Advanced—Union Pacific, 1⅜, to 18⅝; Louisville and Nashville, 1⅛, to 46⅞; Atchison, ¼, to 20; Erie, ¼, to 14¼, and Reading, ¼, to 8¾. Declined—St. Paul, ½, to 61¼, and Canadian Pacific, ¼, to 76⅜. Lake Shore sold at 126½, Northern Pacific preferred at 21, Wabash preferred at 15½, Ontario and Western at 15⅛, Illinois Central at 95½, and Kansas and Texas at 11⅜. British consols were quoted at 98 1-16 for money and 98⅛ for account.

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The statement of the United States Treasurer, showing the classified assets of the Treasury and demand liabilities to-day, is as follows:

ASSETS.

Gold coin and bullion	$166,443,707
Silver dollars and bullion	333,751,324
Silver dollars and bullion, act July 14, 1890	152,113,457
Fractional silver and minor coin	14,471,196
United States notes	16,963,346
United States Treasury notes	2,758,118
Gold certificates	212,120
Silver certificates	7,615,518
National bank notes	9,274,852
Deposits with national bank depositories:	
General account	13,136,812
Disbursing officers' balances	3,841,341
Total	$720,581,791

LIABILITIES.

Gold certificates	$79,736,819
Silver certificates	332,253,504
United States Treasury notes	152,051,280
Currency certificates	9,865,000
Disbursing officers' balances, agency accounts, &c	45,576,666

The receipts from internal revenue to-day were $409,494; from customs, $533,210, and miscellaneous, $12,903. The national bank notes received to-day for redemption amount to $551,528.

The gold reserve in the Treasury continues to decline, being to-day $86,000,000.

CALIFORNIA MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 12.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.10	*Hale & Norcross	.50
*Best & Belcher	.60	Mexican	.65
Bodie Consolidated	.10	Ophir	1.00
Bulwer	.10	*Potosi	.55
Chollar	.20	*Savage	.30
Consol. Cal. & Va.	1.95	Sierra Nevada	.50
Crown Point	.30	*Union Consolidated	.35
*Gould & Curry	.30	Utah	.10

*Asked.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

—Caroline Mehrbach, pawnbroker at 433 Grand Street, made an assignment yesterday to Malcolm R. Lawrence, giving preferences to Sarah Markewitz for $11,000, to Louisa T. Markewitz for $1,000, and to Dora Mehrbach for $4,000, all for money loaned, either to the assignor or her predecessor in business, whose liabilities she assumed. Solomon Mehrbach is also preferred for whatever amount he may have to pay as indorser on notes of Moses Mehrbach or Mehrbach & Co. Mrs. Mehrbach is the widow of Moses Mehrbach, who died on March 24, 1892, leaving an estate valued, it was said, at $200,000. He established the business in 1859 and became one of the most prominent men in that line. He was also interested in various companies, having been a Director in the Second Avenue Railroad Company, the German Exchange Bank, and the American Amusement Company. After his death Mrs. Mehrbach carried on the pawnbroking business under the style of Mehrbach & Co. It is said that she assumed the debts of the business, amounting to over $100,000, a large part of which she has since paid off. She has been hard pressed for ready money for some time past, and was unable to borrow enough to stand the drain on the business, having loaned out about $100,000 on pledges. A judgment for $2,754 was entered against Mrs. Mehrbach yesterday in favor of Rose Jackson on a note which went to protest.

—B. Sturman & Son, wholesale dealers in clothing at 26 Lafayette Place, have failed, and Deputy Sheriff Mulvaney has taken charge of the store on an execution for $863 in favor of Moritz Leipziger. The partners are Barnett and Raphael Sturman. The former established the business thirty-five years ago, and the son became a partner in January, 1878. They formerly did a large business, but the trade has gradually decayed. Their inventory for Jan. 1 last showed assets of $105,000 and liabilities of $49,000. At that time they had $6,000 in outstanding accounts, and $26,000 in merchandise. The Sheriff found only a small amount of goods to levy upon. The Coroner received several replevins from creditors who had sold goods to the firm.

—The office of Henry Martin, importer of glycerine, gelatine, cocoa butter, and brewers' supplies, at 19 Whitehall Street, has been locked up by the Sheriff on an attachment for $3,860 in favor of Philip Bauer & Co. of Hamburg, Germany. It was alleged that Mr. Martin is absent from the State, that he has not been at his office since Oct. 6, that the plaintiffs had received a letter from him postmarked Boston, Oct. 7, inclosing warehouse receipts for merchandise which had been sold by them to Martin; that he failed to pay the notes when they fell due, and that they believe he is embarrassed, as a draft for $8,000 has been presented at his office during his absence. Mr. Martin resided in Brooklyn.

—The firm of W. C. Metzerott & Co., music dealers, in Washington, and owners of Metzerott Hall, have made an assignment. The direct cause of the failure was the assignment of Hardman, Peck & Co. of New-York, the Metzerott firm being largely interested in the Hardman pianos. The total indebtedness of the firm aggregates nearly $112,000, besides individual debts of the members of the firm amounting to $105,000. These latter are secured by mortgages. The assets are said to exceed the liabilities.

—The Moore Electrical Manufacturing Company, at 654 Hudson Street, has been levied on for $3,329. The business was established twelve years ago by Moore Brothers, who incorporated it in February, 1891, under New-Jersey laws, with a capital stock of $100,000. The company had no rating at Bradstreet's. John L. Moore was President and Erastus D. Moore Treasurer.

—Judge Shiras of the United States District Court has appointed Warwick Hough of St. Louis receiver of the Sioux City Terminal Railway and Warehouse Company, a corporation whose properties are leased for a term of ninety-nine years to the Sioux City and Northern Railway Company, for the management of whose affairs two receivers were named last week.

—The store of William D. Hinck, grocer, at the corner of Park Avenue and One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, has been closed by the Sheriff on an execution for $1,541 in favor of C. H. Hinck. He has been in business six years, and carried a stock of about $5,000 in that store, and he had another store at Madison Avenue and One Hundred and Fifteenth Street.

—The creditors of George F. Hewitt, wholesale liquor dealer at Boston, Mass., met Wednesday. W. D. Cozzens of the Sonoma Wine and Brandy Company of New-York presided. The assignee reported that the liabilities amounted to $104,000 and the assets to $61,000. No offer of compromise was made, and a committee of investigation was appointed.

—Judgment against the Fischer & Burnett Lumber Company of Memphis, Tenn., and Renova, Miss., was entered yesterday for $10,650 in favor of John S. Mason & Co., who claim that that amount was overpaid for inferior lumber.

—John T. Johnson's clothing store, at Amsterdam, N. Y., was closed Wednesday by the Sheriff on an execution of $13,000 in favor of Mrs. Johnson. Johnson's headquarters are in Albany, and he has branch stores in Troy.

—William Ganseberg, cigar manufacturer at 1,459 Third Avenue, made an assignment yesterday to James B. Kilsheimer, giving preferences for $731. He has been in business many years.

—Benner & Carr, one of the oldest and most reliable furniture concerns in Lowell, Mass., have assigned.

BOSTON WOOL MARKET.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—The demand for wool has been moderate, and the sales are only 1,900,000 lb for the week. Some few large lots of Territory wool have been sold on a scoured basis of 34@37c for fine and fine medium, and some fair lines of Spring Texas and California have been sold at 34@35c for 8 to 12 months' wool. Fall wools are neglected. Fine medium Oregon sold at 33c. clean. Pulled wools are dull and nominal. In washed fleeces there have been small sales of Ohio XX and above at 24@25c, XX at 23c, and X at 21@22c. Michigan X quiet at 20c. Combing and delaine fleeces dull and nominally unchanged in price. Unwashed combing sold at 18@20c for ¼ and ⅜ blood. Foreign wools are dull.

Waldo Messaros Privately Buried.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—The funeral of Waldo Messaros, once a popular clergyman, was privately conducted this afternoon. The situation of the cemetery in which the interment was made will not be revealed, but it is known that short services were held at the grave by several Presbyterian ministers. The body was taken from an undertaker's establishment after having been viewed by Mrs. Messaros, her two children, and her mother, Mrs. Locke.

A BIG FIRE IN SIOUX CITY.

Four Blocks Were Burned and the Loss Will Reach $500,000.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Oct. 12.—Fire started this morning at 1:30 o'clock in the Union Planing Mill at Fifth and Water Streets, almost in the centre of the business district. Five minutes later the great building was blown to atoms by a terrific explosion, and a second later the scattered embers had ignited a dozen buildings in the vicinity, many of them frame structures. Four square blocks were burned, and the loss is close to $500,000.

Following are some of the principal losses: Union Planing Mill, building and machinery, $25,000; Franz Brewing Company, plant of three brick buildings, $75,000; Riverside Electric Railway Company, bridge and station, $2,000; Corn Palace Laundry Company, plant and goods, $5,000; eight two-story frame buildings, owned by L. Sparks, William Ellemund, and C. E. Ruggles, total loss of $15,000, loss on contents, $10,000; National Carpet Company, building and machinery, $5,000; F. F. Johnson, livery barn and stock, $5,000; Iowa Union Telephone Company, loss of lines, &c., $5,000; City Electric Street Railway Company, $2,000; residence of O. C. Tredway, $3,000; six warehouses, property of O. C. Tredway, $8,000; John Arensdorf, wholesale liquor stocks, $10,000; Anheuser-Busch Brewing Company, warehouse and stocks, $5,000; Sioux Automatic Refrigerating Company, part of plant and apparatus, with stock in refrigerators, $10,000; storage of wood, iron, and liquors in warehouses, owned by various parties, estimated at $20,000.

No definite figures of insurance are obtainable.

Insurance.

NEDERLAND

Life Insurance Company, L'd.

ESTABLISHED IN 1858 IN AMSTERDAM, HOLLAND.

Assets to Liabilities, 159 Per Cent.

New System of Life Insurance,

COMBINING LOW RATES WITH AMPLE SECURITY. UNPRECEDENTED INDUCEMENTS TO THE INSURABLE PUBLIC.

U. S. Office, 874 Broadway, N. Y. City.

AGENTS WANTED.

Financial.

OFFICE OF THE
ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE RAILROAD COMPANY.
P. O. BOX 346. NO. 95 MILK ST.

CIRCULAR NO. 69.
BOSTON, Oct. 11, 1893.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE
GUARANTEE FUND MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. NOTES.
Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fe Railroad Co.

THE GUARANTEE FUND MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. NOTES of the Atchison Company, issued November 1, 1888, and due November 1, 1893, for $9,000,000, (and of which the company acquired since their issue $2,000,000, leaving $7,000,000 outstanding and in the hands of yourselves,) are upon an underlying lien to the GENERAL MORTGAGE FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BOND INDENTURE of the Company, dated October 15, 1889, which originated with the Financial Reorganization of the Company, under which, as well, provision was made for the retention by the Union Trust Company of New-York, as Trustee, of GENERAL MORTGAGE FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of an equal amount of such bonds, $9,000,000, to provide for ultimate retirement of the GUARANTEE FUND NOTES.

The Directors of the Atchison Company believe it to be advantageous to the Company to defer retirement of the GUARANTEE FUND NOTES five years, or until November 1, 1898, the GENERAL MORTGAGE FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS reserved remaining with the Trustee until required for purpose of such retirement.

The PRINCIPAL and INTEREST of the EXTENDED GUARANTEE FUND NOTES will be payable in GOLD.

The Company now offers to the holders of the GUARANTEE FUND MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. NOTES the right of such extension at par with a cash commission of five (5) per cent., to be paid by the Company on November 1, 1893, to such holders as will signify their assent on or before October 25, instant.

The NOTES of those holders who have not assented to extension by October 25, instant, will be acquired and paid for in full on November 1 by a syndicate who will extend the NOTES for the period above stated.

Holders are respectfully asked to promptly communicate their wishes in writing to
J. W. REINHART, PRESIDENT,
95 Milk St., Boston.

Those who assent will be notified when to present their NOTES at the office of the Company for indorsement, affixing of new coupon sheets, and receipt of cash premium, payable November 1st.

By order the Board of Directors.
GEORGE C. MAGOUN, Chairman.
J. W. REINHART, President.

Louisville, St. Louis & Texas Railway Company
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS.
NEW-YORK, SEPT. 19, 1893.

AT A MEETING OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS OF THE LOUISVILLE, ST. LOUIS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY, HELD THIS DAY, THE UNDERSIGNED WERE REQUESTED BY THE HOLDERS OF A LARGE NUMBER OF BONDS TO ACT AS A COMMITTEE TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS.

ALL HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS WHO WISH TO CO-OPERATE WITH THE COMMITTEE ARE REQUESTED TO PROMPTLY SEND THEIR NAMES, ADDRESS, AND AMOUNT OF THEIR HOLDINGS TO THE UNDERSIGNED.

WM. H. MALE, Chairman,
39 WILLIAM ST.
SAMUEL D. DAVIS,
JOHN J. McCOOK,
COMMITTEE.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS
OF THE
Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City R. R. Co.

The undersigned, the committee duly constituted by a meeting of first mortgage bondholders of this company, and representing no other interest in the company than first mortgage bonds, invite bondholders to examine and sign the Bondholders' Agreement now ready at the office of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, Trustee of the mortgage, 22 William St., New-York City, preparatory to an early foreclosure of the mortgage.

Office of the committee, Room 50, 22 William St.

ROSWELL G. ROLSTON,
President of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.
GEORGE COPPELL,
of Maitland, Phelps & Co.
GEORGE LORD DAY,
Executor of Estate of William Astor.
M. L. SCUDDER,
Representing the Travelers Insurance Co.
W. HOWARD GILDER,
Member of N. Y. Stock Exchange.

THIRD AV. R. R. STOCK
and other investment securities.
R. J. JACOBS & CO.,
41 NEW ST., NEW-YORK.
Members of the New-York Exchange.

LONG ISLAND TRACTION,
BROOKLYN TRACTION,
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
CHARLES C. EDEY & SONS,
56 BROADWAY,
Members New-York Stock Exchange.

BARING, MAGOUN & CO.,
15 Wall Street, New-York.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND LETTERS OF CREDIT available in all parts of the world. Also Traveling Credits for use in this country, Mexico, and the West Indies.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

FINANCIAL DIRECTORY

CLEARING HOUSE BANKS in the following list are arranged in the order of their Association number.

BANKS.

National City 52 Wall Street
Chemical National 270 Broadway
GALLATIN NATIONAL. CAPITAL, $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $1,600,000. 36 Wall Street
National Bank of Commerce CAP. AND SURPLUS, $8,554,000. 29 NASSAU ST.
MERCANTILE NATIONAL. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus Fund, $1,000,000. 191 Broadway
National Bank of the Republic Wall Street and Broadway
Hanover National Bank CAPITAL, $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $1,805,000. 9 and 11 Nassau Street
The Nassau Bank Corner Beekman and Nassau Streets
National Park Bank 214 and 216 Broadway
Fourth National 16 Nassau Street
Central National 322 Broadway
Chase National 15 Nassau Street
Fifth Avenue Fifth Avenue, corner 44th Street
Lincoln National 34 East 42d Street
Seaboard National 18 Broadway
Eleventh Ward Bank 147 Avenue D
Fourteenth Street Bank 3 East Fourteenth Street
Hide and Leather National 88 Gold Street

TRUST COMPANIES.

Continental Trust Company 18 Wall Street
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,000,000. 234 Fifth Av. and 18 Wall Street
Manhattan Trust Co. 20 Wall Street
NEW-ENGLAND LOAN AND TRUST CO. The Debentures of this corporation are a safe 5 per cent. investment. 160 Broadway
New-York Security & Trust Co. 46 Wall Street
THE STATE TRUST CO. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,800,000. 36 Wall Street
Washington Trust Company 280 Broadway

Financial.

Omaha Water Works.

TO THE HOLDERS OF AMERICAN WATER WORKS COMPANY (OMAHA) 5 PER CENT. AND 6 PER CENT. BONDS:

The undersigned Committee announces that foreclosure proceedings have now been begun and will be pressed with all possible speed, and advises all bondholders that have not already deposited their bonds with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 22 William Street, to do so at once, in their own interest, at the same time assuring them that the Committee will exert every effort on their behalf, at least possible expense.

Bondholders are again cautioned against selling their coupons or giving any powers of attorney, or being influenced by misleading statements made in circulars freely issued by parties antagonistic to their interests as bondholders.

Attention is called to the fact that the time for the deposit of bonds expires on Nov. 1, after which date bonds will only be received by the Committee on terms to be announced hereafter.

ERNST THALMANN, of Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., 46 Wall St., New-York, Chairman.
ROSEWELL G. ROLSTON, President of Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St., New-York.
GERALD L. HOYT, of Maitland, Phelps & Co., 24 Exchange Place, New-York.
FREDERICK STRAUSS, representing J. & W. Seligman & Co., 15 Broad St., New-York, Secretary.
WINTHROP SMITH, of W. & P. Smith, 439 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn.
THEODORE C. WOODBURY, of Woodbury & Moulton, Portland, Me.
WM. R. NICHOLSON, President of Land Title and Trust Company, 608 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Meetings.

EVANSVILLE & TERRE HAUTE R. R. CO.
EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 15, 1893.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the EVANSVILLE AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the company in Evansville, Ind., on MONDAY, OCT. 16, 1893, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Stock transfer books will be closed Tuesday, Sept. 26, 1893, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened Tuesday, Oct. 17, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in New-York.

W. J. LEWIS, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Third and Smith Sts., in Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M. The stock transfer books will be closed Oct. 5, 1893, at 3 o'clock P. M. and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., Oct. 26, 1893.

E. F. OSBORN, Secretary.
CINCINNATI, Sept. 12, 1893.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Knickerbocker Trust Company for election of Directors, Inspectors of Election, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the main office of the company, 234 5th Av., on Thursday, Nov. 9, 1893, at 3 o'clock P. M. The polls will be open from 3 to 4 o'clock P. M.

FRED'K L. ELDRIDGE, Secretary.

Dividends.

CINCINNATI, SANDUSKY & CLEVELAND RAILROAD COMPANY.
Oct. 9, 1893.

The semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. will be paid on the preferred stock of this company on Nov. 1, 1893, at the office of Messrs. Drexel, Morgan & Co., New-York.

Transfer books will close Oct. 20, 1893, and will reopen Nov. 2, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. D. COMSTOCK, Treasurer.

EDISON LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY,
San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 13, 1893.

The regular monthly dividend [illegible] PER CENT. per annum has been declared on the capital stock of this company to stockholders of record Oct. 16, 1893. New-York stockholders of record will be paid at the offices of the New-York Guaranty and Indemnity Company, 59 Cedar St.

J. E. GREEN, Secretary.

GALLATIN NATIONAL BANK.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1893.

The Directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of [illegible] dividend of ONE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, payable Oct. 2 prox.

The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

ARTHUR W. SHERMAN, Cashier.

CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY,
143 LIBERTY ST.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 9, 1893.

A dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS per cent. has been declared, payable Nov. 1. The transfer books will be closed from Monday, Oct. 16, till Wednesday, Nov. 1.

J. W. WATSON, Treasurer.

Elections.

OFFICE OF THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE RAILROAD COMPANY.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 15, 1893.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may be brought before it, will be held at the principal office of the company in Denver, Col., on the third Tuesday of October next, (being the seventeenth of said month,) at 12 o'clock noon.

The transfer books will be closed from the evening of Oct. 2, 1893, until the morning of Oct. 23, 1893.

By order of the Board of Directors.
WILLIAM WAGNER, Secretary.

THE ROMANCE OF A SALE.

A Common-Law Marriage—Auction Offerings of Realty.

Seventy-five thousand dollars worth of real estate was sold under foreclosure at the salesroom in the Trinity Building yesterday for $8,000 only. Why this was the outcome involves the story of the Donnell brothers, James and Ezekiel, and carries back the narrative more than a quarter of a century.

Early in the sixties these two brothers owned the property in question, numbered 419 to 425 West Thirteenth Street, as well as some realty in Greenwich Street. Both were supposed to be bachelors. When James Donnell died, in 1866, he left a will giving to Ezekiel whatever property he had, and the latter entered upon the possession of all there was. For a score of years Ezekiel's title was unquestioned and he dealt with the property as his own. When he went back to Ireland and died, his heirs tried to step into his shoes.

They were, however, not allowed to do so undisturbed. It became known that James Donnell had contracted a common-law marriage, and that his widow, in ignorance of her rights, had not availed herself of the opportunity to get her share of the estate. A daughter born to them meanwhile grew up to womanhood, and she began proceedings to recover her rights in her father's estate. An action of ejectment, brought on her behalf as to the Greenwich Street property, resulted in a judgment establishing her claim.

The Thirteenth Street property had meanwhile been mortgaged, and this mortgage, amounting, with interest, to over $13,000, was outstanding until yesterday. On behalf of Mr. Donnell's daughter this mortgage was purchased and suit was brought to foreclose it. Judgment was obtained in due course, and yesterday a sale under foreclosure was had, Mr. Richard V. Harnett acting as auctioneer. He read the formal description, showing the property to consist of a plot of ground 100 feet front by more than 103 feet deep, and covered by four brick buildings. The referee, Mr. Richard M. Henry, announced that the property was sold subject to certain rights claimed by Mr. Donnell's daughter. Then followed an animated dialogue, taken part in by a number of room traders and persons interested in the property, which was decidedly confusing to all who had not a knowledge of the circumstances attending the sale. In the end the property was struck down at $8,000 to John J. Hopper, one of the defendants, who represents the daughter's interest.

Mr. Peter F. Meyer sold under foreclosure to Morris Mayer, the plaintiff in the action, the two five-story brick tenements 645 and 647 East Thirteenth Street, each 27 by 103.3. Each brought $22,000.

Messrs. L. J. Phillips & Co. sold under foreclosure, for $27,500, the four-story brick tenement, 217 Henry Street, north side, 95 feet east of Clinton Street, 23.6 by 87.6. The purchaser, Stephen Jenkins, is the holder of the second mortgage on the property.

The other announced auction sales were adjourned.

Messrs. Walker & Lawson have sold to R. Darrow one of their three-story brown stone 20-foot-front dwellings on West Ninety-first Street, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive.

To-day's sales at auction are subjoined:

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, Charles F. Beach, Jr., referee, northwest corner of First Avenue and East Forty-fourth Street, 175 feet on street by 75.8 on avenue by irregular, three and four story brick brewery building. Due on judgment, $51,000.

By Smyth & Ryan, foreclosure sale, William L. Carey, referee, 330 Edgecombe Avenue, east side, 944.4½ feet north of One Hundred and Forty-fifth Street, 50 by 64.11½, two-story frame dwelling. Due on judgment, about $3,000.

New Buildings and Alterations.

Plans and specifications were yesterday morning filed in the Department of Buildings for the following new buildings and alterations:

By John Pettit of 97 Nassau Street, for a seven-story brick office building, 23 by 96 feet, on the west side of Gold Street, between Beekman and Ann Streets, $100,000.

By William W. Mulligan of 777 Tremont Avenue, for two three-story buildings on the east side of Bathgate Avenue, north of One Hundred and Seventy-sixth Street, $6,000.

By Morris Levy of 337 East Fifty-ninth Street, for a seven-story brick building at 47, 49, and 51 Pike Street, $35,000.

By Charles Pitchie of 920 Cauldwell Avenue, for three two-story frame dwellings on the east side of Arthur Avenue, 100 feet north of One Hundred and Seventy-ninth Street, $6,000.

By Charles A. Gould, alterations to a two-story brick stable at the southeast corner of Lenox Avenue and One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, $1,000.

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

Thursday, Oct. 12.

Varick St, s w corner of Vestry St; Mary E. Palmer and another to Charles H. Simmons.......1

Canal St, s w corner of Mulberry St; Philander Derby to Arthur P. Derby.......1

Barrow St, n s, 237.6 ft w of Bleecker St, 22.6x120; Edwin Taylor to Elise Breuner.......13,000

Waverley Place, 119; Annie E. De Fontaine to Napoleon T. Allen.......31,000

Greene St, w s, 112.8 ft n of Amity St, 20x87.6; John Swenarton and another to John A. Swenarton and another.......1

Clinton St, w s, 125 ft n of Rivington St, 25x100; Israel Cohen and another to Daniel Cohen..44,000

Amsterdam Av, e s, 60.8 ft n of 90th St, 49.6x100; William Cohen and another to Julius Lipman.......1

Same property; same to Johanna Hirohberg.......1

60th St, n s, 375 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100; Gustav Huegel to Henry Walz.......22,250

Amsterdam Av, 627, and other property; Jerome Buck to William Cohen.......7,450

49th St, s s, 120 ft w of 5th Av, 21.6x100; Thomas Rigney to Jeannette R. Rowell.......60,000

Park Av, e s, 45 ft n of 73d St, 57x90; Charles H. Cook to Victor B. Clark.......7,750

66th St, 86; William D. Barnes and another to Henry W. Taft.......1

135th St, s s, 410 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Sarah T. McCarty to John T. Allen and another.....8,000

135th St, s s, 410 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; John C. McCarty, executor, to John T. Allen and another.......1

105th St, n s, 100 ft e of 4th Av, 25x100.11; Henry Lehr and another to William Oppenheim.....18,000

102d St, 235 East; Henry Lehr and another to J. S. Harris.......20,000

101st St, n s, 150 ft w of West End Av, 20x100; Edward R. Gillette to Flora Douglas.......1

85th St, s s, 324 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17.6x100.8; James B Gille and another to Mary D. Freeland.1

96th St, n s, 325 ft w of 11th Av, 75x100.11; John J. Bradley and another to Ellen M. Hennessy.......15,500

144th St, s s, 234 ft e of Amsterdam Av; Charles T. Wigand to Mary A. Hoffman.......1

148th St, s s, 166 ft e of Brook Av, 16x100; John S. Cram to Martin Geiszler.......4,240

Teasdale Place, s s, 137.6 ft w of Delmonico Place, 87.6x100; Patrick Murphy to Margaret Murphy.......10

Trinity Av, e s, 157.5 ft s w of Cliff St, 25x169.6; Hans C. Fredricksen to Hannah Fredricksen.......1

Union Av, e s, 66 ft s of Westchester Av, 60x117; Frederick McCarty and another to Fred W. Brand.......8,300

Intervale Av, n w s, 380 ft n e of 167th St; Alexander McDonnell to Jane Armstrong.......3,000

Lot 97 map, of Morrisania; Henry Weiss to Louise Weiss.......1

Suburban Place, e s, 120 ft n of Boston Av; Thomas M. Horan and another to Bridget Reidy.......700

Bailey Av, w s, 649 ft n of Old Albany Post Road; Adah Edwards to Mary Hallinan.......1,300

Recorded Mortgages.

Allen, John T., and others to J. B. O'Donohue and others; s s of 135th St, e of Lenox Av, demand.......6,000

Andrews, Mary E., to H. Fannie Robins; n s of 47th St, e of 7th Av, 3 years.......18,000

Cohen, Daniel, to Israel Cohen; w s of Clinton St, n of Rivington St, demand.......35,000

Carrere, Marion S., and another to Jeremiah Lennon and wife; 1st Av, n w corner of 31st St, 2 years.......4,000

Clark, V. B., to C. H. Lock; e s of Park Av, n of 73d St, 2 years, (three mortgages).......12,000

Doll, Lizzie, to Emma Meyer; s s of 111th St, w of 2d Av, 2 years.......600

Evers, Charlotte, to Frederick Stederoth; s s of 83d St, e of 3d Av, 3 years.......3,000

Freeland, Mary D., to E. M. Dalrymple, executrix; s s of 88th St, e of 10th Av, 3 years.......20,000

Haft, Alexander, and others to S. W. Dexter; w s of Pelham St, s of Monroe St, 1 year.......5,000

Hornberger, George, and wife to Frances G. G. Sanborn; s s of 9th St, e of Avenue B, 1 year.3,200

Hallinan, Mary, to Margaretha Ritter; w s of Bailey Av, n of Old Albany Post Road, 3 years.......800

Kehoe, John, to Jacob Hersh; Wooster St, n w corner of Prince St, 1 year.......20,000

Koch, Robert, and another, to Elise Boessenberg; Lot 68, map of Upper Morrisania, 3 years.......1,100

Levy, Morris, and wife, to S. W. Dexter; s s of East Broadway, w of Market St, 1 year.......15,000

Kaplan, Abraham, and others, to Julius Israel; n s of Rutgers Place, e of Jefferson St, 1 year.......7,000

Holding, Henry, and wife to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; n s of 68d St, e of 10th Av, 3 years.......25,000

Prince, James, and wife to North New-York Co-operative Building and Loan Association; Lot 494, map of S. Combreleng, instalments.......1,500

Renner, Elise, to Edwin Taylor; n s of Barrow St, w of Bleecker St, 2 years.......3,000

Riedell, William, and wife to Robert C. Walker; Boulevard, s w corner of 131st St, 1 year.......4,400

Read, Martha M., to Catharine Shea and another; s s of 84th St, e of Lenox Av, (two mortgages,) 3 years.......25,000

Silverman, Betsie, to Isaac Gross; s s of 47th St, w of 1st Av, 2 years.......1,470

Schmugg, Francis J., and another to Lambert Suydam; s s of 96th St, e of Madison Av, 1 year.......10,000

Schlich, Marie, and another to Theodore Altschul; s s of Clinton St, e of Tinton Av, 1 year.......760

The Union Reformed Dutch Church to the minister, &c., of Reformed Protestant Dutch Church; n s of 11th St, w of 6th Av, bonds.......6,510

Tucker, Katharine L. W., and another to the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital; s s of 16th St, w of 5th Av, 2 years.......24,000

Werthelmer, Sophia, and another to Betty Berliner; s s of 115th St, e of 6th Av, 3 years.......3,500

Mechanics' Liens.

Filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office.

Riverdale Av and Beech St, s e corner; John Morrow against the Church of St. Margaret, owner and contractor.......$785

East Houston St, 438; Morris Wiederman against David Frankel, owner; Caspar Strobel, contractor.......1,500

Same property; same against David Frankel, owner and contractor.......190

8th Av and 125d St, s w corner; Frank W. Moore against James Phelan, owner; William R. Rose, contractor.......415

Varick St, 109; also, 565 Broome St; Louis Monjo against Leonard Appleby, owner; E. Besant, contractor.......152

Madison Av, 1,994 to 2,004; Poulson & Eger against George W. Mead, owner and contractor.......1,125

Broadway, 1,512; Joseph H. Dimond against C. C. Martin, owner; Charles Schloss, contractor...258

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

Sun rises	6 09	Sun sets	5 23	Moon sets	A M 7 16

HIGH WATER TO-DAY.

Sandy H'k	A M 9 52	Gov. Isl.	A M 10 16	Hell Gate	A M 12 09
Sandy H'k	P M 10 22	Gov. Isl.	P M 10 42	Hell Gate	P M 12 35

LOW WATER TO-DAY.

Sandy H'k	A M 3 40	Gov. Isl.	A M 4 14	Hell Gate	A M 5 42
Sandy H'k	P M 4 12	Gov. Isl.	P M 4 52	Hell Gate	P M 6 20

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
TO-DAY, (FRIDAY,) OCT. 13.		
Algonquin, Charleston	......	3:00 P M
Alvena, Jeremie	11:00 A M	12:00 M
Chattahoochee, Savannah	......	3:00 P M
SATURDAY, OCT. 14.		
Arizona, Liverpool	5:30 A M	8:30 A M
City of Rome, Glasgow	6:00 A M	8:00 A M
G. W. Clyde, San Domingo	1:00 P M	......
Kansas City, Savannah	......	3:00 P M
La Gascogne, Havre	3:00 A M	6:00 A M
Lucania, Liverpool	4:30 A M	8:00 A M
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	6:30 A M	8:30 A M
Russia, Hamburg	......	8:00 A M
Seneca, Havana	11:00 A M	1:00 P M
Strabo, Pernambuco	9:30 A M	......
Venezuela, La Guayra	11:00 A M	1:00 P M
Werra, Genoa	12:00 M	......
MONDAY, OCT. 16.		
City of Birmingham	......	3:00 P M
Yemassee	......	3:00 P M
TUESDAY, OCT. 17.		
Lahn, Bremen	......	10:00 A M
Moravia, Hamburg	......	10:00 A M
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18.		
Britannic, Liverpool	......	11:00 A M
City of Washington, Havana	......	3:00 P M
Friesland, Antwerp	......	11:30 A M
Miranda, Honduras	......	......
Nacoochee, Savannah	......	3:00 P M
Paris, Southampton	......	11:30 A M
Seminole, Charleston	......	3:00 P M

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY, (FRIDAY,) OCT. 13.—Athos, Jamaica, Oct. 7; Didam, Rotterdam, Sept. 30; Fuerst Bismarck, Hamburg, Oct. 5; Pontiac, Gibraltar, Sept. 26; Zaandam, Plymouth, Sept. 29.

SATURDAY, OCT. 14.—Colorado, Hull, Sept. 30; Etruria, Liverpool, Oct. 7; La Touraine, Havre, Oct. 7; Paris, Southampton, Oct. 7; Suevia, Hamburg, Oct. 1.

SUNDAY, OCT. 15.—Circassia, Glasgow, Oct. 5; Grecian Prince, Gibraltar, Oct. 1; Manitoba, London, Oct. 3.

MONDAY, OCT. 16.—Caribbee, St. Croix, Oct. 2; Ems, Bremen, Oct. 7; State of California, Glasgow, Oct. 6; Nomadic, Liverpool, Oct. 6; Orizaba, Havana, Oct. 12; Wells City, Swansea, Oct. 2.

TUESDAY, OCT. 17.—Adirondack, Kingston, Oct. 12; Hesperia, Gibraltar, Oct. 5; Obdam, Rotterdam, Oct. 5; Rhynland, Antwerp, Oct. 7.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18.—City of Alexandria, Havana, Oct. 14; Havel, Bremen, Oct. 10; Philadelphia, La Guayra, Oct. 12; Teutonic, Liverpool, Oct. 11.

Arrived—New-York, Thursday, Oct. 12.

SS Old Dominion, Couch, Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Brilliant, (Ger.,) Keler, Hamburg Sept. 26, in ballast to Gustave Heye. Arrived at the Bar at 10 A. M.

SS Boston City, (Br.,) Capt. Weiss, Bristol, &c., Sept. 22, with mdse and passengers to James Arkell & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 7 15 A. M.

SS Norwegian, (Br.,) Christie, Glasgow Sept. 30, with mdse and passengers to Austin Baldwin & Co. Arrived at the Bar 8 45 P M 11th.

SS Moravia, (Ger.,) Winckler, Hamburg Sept. 29, with mdse and passengers to R. J. Cortis. Arrived at the Bar at 9 12 A. M.

SS Island, (Dan.,) Skjodt, Copenhagen Sept. 26, via Christiania and Christiansand, with mdse and passengers to Funch, Edye & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 3 40 P. M.

Bark Standard, (Ger.,) Denker, Marseilles Aug. 24, with mdse to Theodore Ruger & Co.

Bark Bristol, Lawrence, Plymouth 29 ds., with china clay to Hammill & Gillespie—vessel to W. R. Grace & Co.

Bark Unione, (Ital.,) Galataola, London 67 ds., with chalk to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co.

WIND—9 30 P M at Sandy Hook, S E, light breeze, cloudy.

Sailed.

SS El Cid, for New-Orleans; Guyandotte, for Norfolk and Newport News; Richmond, for West Point, Va; La Flandre, for Antwerp; Veendam, for Rotterdam; Glenesh, for Norfolk; Niagara, for St. Jago; Orinoco, for Bermuda.

Notice to Mariners.

Notice is hereby given by the Lighthouse Board that the outer buoy, second-class can, at the entrance to Absecon Inlet, seacoast of New-Jersey, has been taken up and a bell buoy has been substituted for it. On account of a change in the channel the bell buoy was placed in 21 feet of water at low tide, about 250 yards to the southward of the former position of the can buoy. Bearings of prominent objects, as taken from Chart 122 of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, are: South Brigantine Life-Saving Station, N E by N; Absecon Lighthouse, N N W, ⅛ W; second buoy, N, ¼ W. Bearings are magnetic and given approximately.

By Cable.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Hamburg-American Line SS Augusta Victoria, Capt. Barends, from New-York Oct. 5 for Hamburg, arr. at Southampton to-day.

White Star Line SS Germanic, Capt. McKinstry, from New-York Oct. 4 for Liverpool, passed Brow Head Oct. 10.

SS Amsterdam, (Dutch,) Capt. Stenger, from New-York Sept. 30 for Boulogne and Rotterdam, arr. at Boulogne to-day.

SS Edam, (Dutch,) Capt. Brunsma, from Rotterdam for New-York, passed the Isle of Wight to-day.

SS Mannheim, (Ger.,) Capt. Hoelck, from Bremen for New-York, passed the Isle of Wight to-day.

SS Olympia, (Br.,) Capt. Swain, from Mediterranean ports for New-York, passed Gibraltar to-day.

SS Suram, (Br.,) Capt. Hoken, from New-York Sept. 27 for Dover, passed Prawle Point to-day.

SS Victoria, (Br.,) Capt. Johnson, from Trieste, &c., for New-York, passed Gibraltar to-day.

SS Robino (Br.) sld. from Girgenti for New-York Oct. 4.

SS Capua, (Ger.,) Capt. Muller, sld. from Rio Janeiro for New-York Oct. 7.

SS Piqua, (Br.,) Capt. Brown, sld. from Gibraltar for New-York Oct. 7.

SS Almalt, (Ger.,) Capt. Kraeft, sld. from Hamburg for New-York Oct. 9.

SS Lucerna, (Br.,) Capt. Dyer, from Amsterdam, sld. from Shields for New-York Oct. 10.

SS Montebello, (Ital.,) Capt. Canzonori, from New-York Sept. 20, arr. at Genoa Oct. 10.

SS Buccaneer, (Br.,) Capt. Cove, from New-York Sept. 30 for Leghorn, arr. at St. Michaels Oct. 11.

SS Dora Foster, (Br.,) Capt. Morgan, from New-York Sept. 24, arr. at Oct. 11.

SS Exeter City, (Br.,) Capt. Sendall, from New-York Sept. 27, arr. at Bristol to-day.

SS Massachusetts, (Br.,) Capt. Bocquet, from New-York Sept. 30, arr. here to-day.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 12.—White Star Line SS Teutonic, Capt. Cameron, from Liverpool, sld. hence for New-York to-day.

The Bomb in Italy.

ROME, Oct. 12.—A dynamite bomb exploded near the Florentine Gate in Pisa last night. The explosion caused a panic in the vicinity. The windows of the houses in the neighborhood were shattered, but beyond this no damage was done. Nobody was hurt.

City Real Estate for Sale.

Money to Loan at 5%.

Large or Small Amounts.

Reasonable fees for examination and guarantee of title. No extras for searches.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Offices { 55 Liberty St., N. Y.
N.E. corner 58th St. & 7th Av., N.Y.
26 Court St., Brooklyn.

AUCTIONEER. AGENT.

Geo. R. Read,
REAL ESTATE,
9 PINE ST., ASTOR BUILDING.
BROKER. APPRAISER.

FOR SALE—The new and elegant four-story high-stoop stone and terra-cotta front houses NOS. 17, 21, AND 23 WEST 88TH ST., built in the most substantial manner by day's work; hardwood trimmed, parquet flooring, open plumbing, tiled bathrooms. Terms to suit. Apply to estate of H. D. ALDRICH, 29 Broadway.

City Houses To Let—Furnished.

MADISON AVE., Corner 34th St.

Large corner Mansion; Fully Furnished.
25 ft. wide. Never previously rented.
To lease for season or year.
Possession Nov. 15th.
INNES & CENTER,
21 East 20th St., adjoining Broadway,
or
CHAS. S. BROWN,
59 Liberty St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

VAN DYKE STUDIOS.

North skylight, north window light, steam heat, elevator until 11 o'clock, hot and cold water, baths, and closets; rents, $360 to $600 per annum; short block from American Fine Arts Society Building; immediate possession. Van Dyke Studios, 56th St. and 8th Av.

Country Real Estate for Sale.

The difference between living in a home of one's own at Giffords-by-the-Sea, Staten Island, and in a flat up town is very great. In the first there is safety, economy, and profit. In the second, there is constant expenditure, uncertainty, and loss.

Suppose two good lots at Giffords-by-the-Sea were obtainable for, say, $300, and that on these a house costing $1,500 could be built, making in all $1,800. The interest on this at 6 per cent. is $108 per year, which, with $60 a year for a commutation ticket, will make up $168 per annum. This is exactly $14 a month for a house of one's own, with abundant room for a good garden, and ample provisions for children, such as playgrounds, schools, &c. To those who have money in savings banks at two or three per cent. the gain would be very great.

The economy consists in saving rent. The safety consists in the investment in your own home, than which nothing can be safer. The profit is found in the nearness of the land to New-York, the scarcity of good land near the city, and in the improvements which you and your neighbor will make, so that year by year your lots will double up in value.

The sale of this beautiful property takes place on Thursday afternoon, the 19th inst., by order of David Bennett King, trustee for creditors of Erastus Wiman. The property adjoins the station, and is reached by thirty-one trains a day from the Battery in forty-five minutes. The double-tracking of the railroad, now in progress, will increase the number of trains and diminish the time.

You cannot for the money buy any other property so desirable in the neighborhood of New-York. If insufficient cash is available, arrangements can be made for advances for building once the lot is paid for.

Passes good on or before the day of sale with maps and full particulars, including Erastus Wiman's article on "Why I Bought at Giffords," can be had on application to David Bennett King, Trustee, 44 Pine St.; H. T. Metcalfe & Sons, Auctioneers, 145 Broadway; Folsom Brothers, 826 Broadway; Chris. Heiser, 59 Liberty St., or Erastus Wiman, 1 Broadway.

Good boat trains to visit Giffords-by-the-Sea leave Battery, reached by all elevated roads, at 10:30 and 11:30 A. M. and at 1:30 and 3:30 P. M. On Sundays boats leave the Battery on the even hour. Special trains on the day of sale at 1 and 1:30 P. M.

Real Estate at Auction.

JAMES L. WELLS, Auctioneer.

CONTINUATION SALE

AT THE NEW-YORK REAL ESTATE SALESROOM, NO. 111 BROADWAY, NOON, MONDAY, OCT. 23.

145 CITY LOTS
VYSE
ESTATE,

23D WARD, N. Y. CITY.
FINELY LOCATED ON AND NEAR SOUTHERN BOULEVARD AND HOME. (167TH STREET,)
TWO BLOCKS NORTH OF PRESENT TERMINUS
WESTCHESTER AV. ELECTRIC R. R.
AS HOME SITES, UNEXCELLED.
AS AN INVESTMENT, SECURE AND PROFITABLE.
EASY TERMS. TITLES ISSUED FREE BY TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITORS ALLOWED TIME TO OBTAIN THEIR MONEY.
SEND FOR MAPS TO
JAMES L. WELLS, Auctioneer,
59 LIBERTY ST.

W. E. TAYLOR, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE AT PALISADES PARK.

AUCTION TUESDAY, Oct. 17, 2 P. M.

By order of A. Fred Silverstone, Assignee.

ON THE PREMISES AT PALISADES PARK, 50 IMPROVED and CHOICE BUILDING SITES, hitherto reserved from sale on account of their elegant location and prospective value, but now offered to meet the necessity of the case for the benefit of creditors. Sale positive and without reservation to the highest bidders. Being only 40 minutes from New-York City Hall, via Erie Ferry, and 45 minutes via West Twenty-third St. Ferry, only 24 minutes by railroad from Jersey City Erie Ferry, with a ten-cent commutation rate, (including ferriage,) this is the most comfortably accessible locality within the suburbs. With a fine depot, express office, Post Office, stores, new schoolhouse, stone sidewalks, water in pipes, sewerage, shade trees, and fine broad avenues, this village offers attractions of an unusual order. Maps and free passes can be had by addressing

BENJAMIN W. HITCHCOCK,
14 Chambers St., New-York.
J. J. GLEASON, Attorney.

City Flats To Let—Furnished.

"NO. 121 MADISON AV."

AN ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Furnished apartment to sublet for season or one year.

City Flats To Let—Unfurnished.

THE REGENT,
438-440 West 57th Street.

Large light flats, eight rooms, in excellent order; hall attendance, &c. Rents $45 and $50.

J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT, 1,544 Broadway.

Rents, $40 to $70

A.—THE LORING.

Boulevard and West 74th St., Amsterdam Av. Roomy, light, well-ventilated apartments, with steam heat, mirrors, open fireplaces, door service, &c.; reasonable rents; first-class service; immediate occupancy or Oct. 1. Apply on premises or to J. E. WHITAKER, 278 Boulevard, near W. 74th St.

NEW AMSTERDAM,

Corner of 75th Street and Amsterdam Av.
ELEGANT NEW APARTMENTS TO LET.
Rents from $700 to $1,500, including elevators, steam heat, electric lights, &c. Apply on premises.

Apartments To Let—Furnished.

Hotel Renaissance,
43D ST., WEST OF 5TH AV.,

Several apartments, furnished and unfurnished, for rent.

MAGNIFICENT BACHELOR
Apartments To Let.
501 5TH AV., CORNER 42D ST.
Meals served in rooms if desired.
Elevator runs all night.
RENTS REASONABLE.
E. A. CRUIKSHANK & CO., 176 Broadway.

Boarders Wanted.

21ST ST., 34 EAST.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, with board; families and gentlemen; references.

22D ST., 26 WEST.—Parlor floor, handsomely furnished, for small family; private table; references.

39TH ST., 45 WEST.—Elegantly-furnished suites and single rooms; superior table; references.

47TH ST., 16 TO 20 EAST.—Choice rooms, en suite or singly; superior table; parlor dining room; references.

50TH ST., 61 WEST.—Second floor; two large rooms, together or separately, with board; references.

57TH ST., 140 WEST.—Handsomely-furnished rooms, with board; references.

79TH ST., 166 WEST.—Two handsomely-furnished large adjoining rooms to let; board if desired; in private family; private bath; references exchanged. MANNING.

434 MADISON AV.—Very desirable third floor front room; large closets; also hall room; references.

MADISON AV. CORNER, 24 EAST 75TH ST.—Handsome rooms, en suite or singly; appointments strictly first class.

MADISON AV. CORNER, 24 EAST 75TH ST.—Handsome rooms, en suite or singly; appointments strictly first-class.

Furnished Rooms.

43 WEST 18TH ST.—Handsome apartments; private bath; meals if desired; first-class parties; gentlemen preferred.

62 WEST 46TH ST.—Handsomely-furnished rooms to rent; breakfast if desired.

76TH ST., 65 WEST.—Exceptional bachelor apartments; choice of saloon floors; privacy assured; gas logs in all rooms; tiled bathrooms adjoining; bay windows front; rear overlooks Manhattan Square; table the best; optional references.

105 WEST 47TH ST.—Private family have nicely-furnished desirable rooms for gentlemen, without board; reasonable.

114 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, BROOKLYN.—Handsome furnished rooms; beautiful location; five minutes' walk from bridge, Fulton, Wall, and Annex Ferries; restaurant and eating houses close at hand; terms moderate.

AT 121 5TH AV., (Wallace's restaurant,) large and small rooms, handsomely furnished.

Rooms Wanted.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED BY A YOUNG gentleman in vicinity of West 72d St. and Boulevard; must be on second or third floor; no hall room. Address, with full particulars, PERMANENT, Box 151 Times.

Surrogate Notices.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-York, by the grace of God free and independent, to FANNIE M. WORSTALL, as executrix of the last will and testament of George Buckman, deceased; Watson T. Hillborn, as trustee for Marianna Hillborn, wife of Cyrus Hillborn; William E. Buckman, Mahlon B. Buckman, Fannie M. Worstall, Frank E. Buckman, Selinda Buckman, Mary B. Buckman, Samuel K. Buckman, Fannie M. Buckman, Katie Buckman, William M. Buckman, Fannie M. Buckman, George B. Buckman, Florence M. Buckman, Arthur L. Buckman, Jonathan Buckman, Marianna Hillborn, Watson T. Hillborn, Sara A. Parry, George B. Buckman, Walter C. Buckman, Howard H. Buckman, Anna R. Sellers, Alfred S. Buckman, Micajah S. Buckman, Mary B. Buckman, Elmer E. Buckman, Ernest U. Buckman, Sallie A. Buckman, Eleanor B. Buckman, Elizabeth Firmstone and Frank Firmstone and Harry Firmstone as executors of the last will and testament of Susan Kimber, deceased, and Lewis H. Taylor, as trustee for the wife and children of Micajah S. Buckman, and to all persons interested in the estate of Mahlon Buckman, late of the City of New-York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, at the Surrogate's Court of said city and county, held in the County Court House, in the City of New-York, on the tenth day of November, 1893, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of John J. Carle as executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, and to show cause why a decree should not be made directing the disposition of the estate of said testator in said executor's hands and revoking the letters testamentary issued to him and discharging him as such executor and from all duties as trustee under said will, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the City and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of our said city and county, at the City of New-York, the 7th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three. [L. S.]

JAMES F. McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

WM. H. WILLITS,
Att'y for Executor, 29 Wall St., N. Y. City.
s15-law6wF

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-York, by the grace of God free and independent, to BARBARA NOWAK, Magdalena Mayer, Mary Styrova, Theresa Krysl, Anna Turek, Mary Nowak, Joseph Nowak, Matthias Nowak, Wenzel Nowak, Anna Nowak, Sofie Mayer, Albert Joseph Nowak, Frank Paul Nowak, Alice Matilda Nowak, Henry Feldman, send greeting:

Whereas, August Nowak, of the City of New-York, has lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our City and County of New-York to have a certain instrument in writing, bearing date the 7th day of August, 1882, and codicil thereto bearing date the 24th day of April, 1893, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Albert Nowak, late of the City and County of New-York, deceased; therefore, you, and each of you, are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our City and County of New-York, at his office in the City of New-York, on the 29th day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, at 10:30 in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate of our said City and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of our said City and County, at the City of New-York, the 11th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

(L. S.) J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.

SAMUEL STRASBOURGER, Attorney for Petitioner, 145 Nassau Street, New-York.
o13-law6wF*.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, one of the Surrogates of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RICHARD S. NEWCOMBE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Messrs. Booraem, Hamilton, Beckett & Ransom, No. 160 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of April, 1894.—Dated New-York, the 12th day of October, 1893.

IDA M. NEWCOMBE, Executrix.
BOORAEM, HAMILTON, BECKETT & RANSOM, Attorneys for Executrix, 160 Broadway, New-York City. o13-law6mF

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Rastus S. Ransom, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LAMAR SOUTTER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at its place of transacting business, No. 22 William Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the first day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 26th day of September, 1893.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Administrator.
TURNER, McCLURE & ROLSTON, Att'ys for Adm., 22 William St., N. Y. City. s29-law6mF

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Frank T. Fitzgerald, Surrogate of the City and County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against John Blake, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 67 Wall Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the twenty-fourth day of March next.—Dated New-York, the twentieth day of September, 1893. JNO. McL. NASH, Executor. CHAS. L. JONES, Attorney for Executor, 67 Wall Street, New-York City. s22-law6mF

Legal Notices.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW-York to all persons interested in the estate of JAMES G. B. WOOLWORTH, assigned to CHARLES H. DANIELS for the benefit of creditors, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear at a Special Term of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, to be held in the County Court House, in the City and County of New-York, on the 20th day of October, 1893, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to show cause why a final settlement of the accounts of Charles H. Daniels, the assignee of the above-named James G. B. Woolworth, insolvent debtor, should not be had, and if no cause be shown, then to attend the final settlement of the assignee's accounts.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto caused the seal of the said Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Joseph F. Daly, Chief Justice of said court, this 7th day of September, 1893.

[L. S.] ALFRED WAGSTAFF, Clerk.
NELSON SMITH, Attorney for Assignee, 97 Nassau Street, New-York City. s8-law6wF

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY the Honorable Joseph F. Daly, Chief Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, on the 11th day of September, 1893, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having claims against Richard Morgan Olcott, lately doing business at the City and County of New-York under the firm name of Olcott & Co., to present their claims, with the vouchers thereof duly verified, to the subscriber, the duly-appointed assignee of said Richard Morgan Olcott for the benefit of creditors, at his place of transacting business, No. 146 Broadway, at the City of New-York, on or before the 27th day of November, 1893.—Dated New-York City, September 12, 1893. JOHN S. DURAND, Assignee.

TYLER & DURAND, Attorneys for Assignee, 146 Broadway, New-York City. s15-law6wF

Apartments To Let—Unfurnished.

PLEASANT SUITES IN FRANKLYN, 55 East 11th St., near Broadway; $35 to $45. Janitor.

INSTRUCTION ADVERTISEMENTS.

Schools—City.

Young Men and Boys.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
34 AND 36 EAST 51ST ST.
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PREPARES BOYS FOR ALL COLLEGES, SCIENTIFIC SCHOOLS, BUSINESS.
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT, GYMNASIUM.
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B. H. CAMPBELL, A. M.

KINDERGARTEN DEPARTMENT OF THE Teachers' College.—A two years' course required; number of students limited; privilege of electing work in ten departments of the college. Applications may be made at once for places in the class beginning September, 1894. For entrance in the present year, application may be made not later than Oct. 20. Circulars sent to applicants.
9 University Place,
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MESSRS.
WILSON & KELLOGG'S
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No. 622 FIFTH AVE., near 50th St.
A school of High Grade, preparatory to any college, scientific school, or business. Gymnasium.
A CLASS FOR LITTLE BOYS.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, Founded 1638.
241 AND 243 WEST SEVENTY-SEVENTH ST
Boys prepared for College and for Business. Primary department, Gymnasium, Military drill under U. S. Army officer. Reopens Sept. 28.
L. C. MYGATT, Head Master.

CHAPIN COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,
721 Madison Av., (64th St.) 74th year begins Sept 27. Boys fitted for college or business. Well-equipped gymnasium.
Primary department, under careful instruction.
HENRY B. CHAPIN, D. D., Ph. D., Principal.

YALE SCHOOL,
51 WEST 51ST ST.
Prepares for all colleges and for business.
WM. C. READIO. L. E. BROWN.
Opens Sept. 27, 1893.

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SEVENTH YEAR BEGINS OCT. 2.
Chester Donaldson, Prin.; Jonathan Dickinson, Jr., Vice Prin. Office hours, 8 to 11 A. M., 5 to 8 P. M.

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THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES; Madison Square, (25th St. and Broadway.)
Branches in leading American and European cities.
Best instruction, reasonable fee, term begins now.

DWIGHT SCHOOL,
1,481 BROADWAY, (NEAR 43D ST.,)
a superior preparatory school for boys; careful preparation for all colleges, scientific schools, and for the Regents' examination.
HENRY C. MILLER, } Principals.
ARTHUR WILLIAMS,

DR. E. D. LYON'S CLASSICAL SCHOOL,
576 5TH AV., (removed from 6 East 47th St.,)
Reopens Sept. 28.
Thorough preparation for college or business.
Number limited. Primary department.

WOODBRIDGE SCHOOL. 12th year.
417 MADISON AV. REOPENS OCT. 2.
NO JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.
J. WOODBRIDGE DAVIS. DAVID A. CENTER.

F. G. IRELAND'S CLASS FOR BOYS, 25 West 42d St., reopens Monday, Oct. 2; limited to twenty-four. Mr. Ireland will be at the classrooms after Sept. 18, 9 to 1.

NEW-YORK CITY, 423 Madison Av.
J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL.
Autumn term begins Oct. 2. Thorough preparation for all colleges. Principal at home after Sept. 18.

IRVING SCHOOL, (BOYS,) 20 WEST 59TH ST.
LOUIS DWIGHT RAY, M. A.
Gymnasium. All Departments. Private Classes in Gymnastics, Languages, & Mathematics, 3 to 5 P. M.

FRANCIS B. ALLEN'S CLASS FOR BOYS, 13 West 42d St., reopens Sept. 28; number limited; especial care with backward boys. 11th year.

CLASS FOR BOYS, 22 EAST 54TH ST., REopens Oct. 4. Circulars sent on application. Fourteenth year. THE MISSES GRINNELL.

Young Ladies and Children.

MADEMOISELLE VELTIN,
DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
160-162 WEST 74TH ST.,
Will reopen Oct. 5 at the new specially-constructed
FIRE-PROOF SCHOOL BUILDING.
Kindergarten conducted in FRENCH.

MISS PEEBLES AND MISS THOMPSON'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 32 and 34 East 57th St., New-York.
Re-opens Thursday, Oct. 5th. Primary, Preparatory, Academic Departments. College Preparation. All classes in charge of specialists.

MADAME A. C. MEARS'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school for young ladies and children, 222 Madison Av., New-York, will reopen Monday, Oct. 2, 1893. French is the language of the family and school; special classes in art, and French conversation; English, French, and German primary department. Students prepared for college. Fifty-third year.

THE MISSES ELY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
REOPENED OCT. 3.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
85TH AND 86TH STREETS, NEW-YORK.

MISS MARY HARRIOTT NORRIS.
CLASSES IN HIGHER ENGLISH.
117 WEST 58TH ST.

MISS WALKER'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
148 Madison Avenue.
Reopens Oct. 2. Number limited.
School hours from nine to one. Primary class from nine to twelve. No home study for pupils under fourteen who remain until two o'clock.

THE SALISBURY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Central Park Plaza, 741 5th Av., New-York.—Boarding and day school; primary, intermediate, college-preparatory, and finishing. Mrs. Salisbury personally in charge. Individual instruction; light rooms. Reopens Wednesday, Oct. 4.

THE SIMMONS SCHOOL,
1,010 Madison Av., 28 East 78th St.,
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Primary, Academic, Collegiate. Certificate admits to the leading colleges for women. Reopens Oct. 2.

MISS S. D. DOREMUS'
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
735 MADISON AV.
REOPENS OCT. 5.

THE MISSES MERINGTON
French and English school reopens Oct. 2.
Resident pupils.
183 Lenox Av., near 119th St.

HOME BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 607 5th Av.
Thirty-sixth year begins Oct. 3.
Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Charles H. Gardner, Principals.

THE MISSES GRINNELL'S
Day School for Girls, 22 East 54th St., reopens Oct. 5. Primary, Academic, and Collegiate Departments. Special courses. Kindergarten, Oct. 10.

MISS L. WINTHROP KOUES'
School for girls removes from 153 West 70th St. to 128 West 70th St.

MISS GIBBONS' SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MRS. SARAH H. EMERSON, Principal. A few boarding pupils taken. Reopens Oct. 4. 55 West 47th St.

MISS SPRING'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for GIRLS, No. 121 EAST 36th St., near Park Av., reopens Thursday, Sept. 28. A class for Little Boys. At home after Sept. 16.

MISS BRAGG'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS REopens Monday, Oct. 2. Classes for little boys. 1,509 Broadway.

AT MISS PERRIN'S, 696 MADISON AV., near 62d St., special classes in all branches of tuition; boarding pupils, $600 per annum; 15th year.

MISS BALLOW'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.—Miss M. S. Morgan, Miss E. F. Gallaudet, Principals. Reopens Oct. 5. 24 East 22d St.

MISS BARBER AND MISS MONTFORT'S morning classes for young ladies; academic, collegiate, and special courses; Oct. 4. 44 West 34th St.

VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG ladies and children, (founded 1857,) 280 West 71st St. Mme. VAN NORMAN, Principal.

PRIVATE KINDERGARTEN.—Miss Randolph and Miss Pond will open their kindergarten Oct. 9. 651 Boulevard West, (corner 92d St.)

THE MISSES PERINE'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 44 East 78th St., next corner Madison Av. Resident Pupils. 4th Oct. Special Studies.

MISS WARREN'S DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 108 West 81st St.—Primary, intermediate, academic. Class for boys in the primary department.

MISS JAUDON'S SCHOOL, 343 MADISON Av., reopens Oct. 4. Primary classes. College preparation. A few resident pupils.

MISS CARRIER, formerly with MISS DU VERNET. School for Boys and Girls. Reopens Oct. 4. French spoken. 52 EAST 30th St.

LADY DESIRES PUPILS FOR PIANO; LESsons, 50 cents. Address MUSIC, Box 263 Times, Up Town.

THE MISSES MASON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 43 West 50th St., will reopen Oct 3.

SAUSE'S SCHOOL FOR DANCING,
ADELPHI HALL, 52d St. and Broadway.
ALL THE LATEST DANCES. Send for circular.

Law Schools.

METROPOLIS LAW SCHOOL.
Fall term began Oct. 2; Evening Sessions.
ABNER C. THOMAS, LL. D., Dean. For catalogues address Prof. CLARENCE D. ASHLEY, 207 B'way

Schools—Country.

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COLEMAN
BUSINESS COLLEGE, NEWARK, N. J.
832 TO 840 BROAD ST.
NEWARK & N. Y. R. R. BUILDINGS.
Enlarged and improved facilities.
Unsurpassed advantages.
BEST SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING SCHOOL IN THE STATE.
Rate low. Address for catalogue or College Journal, H. COLEMAN, President,
(Central R. R. Buildings,) Newark.

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VISITING TUTOR.—English university man (classical and mathematical honors) offers his services in this capacity; experienced teacher; best references. A. M. Cantab, Box 151 Times.

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GERMAN LANGUAGE, CONVERSATION, Literature.—Best instruction; pupils prepared for college. M. B., 68 West 19th St.

PRIVATE TUTOR.—Graduate of Oxford, England; many years' experience; best city references. R. JOHNSON, 42 Washington Square.

Hotels.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL
16th St. and Irving Place,
NEW-YORK.
(One block east of Union Square.)
A quiet hotel of established reputation with a cuisine of noted excellence. Moderate terms to permanent guests.
AMERICAN PLAN.

ST. CLOUD HOTEL
BROADWAY AND 42D ST., NEW-YORK.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
NEW MANAGEMENT, NEW FURNITURE, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, SANITARY PLUMBING, AND ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
ROOMS FROM $1 PER DAY AND UPWARD.
Free transfer of baggage by our own conveyance to and from GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT AND WEST SHORE RR.
N. B. BARRY, PROPRIETOR,
late proprietor of Hotel Glenham, 5th Av., N. Y.

Hotel Cambridge,
5TH AV. AND 33D ST., NEW-YORK.
A SELECT FAMILY HOTEL.
Appointments, service, and cuisine unsurpassed.
Convenient to the elevated railroads, theatres stores, and all places of amusement.
HENRY WALTER, Proprietor,
late of the "Albemarle," New-York City.

HOTEL BRISTOL,
5TH AV. AND 42D ST., NEW-YORK.
A FAMILY HOTEL OF THE HIGHEST ORDER FOR PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT GUESTS.
E. M. EARLE & CO., Proprietors.

HOTEL GRENOBLE,
56TH, 57TH STS. AND 7TH AV.
The select fire-proof family hotel of New-York City.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
ALSO APARTMENTS ADJOINING.
Three to seven rooms, furnished or unfurnished,
With or without hotel service.
WILLIAM NOBLE, Owner and Proprietor.

THE JEFFERSON,
FORMERLY HOTEL DAM,
102, 104, 106 EAST 15TH ST.,
OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE.
Furnished and unfurnished apartments.
Rooms single and en suite, transiently or by the year. Hotel thoroughly renovated; new plumbing throughout.
JOHN CHATFIELD.

WHY RENT A HOUSE when you can have every home comfort and no cares!!!!
BEFORE YOU DO, SEE THE FAMOUS
SHERMAN SQUARE HOTEL,
GRAND BOULEVARD AND WEST 71ST ST.
THIS NEW HOTEL HAS
large rooms, a superb location, and reasonable rates.
Two choice unfurnished suites to let by year.
Three choice furnished suites for the year or season.
American plan only. Early application necessary.
E. N. WILSON.

THE SHERWOOD,
5TH AV. AND 44TH ST., NEW-YORK.
ELEGANT SUITES OF ROOMS, BY THE DAY OR WEEK. AMERICAN PLAN.
GEORGE MURRAY.

HOTEL WELLINGTON,
Madison Av. and 42d St.,
NEW-YORK.
One block from Grand Central Depot.
A family hotel of the best class, with special rates to permanent guests. Rooms $1 per day and upward. American and European plan.
GEORGE MURRAY.

HOTEL NEW NETHERLAND.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
5th Av., 59th St. and Central Park.
The Model Hotel of the World.
Prices reduced for the Winter to suit the times.
Orchestral music, morning and evening.

THE DUNMORE,
230 West Forty-Second Street.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
Furnished Suites, consisting of Parlor, Bedroom, and Bath. Restaurant and Café.
WILLIAM H. VALIQUETTE, Prop.

UNION SQUARE HOTEL.
J. H. FIFE, Manager.
European plan. Rooms $1 per day and upward.
Special rates during the Summer months and to permanent guests.
Union Square and 15th St., New-York.

Hotel Renaissance,
43D ST., WEST OF 5TH AV.
STRICTLY FIRE-PROOF.
Several apartments for rent.

HOTEL NORMANDIE,
BROADWAY AND 38TH ST.
European plan. Absolutely fire-proof. Desirable suites at reasonable prices for the Winter.

Autumn Resorts.

NEW-YORK.

An Ideal Hotel at Last!
The Hotel of the World.
Seeing Is Believing.

Halcyon Hall, Millbrook, Dutchess County, New-York. An all-round-year resort. Closes this year Dec. 5. Ninety miles from New-York. Elevation, 1,000 feet. Russian Royal Court Orchestra three times daily. Write Manager for illustrated prospectus. Take N. Y. Central R. R. at 10:30 A. M., 2⅓ hours from New-York, or 3:45 P. M., 2¾ hours from New-York.

WHEN IN BUFFALO STOP AT THE GENESEE. NIAGARA FALLS forty minutes away.

NEW-JERSEY.

LAKEWOOD, NEW-JERSEY.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN.
PORTER & JUDD, Managers.

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VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS.

The NEW HOTEL, cottages, and the MOST COMPLETE BATHING ESTABLISHMENT IN AMERICA will remain open until NOVEMBER or later.

2,500 FEET ELEVATION, in the great Warm Springs Valley, Virginia, on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. Magnificent mountain surroundings and climate.

Bathing attendants from the best European baths. Every bath from the flowing Hot Springs, including Hot Vapor, Hot Air, Hot Spout, (the most curative bath known,) Needle, Electric, Massage, &c. RAILWAY DIRECT TO THE SPRINGS.

Reached by the "F. F. V. LIMITED" Express of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, with dining cars. One night's ride from either New-York, Philadelphia, or Cincinnati. Nine hours from Baltimore and eight from Washington.

Full information at C. and O. offices, No. 362 Broadway, New-York; No. 513 and No. 1,421 Pennsylvania Av., Washington; 5th and Walnut Sts., Cincinnati, or address Dr. F. W. CHAPIN, Medical Director, or J. F. CHAMPLIN, Manager, Hot Springs, Bath County, Va.

Auction Sales.

LOUIS MESIER, Auctioneer.
ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
Will sell at auction on
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18,
At 12:30 o'clock, at the N. Y. Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,
For account of whom it may concern:
$5,040,000 Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co. Collateral Trust 5 p. c. Gold Bonds, due Jan. 1, 1912.
$1,000,000 Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co. 3 Preference Income M't'ge Bonds, due Jan. 1, 1958. (668)

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A.—A.—A.—QUICKEST PERMANENT CURE guaranteed in diseases of men; dangerous cases solicited; relief at once; first-class scientific treatment only. The leading specialist.
Dr. BONSCHUR, 32 West 27th St.; 9 to 3.

Amusements.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK,
FOUNDED 1842.
FIFTY-SECOND SEASON, 1893-1894.
ANTON SEIDL, CONDUCTOR.
Six Friday Afternoon Rehearsals and Six Saturday Evening Concerts, on November 17, 18; December 15, 16; January 12, 13; February 9, 10; March 9, 10; April 6, 7, will be given at CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL.

Notice.—Subscribers of last season may renew their subscriptions at the Box Office of Music Hall, (main entrance to the Hall,) from Monday, October 23, till Saturday, October 28, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.—On and after Monday, October 30, unclaimed seats and boxes will be sold to new subscribers.

For Circulars with full particulars apply at principal music stores, or by mail to AUG. ROEBBELEN, Secretary, 429 Park Av.

HERRMANN'S.
TO-NIGHT AT 8:30.
RICHARD MANSFIELD
IN
BEAU BRUMMELL.
To-morrow, only matinee of Beau Brummell.
Evening—DR. JEKYLL and MR. HYDE.

Crowded Crowded all all the the time time.
EDEN MUSEE.
World in Wax.
Matinees at 2. Eve'gs at 8.
Great Enthusiasm
accorded the many new attractions under the direction of
ROBERT GRAU.
Take Take a Peep at DELMORE DELMORE at 4 & 10 P. M.

HORSE SHOW.
APPLICATIONS FOR RESERVED SEATS FOR THE SEASON WILL BE RECEIVED FROM MEMBERS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE NATIONAL HORSE SHOW ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, LIMITED, ONLY AT 16 EAST 22D ST., NEW-YORK, UP TO OCT. 16.

CHICKERING HALL.
TUESDAY AFTERNOONS, AT 3:15.
DE PACHMANN OCTOBER 17, OCTOBER 24, OCTOBER 31.
De PACHMANN.
Subscription seats to three concerts, $3; single, $1.50; at Schubert's, 23 Union Square, and at Hall.

DALY'S THEATRE. Broadway and 30th St.
Under the sole management of Mr. Augustin Daly.
Every Evening at 8:15,
SOL SMITH RUSSELL.
The Eminent Comedian,
SOL SMITH RUSSELL,
in Mr. E. E. Kidder's Successful Comedy-Drama,
PEACEFUL VALLEY.
Matinées—WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2.
*.*Seats may be secured a fortnight in advance.

GARDEN THEATRE. Matinée Saturday.
Lessee and Manager......Mr. T. H. FRENCH.
Hinrichs Grand Opera Company.
CAVALLERIA and PAGLIACCI.
Rita Elandi, Fleming, Guille, Mareacaldi, Koert Kronold, Campobari, Averill.
To-morrow, "Faust." Mat., "Cavalleria" and "Pagliacci."

5TH AV. THEATRE.
Mr. HENRY C. MINER......Proprietor.
Evenings, 8:15. Matinee Sat., 2:15.
MR. NAT. C. GOODWIN
"IN MIZZOURA."

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Belmont Gallery entire. Other rare paintings and art objects loaned by Henry G. Marquand, Cornelius Vanderbilt, C. P. Huntington, Jas. A. Garland, H. R. Bishop, S. P. Avery, Wm. T. Andrews, Henry Sampson, Mrs. Wm. T. Blodgett, Thomas B. Clarke, L. C. Tiffany, and others.

STAR THEATRE.
MR. AND MRS. KENDAL.
Till further notice Pinero's drama,
THE SECOND MRS. TANQUERAY.
*.*In consequence of the length of the performance, the play will begin at 8 sharp.
Evenings, 8 sharp. Matinees Saturday.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. 23d St. & 8th Av.
Walter Sanford's Evenings at 8. Mat. Sat. and Wed.
THE POWER OF GOLD.
NEXT WEEK—THE MIDNIGHT ALARM.

KOSTER & BIAL'S, 34TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY.
VAUDEVILLE AND BALLET.
MATINEE SATURDAY ONLY.
Next Week—Ada Reeve and M. and Mlle. Delmehy.

LYCEUM THEATRE.......4th Av. and 23d St.
DANIEL FROHMAN.......Manager.
E. H. SOTHERN | SHERIDAN;
E. H. SOTHERN | OR
E. H. SOTHERN | THE MAID OF BATH.
At 8:15. Matinees THURSDAY and SATURDAY.

BIJOU THEATRE. Broadway, near 30th St.
Nights, 8:15. Matinees Wed. and Sat.
LAST WEEK OF
THE GOLDEN WEDDING.
Monday, Oct. 16, LOTTIE COLLINS
and THE HOWARD ATHENÆUM COMPANY.

PALMER'S THEATRE. Ev'gs 8:15. Mat. Sat.
RICE'S Surprise Party Continuing 1492
Crowded with Novelties.
100th (Souvenir) night next Monday, Oct. 16.

IMPERIAL MUSIC HALL. B'way and 29th St.
LOTTIE GILSON
Supported by Her Own Company of American Stars.

STANDARD THEATRE. Evenings at 8:30.
Saturday Mat. at 2.
GREATEST HIT EVER IN NEW-YORK.
CHARLEY'S AUNT.

HOYT'S MADISON SQUARE THEATRE.
Eve. 8:30. Sat. Mat. 2:15.
HOYT & THOMAS.......Sole Managers.
Smashing all previous records.
HOYT'S A TEMPERANCE TOWN.

EMPIRE THEATRE. Broadway and 40th St.
APPROACHING ITS 100TH PERFORMANCE.
LIBERTY HALL.
EVENINGS AT 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
FRANCIS | BRILLIANT PRODUCTION OF
WILSON'S | ERMINIE.
EVENINGS AT 8. MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.

NIBLO'S. At 8:15. MATS. WED. & SAT'Y.
2D MONTH OF THE LILIPUTIANS in
A TRIP TO MARS.
Three Grand Ballets. "The Flying Heads."

HARRIGAN'S THEATRE. M. W. Hanley, Mgr.
POSITIVE | Mr. Edward Harrigan's new play.
SUCCESS. | THE WOOLEN STOCKING.
Five new songs by Dave Braham.
Wednesday Matinees Saturday.

14TH STREET THEATRE. Near 6th Av.
Every night. Matinees Wed. and Sat.
Big Delighted Crowds Greet
THE CORNCRACKER.
By Joseph Arthur, author of "Blue Jeans."

AMERICAN THEATRE. SATURDAY MATINEE.
THE PRODIGAL DAUGHTER.

DORE GALLERY. 7th Av. and 53d St.
GUSTAVE DORE'S SUBLIME PAINTINGS
10 A. M. to 6 P. M. daily.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Eve., 8:15. Sat. Mat.
HEIMATH. Elaborate Production.
THE HEARTH. A Star Cast.

Open from 1 P. M. until Midnight.
THE CRYSTAL MAZE.
Broadway and 38th St.

The Turf.

MORRIS PARK.
NEW-YORK JOCKEY CLUB.
FALL MEETING, LAST TWO DAYS.
SIX RACES EACH DAY, BEGINNING 2 P. M.
Take 2d Av. L Road to Willis Av. and 132d St., where special trains leave every 5 minutes. Trolley cars every minute direct to Grand Stand from 3d Av. and 129th St. Fare 10 cents.
FIELD FREE.

LINDEN PARK, NEW-JERSEY, RACES!!!
Opening Day, Monday, Oct. 16.
Continuing daily until Saturday, Oct. 28.
Six races each day. Commencing at 2 P. M.
Trains by Pennsylvania Railroad from Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. at 8:30, 9:10, 9:40, 10:00 A. M., 12:10, 12:40 special, 1:00 special, 1:20 and 1:40 P. M. special. Annex boat from Brooklyn 20 minutes earlier. Fare, round trip, including Grand Stand Badge, for Gentleman, $1.50; for Lady, $1.00.

CLIFTON, N. J., RACES.
MONDAYS, WED'S, FRIDAYS AT 2 P. M.
Special excursion, 50 cents. Admission, $1.25.
Special trains leave foot of Chambers St., New-York, at 12 and 12:30 P. M., and foot of West 23d St. at 12:25 and 1:10 P. M.
C. V. SASS, Sec'y. G. H. ENGEMAN, Pres't.

Dancing.

CARL MARWIG
School for Dancing,
"JAEGER'S BUILDING,"
MADISON AV., CORNER 59TH ST.
Commences Saturday, Oct. 14. Applications now received. Office hours 11 to 1 o'clock.
Mr. Marwig is the composer of artistic and national dances and cotillons.

T. GEORGE DODWORTH, No. 681 5th Av.
Reopens Saturday, Oct. 21. Class and private lessons. (New) Tuxedo Lancers.

ALEXANDER MACGREGOR'S MENDELSSOHN'S Assembly Rooms, 108 West 55th St. Class and private lessons daily in dancing.

Pianos.

$1,500,000 WORTH ORGANS, PIANOS; bargains; elegant 1894 styles; catalogue free. DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

MORE LEAD FOR THE VALKYRIE

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS PUT IN AND HER LENGTH INCREASED.

Her Racing Length Now Is 93.57 Feet and the Vigilant Will Allow Her One Minute Thirty-Three Seconds—Remeasured in the Erie Basin—Nat Herreshoff Says She Sailed Better on Wednesday Than in Any Previous Race—Capt. Hansen Points Out Capt. Cranfeld's Mistake—To-day's Race and Weather.

The alterations made in the Valkyrie on Tuesday seemed to benefit her very much in the race on Wednesday. Her mast was given more of a rake forward and her ballast was shifted further aft. Lord Dunraven thought he had hurt the boat by lightening her so much, and yesterday he decided to put more lead in her and see how she will sail on a longer water line.

Commodore B. F. Sutton of the Brooklyn Yacht Club let the English sailors take some of the lead ballast out of his schooner Loyal. The men worked all the morning, and put 2,240 pounds of extra lead in the Valkyrie. This, of course, set her deeper in the water, and so increased her water-line length. Capt. Cranfield thought the extra lead set the Valkyrie about four and one-half inches lower in the water. As soon as it had all been put in place the tug Lewis Pulver took a line from the yacht and towed her into the Erie Basin, where Mr. John Hyslop was ready to measure her again. Of course the boat was stripped of all superfluous dunnage, and Mr. Hyslop got out his tape measure and went to work. The additional lead had increased the water line length of the yacht nearly six inches. When she was measured before the race her length was 85.50 feet; now it is 85.92 feet. This change makes her racing length 93.57 feet instead of 93.11 feet.

The Vigilant in to-day's race will allow the Valkyrie 1 minute 33 seconds, instead of 1 minute 48 seconds, as allowed in previous contests. After the yacht was measured she was turned back to Bay Ridge, where she anchored for the night.

Speaking of the changes, Capt. Cranfield said he thought they would improve the Valkyrie some, and he hoped to-day's race would be sailed in a good, strong wind, as he would like to see what the Vigilant could do in a blow.

Every one connected with the Vigilant rested all day. Mr. C. Oliver Iselin, Mr. N. G. Herreshoff, and others interested in the boat visited her during the day and saw that everything was in good shape.

Speaking of Wednesday's race, Mr. Herreshoff said "the Valkyrie sailed a remarkably good race, better, in fact, than any race she has yet sailed. The changes made in her ballast the day before the race did her lots of good. We would like to have a hard blow to-morrow if that is what Lord Dunraven wants. The Vigilant is ready for any kind of weather, and she will beat the Valkyrie in a gale."

Capt. Hansen said that if Capt. Cranfield had sailed the Valkyrie as cleverly all through the race as he did at the start, the Vigilant could never have passed her. He made a mistake by taking the tack in shore when the Vigilant drew near. The Valkyrie was to windward of the Vigilant and could have held the position all day. "The Valkyrie is like a top," said the Captain. "She can go about quicker than any boat I have ever seen. The Vigilant was out-manœuvred at the start, and the Valkyrie held the Vigilant just where she wanted her."

To-day's race will be fifteen miles to windward or leeward and return. The start will be made at 11:15 o'clock if there is any wind; if not, they will wait again as they did on Thursday.

There is a possibility of there being plenty of wind some time during the day. There is a big cyclone coming up the coast, and the advance guard of it may reach here before the race has ended. The Weather Bureau's indications for the day are showers, with moderate northeasterly winds, increasing in force during the afternoon. This will give the yachts a beat to windward in the light wind and a run back in the strong blow.

Mr. George L. Watson paid Mr. Ogden Goelet a visit yesterday. Mr. Goelet wants some changes made in the White Ladye. The steamer was designed by Mr. Watson, and Mr. Watson is to make the changes. As soon as the cup races are over, Mr. Watson is going to Toronto to see a yacht that has been built there from his designs. Then he intends to go to Chicago before going back to England. Mr. Watson says he knows nothing of the challenge that is to come from Mr. Jameson for the cup, and has not yet thought what effect the Valkyrie's defeat will have on English yachting and yacht designing.

W. Butler Duncan, Jr., gave a dinner last night at the Union Club in honor of Lord Dunraven.

There were twenty-five guests, including Lord Wolverton, the Marquis of Ormonde, Charles Kerr, Col. Arthur Paget, C. Oliver Iselin, and ex-Commodore Kane.

INTERNATIONAL CHESS TOURNEY.

Lasker Leads with a Clean Score of Nine Victories — Olly Defeated Showalter.

The ninth round of the International Chess Tournament was played at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, when Olly fairly took the spectators by storm by defeating Showalter of Kentucky. It was a grand contest, beautifully conducted by the winner.

Lasker scored his ninth game against Taubenhaus in a Sicilian Defense after thirty-eight moves. Lee outplayed Pollock in a Counter Centre Gambit after sixty moves; Albin disposed nicely of Schmidt in a Ginoco Piano after twenty-six moves; Hanham defeated his clubmate Ryan in a Double Franchetto after fifty-seven moves, and Pillsbury accounted for Jasnogrodsky in a P Q4 opening after twenty-seven moves.

The games will be played at the Brooklyn Chess Club to-day and to-morrow.

After yesterday's play the score of the competitors was as follows:

Players.	*Won.*	*Lost.*	*Players.*	*Won.*	*Lost.*
Albin	6½	2½	Olly	2	7
Delmar	5	3	Pillsbury	5	4
Gossip	1½	6½	Pollock	2	7
Hanham	4½	4½	Ryan	3½	5½
Jasnogrodsky	3	6	Schmidt	3	6
Lasker	9	0	Showalter	6	3
Lee	6	3	Taubenhaus	5	4

The players will meet at the Brooklyn Chess Club in the following order to-day:

Delmar vs. Hanham.
Schmidt vs. Gossip.
Olly vs. Albin.
Lee vs. Showalter.
Lasker vs. Pollock.
Pillsbury vs. Taubenhaus.
Jasnogrodsky vs. Ryan.

Score of the games follow:

RUY LOPEZ.

SHOWALTER. *White.*	OLLY. *Black.*	SHOWALTER. *White.*	OLLY. *Black.*
P—K4	P—K4	KtxP	Q—Kt5
Kt—K B3	Kt—Q B3	B—K3	P—Kt3
B—Kt5	P—Q3	Kt—Kt5	Q—Q2
P—Q4	B—Q2	P—K B3	R—K B
BxKt	BxB	K—Kt2	Q—B4
Kt—Q B3	Kt—K B3	R—K B	Kt—B3
Q—Q3	Q—K2	P—Q B4	Kt—Kt5
Castles	P—K Kt3	B—B4	P—K R3
P—Q Kt3	B—Kt2	Kt—K4	P—K Kt4
B—B3	Kt—R4	PxKt	QxKt ch
PxP	BxP	QxQ	BxQ ch
P—K Kt3	BxKt	K—R3	PxB
QxB	Castles Q R	PxP	R—B3
K R—K	Q—Q2	K—Kt3	Q R—K B
Q R—Q	K R—K	Q R—K	P—Q4
Q—Q4	K—Kt	P—K B5	P—B3
B—B	P—K B4	P—K R4	P—K R4 and wins after 54 moves.
B—Kt5	R—Q B		
Kt—Q2	PxP		

SICILIAN DEFENSE.

TAUBENHAUS. *White.*	LASKER. *Black.*	TAUBENHAUS. *White.*	LASKER. *Black.*
P—K4	P—Q B4	PxP	RxP
Kt—K B3	Kt—Q B3	Kt—B3	Q R—K B
P—Q4	PxP	Q R—K	P—K3
KtxP	P—K Kt3	R—B3	Kt—R4
B—K3	B—Kt2	BxKt	RxB
Kt—Q B3	P—Q3	R—R3	Q R—B2
B—K2	Kt—B3	Kt—K2	P—K4
Castles	Castles	PxP	Q—Kt3 ch
Q—Q2	B—Q2	Q—K3	RxP
P—B3	Kt—K4	QxQ	PxQ
Kt—Q	P—Q4	R—B3	Q R—K2
B—K B4	Kt—B3	R—B2	B—B4
P—K5	Kt—K R4	P—B3	B—Q6
KtxKt	PxKt	K—B	P—B4
B—R6	BxB	P—Kt3	B—B3
QxB	Q—B2	K—Kt2	P—Q5
P—K B4	Kt—Kt2	P—B4	P—Q6
B—Q3	Q R—Kt	R—B2	B—B sq
R—Q Kt3	P—K B3	Resigns.	

GINOCO PIANO.

ALBIN. *White.*	SCHMIDT. *Black.*	ALBIN. *White.*	SCHMIDT. *Black.*
P—K4	P—K4	Kt—K3	Kt—B5
Kt—K B3	Kt—Q B3	Kt—B5	P—Q4
B—B4	B—B4	Q—Q2	KtxP ch
P—Q B3	Kt—B3	K—Kt2	Kt—Kt4
Castles	P—Q3	PxP	PxP
P—Q4	PxP	B—Q3	K—R
PxP	B—Kt3	K—R	R—K Kt
Kt—B3	B—Kt5	K—B	Q—Q2
B—K3	Castles	Q—B4	R—Kt3
P—K R3	BxKt	Q—R4	R—K
PxB	Kt—K2	B—B4	R—R4
B—K Kt5	Kt—Kt3	P—B4	Resigns
Kt—Q5	P—B3		
BxKt	PxB		

How the Fish Are Biting.

—Striped-bass fishing in neighboring waters is looking up. At Hell Gate, on Wednesday, a lucky angler, named Steele, caught a twelve-pounder, besides others of less weight. On Tuesday a seven-pounder was caught from the East Thirty-first Street dock, and the same day a ten-pounder from the East Third Street dock, which latter, upon the circulation of the news, was taken possession of by a swarm of envious anglers, who sought the alleged twin brother of the prize displayed by its elated owner. Only pan fish rewarded their efforts, however. A fish over a pound in weight is an unfrequent catch; minor sizes can be hooked off almost any of the docks.

—At this time of the year small green turtle, weighing from 6 to 8 pounds each, are usually caught off Long Island. They were offered yesterday at 18 cents a pound. Their presence is a mystery, inasmuch as the adult turtle is never seen. It may be that with the heedlessness of youth and tempted by the continuance of warm water they gradually edge their way northward until meeting with the barrier of the Long Island coast. Moreover, the more rapid circulation and higher bodily temperature of the young may enable them to stand cooler water than the older chelonian.

—Among novelties at Blackford's, in Fulton Market, yesterday, was a brown trout weighing 7 pounds 10 ounces, a handsome fish, with brown sides, speckled with red, and caught in the pond of the Castalia Club, Ohio, bred from German eggs, put therein five years ago, and sent to this country by Herr von Behr, a well-known pisciculturist, in exchange for the eggs of our brook trout. The acclimatization of this trout will make our fresh-water ponds not only available for sport, but the production of a valuable food fish.

—Canada salmon are out of season, but are replaced by large shipments of Pacific fish in refrigerator cars. From the Columbia are displayed beautiful rainbow salmon, and from Puget Sound the smaller silver-sided variety, both at 25 cents.

—Fish at the markets continue to be reasonably abundant. Lobsters are cheaper, at from 10 to 14 cents, as also are red snapper, a fine Southern fish, which are down to 12 cents. Bluefish are 10 to 12 cents. Striped bass, large, 25 to 30 cents; pan size, 15 to 20 cents.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

King to Play Quarter Back.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 12.—It is announced tonight that King will play quarter back on the football team. Capt. Trenchard tried to fill the position in the practice game Tuesday, but returned to the line again. Bradley, '97, of Lawrenceville was tried, but seems too slow for the position. As a last resort, King will be taken from right end tackle and put at quarter. This seems to be the only policy to pursue, though King will be greatly missed at his old position.

Minor Sporting Matters.

—A prize shooting festival will be held by the Hudson Rifle Club, commencing Monday, Oct. 23, and continuing three days, at Marion, N. J. The shooting will last from 7 to 12 o'clock each evening at German twenty-five-ring targets. Tickets (three shots) are 50 cents each and the shooting is open to all comers.

—Yale, Harvard, Columbia, and Princeton chess players are to meet in the second intercollegiate chess tournament during the Christmas holidays in this city. Each college will enter a team of two men, each playing six games. The winning team will hold the silver Graduate Chess Cup next year.

—The Americus Football Club commence the first round for the American Football Association Cup by playing the Centreville Athletic Club of Bayonne on Oct. 15 at Americus Park, West Hoboken, N. J., the grounds of the Americus Club. The game will begin at 3 P. M.

—A special match race between E. M. Goldman and A. A. Bowers will take place on Nov. 7, over the Irvington-Millburn Course. The distance will be five miles, and the prize a handsome medal. The race will follow the event of the Gramercy Wheelmen.

—The second annual games of the White Plains Athletic Club will be held on the grounds of the Westchester County Agricultural Society to-morrow. Some noted athletes are to be present, and the programme prepared promises some rare sport.

—Rutgers College football team will play the New-York Athletic Club eleven to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock on Manhattan Field, One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street and Eighth Avenue.

—The Cornell University Athletic Club has elected George W. Rulison Captain. Thirty men are now training on the college grounds.

CITY AND VICINITY.

—James Hayden, alias "Funeral Wells," so called because of his habit of robbing mourners at funerals, was held by Justice Walsh in the Adams Street Police Court, Brooklyn, yesterday for examination on a charge of grand larceny. Sunday, Wells stole a diamond scarf pin worth $125 from Charles E. McDevitt of 44 Willow Place, while standing on the platform of the Bridge Street station of the Myrtle Avenue elevated railroad. Wells is sixty-two years old. He has a wide reputation as a thief, and usually works with a female accomplice.

—Thomas McIlvaine, the Post Office burglar, was sentenced to five years in State prison on a charge of attempted assault, in the Richmond County Court yesterday. McIlvaine and others were discovered at work on the safe in the Post Office at Stapleton, S. I., by Policeman King. After the burglars had escaped to the street McIlvaine stopped and fired three shots at the policeman, none of which took effect. King returned the fire and wounded the burglar, who was afterward captured in a Brooklyn hospital.

—Sarah McGaughan, who lives in the rear tenement at 103 Clinton Place, hurried out yesterday morning to get a doctor for her sister Margaret. She saw what she thought was a bundle of old clothes in the cellarway. The supposed bundle proved to be the body of her sister, Mrs. Mary Taggart, who lived at 64 Grove Street. Mrs. Taggart had visited the McGaughan apartments the night before, and on her way home had evidently fallen down the unprotected steps.

—Michael F. Curtis, a weak-minded man, thirty-four years old, the son of Mrs. Eliza Curtis, janitress of the tenement house 142 West Fifty-sixth Street, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by hanging himself with a piece of clothesline to a hook in a woodhouse in the basement of the tenement. He had for some time had the delusion that he was hypnotized.

—The Philadelphia and Cape May steamer Republic, which has become a favorite by her good service for the Cup races, will leave, as usual, from the Stonington Line Pier (new number) 36 North River, one block above Canal Street, at 9:30 this morning.

—Casper Lutz, a brewer, forty-seven years old, committed suicide early yesterday morning by hanging himself with a piece of clothesline to the transom bar over a door in a vacant room at 142 Seventh Avenue, where he had lived several years.

—Charles Oscar Nelsen, a cornicemaker, thirty-four years old, wound up a spree yesterday by hanging himself in the cellar of his home, 121 Dean Street, Brooklyn. He leaves a wife and four children.

—James H. Parker, President of the United States National Bank, acknowledges the receipt of $25 from M. P. Breslin & Son for the Brunswick (Ga.) sufferers.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., Oct. 12.—Fire started in the engine room of the New-Boston Colliery this morning, wrecking the breaker in an incredibly short time. The entire structure, valued at $50,000, was burned to the ground. Three hundred and fifty men and boys were employed, and 150,000 tons of coal was the annual output. The breaker will be immediately rebuilt.

FREEPORT, Ill., Oct. 12.—Devore & Patterson's large building on Stephenson Street was destroyed by fire this morning. The third floor was used as a lodging house. Brakeman Edward Jordan of the Illinois Central Road and Aaron Dunaway were fearfully burned about their faces and hands. The loss on the building is $50,000; partially insured.

EPPING, N. H., Oct. 12.—Fire this morning destroyed E. A. Jennings's large shoe factory, a two-story tenement dwelling, one-half of which was occupied by a Mr. Delaney; and Moses J. Perkins's stable connected with the Prospect Hotel. Loss, $40,000; insurance on factory, $27,000.

THEATRICAL GOSSIP.

—"Liberty Hall" will be withdrawn from the stage of the Empire Theatre after next week, and the regular stock season at that house will begin Tuesday evening, Oct. 24, with the production of David Belasco's new play, "The Younger Son."

—The time at the Star Theatre originally held for Mrs. Langtry, and given up by her, has been secured by Alexander Salvini, who will begin an engagement Nov. 27, presenting "The Three Guardsmen."

TO OUR READERS AND FRIENDS.

For the purpose of aiding The Times's readers to purchase their newspaper with unfailing regularity, whether in the city or in the country, whether on steamboat or on railroad train, or at the Summer resorts, will our friends kindly fill out the accompanying blank and forward it to The New-York Times, Printing House Square, New-York City, whenever they have been unable to procure The Times of any of the dealers.

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NELLIE A. AND ROBERT J.

WON THE BIG MONEY AT THE LEXINGTON MEETING.

In the $5,000 Representative Stallion Race the Two-Year-Old Kentucky-Bred Filly Did a Mile in 2:19, the Fastest Performance for a Two-Year-Old This Season—Robert J. Defeated Flying Jib in 2:06 3-4, a New Track Record—The Salisbury String in Poor Luck.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 12.—By comparison with the stirring events of yesterday, the fifth day of the Kentucky Trotting-Horse Breeders' meeting passed off rather quietly. The feature of the afternoon was the victory of the crack Buffalo pacer Robert J. over his old rival, Flying Jib, whom he defeated in straights, while even Manager got second money over the once invincible Californian.

In the first heat Robert J. lowered the track record by turning it in 2:06¾, the fastest mile ever seen in this State. Flying Jib cut out the pace to the home stretch, going to the first quarter in 0:32, the half in 1:02¾, and the three-quarters in 1:33, or a 2:04 clip for that distance. Robert J. outfooted the other gelding very cleverly, as the terrific gait had tired Flying Jib. The second heat was in 2:07¾, and Robert J. won more easily, while in the third, after Flying Jib had again rushed away in the lead, the nimble son of Hartford moved away from him whenever Geers called on him and finished two lengths ahead of Manager in 2:07¼. Flying Jib was whipped out and was very weary in the last furlong.

The Salisbury string suffered another defeat just before this in a much more important contest for the representative stallion stake, open to two-year-olds, and worth $5,000 in all. Director's Flower was favorite at 5 to 2 over the other four young trotters, but she was unable to get a heat from the great filly Nellie A., who had won a valuable stake last Saturday. In the first heat Director's Flower led most of the way, but Nellie A. beat her out in the last quarter, doing the mile in 2:19, the best performance by a two-year old trotter this season. The second heat ended matters in favor of the Lexington filly, a mile in 2:21, giving her the $3,500 awarded to the winner, while Expressive by beating Falfa secured second money.

As a small sop for these two pacers, the in-and-out trotter Charley C. went a surprisingly good race for the Johnston purse, reducing his record to 2:14¾ in the first heat.

Among the time trials was one by Stamboul, who was driven by John Dickerson against his much-disputed record of 2:07½. The was the stallion's first public performance since he was brought from California, and a mile in 2:10¾ was his limit. He trotted the first quarter in 0:32½, the next in 0:33, the third in 0:32¼, and finished in 0:33. The day was rather unfavorable, as a wind sprang up before Stamboul started.

Nancy Hanks was driven through the stretch by Doble himself, the mare looking none too good, while her driver looked pale and very much out of health. The four-year-old trotters have their inning to-morrow for the Blue Grass Purse, the 2:15, 2:21, and 2:30 trots to follow, the last named open to two-year-olds. Belle Vara is to try and beat 2:08¾ during the afternoon.

Summaries:

Stallion Representative Stake, $5,000; two-year-olds; trotting; two in three heats; $3,500 to first, $750 to second, $250 to third.

Nellie A., b. f., by Wilkes Boy-Wilksie G., by Robert McGregor, (Payne)	1	1
Expressive, br. f., (Hickok)	4	2
Director's Flower, b. f., (Kelly)	2	5
Falfa, ch. f., (Williams)	3	3
Chris Lang, br. c., (Goldsmith)	5	4

Time—2:19; 2:21.

Free for All.—Pacing; purse $1,000.

Robert J., b. g., by Hartford-Geraldine, by Jay Gould, (Geers)	1	1	1
Manager, g. s., (Dickerson)	4	2	2
Flying Jib, b. g., (Kelly)	2	3	3
J. H. L., blk. s., (Thomas)	3	5	4
Will Kerr, b g., (Shank)	5	4	5

Time—2:06¾; 2:07¾; 2:07¼.

2:25 Class.—Trotting; Johnson purse $1,500.

Charley C., br. g., by Brown Jug, dam unknown, (Kelly)	1	1	6	1
Happy Promise, b. s., by Happy Medium, (Shultz)	3	2	1	2
Jim Wilkes, br. s., (Yates)	2	4	2	4
Sabina, b. f., (Goldsmith)	4	3	4	3
Oneida, b. m., (Walker)	5	8	3	5
Courier, b. s., (Settle and McHenry)	6	5	5	6
Elkin, ch. s., (Middleton)	8	6	8	7
Dorfmark, b. s., (Camden)	7	7	7	8

Time—2:14¾; 2:16; 2:16¾; 2:15½.

2:45 Class.—Trotting; purse $500.

Miss Cecil, b. f., by Gambetta Wilkes, Jeanie C., by Nutwood, (Rea)	2	1	1	1
Why Not, g. f., by Mambrine, (Walker)	1	2	2	2
J. Morse, b. c., (Macey)	5	10	3	3
Guardsman, br. s., (Ferris)	10	3	8	4
Oscar William, b. s., (Buffington)	6	4	5	5
Camlet, ch. g., (Bryan)	7	5	4	7
Myra Simmons, b. m., (Shultz)	4	6	6	6
Spencer Wilkes, b. s., (Jones)	3	9	7 dr.	
Angus, b. s., (Gurney)	8	7 dis.		
Ollie K., b. f., (Settle)	9	8 dr.		
Chenelworth, b. s., (Rout)	dis.			

Time—2:25; 2:21¼; 2:23; 2:21½.

RACERS AT AUCTION.

Fair Prices for McCafferty & Wishard Horses—Jockey McLaughlin's Purchases.

Auctioneer William Easton of Tattersalls disposed of a number of race horses in training, the property of McCafferty & Wishard, Isaac H. & Abraham Dahlman, Brown & Rogers, and Gideon & Daly, at Morris Park. The prices realized were in the main good.

The prices brought are as follows:

Florence, b. f., 2, by Okema-Ada Lambert; Duke Brothers, $2,500.

Jack Joyner, dark b. g., 2, by Luke Blackburn-Highland Lassie; M. Kern, $500.

Aloha, br. h., 8, by St. Mungo-Ollie; E. Garrison, $3,200.

Volunteer II., b. g., 9, by Mortemer-Sly Boots; Duke Brothers, $800.

Belle Swift, ch. f., 2, by Iroquois-Toilet; M. Young, $1,300.

Finance, ch. g., 2, by Faustus-Talla Bena; Etna Stable, $650.

The Joker, blk. g., 2, by Faustus-Rose Bonnie; J. Smith, $400.

Jennie Lee, ch. f., 2, by Luke Blackburn-Hildegarde; M. Young, $200.

Music, br. f., 2, by Iroquois-Gipsy; J. Frost, $1,000.

King Sam, b. g., 3, by Okema-Ada Lambert; Z. Miller, $450.

Bee Line, b. g., 2, by Panique-Ida B.; Lallor, $150.

Grace Brown, b. f., 3, by Richmond-Katie A.; O. Jones, $1,000.

May Lose, ch. f., 3, by Richmond-Mayfield; F. Dyer, $400.

Middleton, b. g., 3, by Warwick-Lady Middleton; G. Rose, $1,050.

Bay gelding, 3, by Sir Modred-Nellie Peyton; C. Sloan, $4,250.

May Win, ch. g., 5, by Richmond-Mayfield; G. Walbaum, $3,700.

Rightmore, b. c., 2, by Strathmore-Right; G. Walbaum, $5,500.

Ch. c., 2, by Forester-Contessa; Mr. Renshler, $100.

B. c., 2, by Post Guard-Alfinne; Carter T. Shannon, $125.

B. c., 2, by Algerine-Ione; T. Pefferling, $50.

St. Michael, br. c., 3, by Stancas-Michaelmas; Mr. Orth, $1,700.

Grampion, ch. g., 2, by Glenelg-Mala; J. B. White, $1,000.

Kazan, b. c., 2, by Muscovy-Empress; J. Mullins, $2,000.

B. c. yearling, by Darebin-Bonnie Leaf; W. J. Facklen, $325.

Cunarder, b. c., 2, by Stylites-Alborak; J. B. White, $500.

Madstone, br. h., aged, by Vanderbilt-Nina Turner; J McLaughlin, $800.

Tormentor, ch. h., 6, by Joe Hooker-Callo Smart; J. McLaughlin, $3,000.

Lycum, b.h., 5, by Prince of Norfolk; J. B. White, $900.

Millie Young, b. h., 5, by Joilles-Johnson; J. B. White, $1,600.

Comanche, ch. c., 3, by Sir Modred-Ethel; J. McLaughlin, $620.

Anawando, br. c., 2, by Muscovy-Elaine; M. F. Downing, $1,650.

Pickaway, b. c., 2, by Mr. Pickwick-Runaway; J. B. White, $350.

ROOSTER WAS A RINGER.

A Protest Lodged in Time at Point Breeze —Slow Work by Judges.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 12.—But one class on Thursday's regular card was reached at Point Breeze to-day. When the 2:34 trotters were called a protest was lodged against the gelding Rooster on the ground that he has a record of 2:20¼ and has been trotting in Ohio and Pennsylvania recently as Nimrod, Hustler, &c. Rooster was allowed to start yesterday though he was then under suspicion; he finished in front in the second heat, but was set back for breaking. This cost his party some hundreds of dollars, which they had played on him for the heat at remunerative odds.

To-day, when the protest was lodged, Rooster was sent to the barn and the men interested given to the close of the day's sport to identify their gelding. Instead of doing this they skipped out. After the last heat of the day it was announced from the stand that the horse Rooster, N. Y. Young and L. A. Overshine of Athens and Jacob Bader of Bethlehem, Penn., were expelled.

If the betting on the long-drawn-out and still unfinished 2:24 pace may be taken as evidence, there is an attempt to steal in this event also. Jim Wilson on recent form so far out-classes the others that before the start yesterday he sold at 8 to 5 over the field. Colladay, his owner, drove Wilson the first heat and lost it, but this made no difference in the selling. To-day when the race was resumed B. Demarest sat behind the favorite and won two heats with him handily. Before the fourth heat Jim Wilson sold for $25, the field $6 and $7, about fair odds, but very soon the operation known as coppering the favorite began and the field end was run up as high as $40. Jim Wilson lost all the succeeding heats, breaking repeatedly and losing heats to horses that he lays over several seconds. The judges so far have failed to see what is patent to every horseman outside the stand, and it is probably too late now to make a change of drivers. The chances are all pools will be declared off.

Summaries:

2:34 Class.—Trotting, $1,500.

Ike Wilkes, b. g., by Commodore Wilkes-Bettie Hal, by Tom Hall, (M. Quintin)	2	1	3	1	1
Tannhauser, br. g., by Santa Claus, (Clark)	1	2	1	2	2
Cassia, ch. m., (Gano)	3	12	8	3	3
Cora Ashwood, ch. m., (Opdyke)	5	3	12	9	4
Tom Medium, b. s., (Haight)	11	7	7	8	7
Orphan Boy, br. g., (Allen)	4	5	4	6	10
Richbald, ch. g., (Ryan)	10	9	9	4	6
Santafe, b. g., (Justis)	7	8	10	10	5
Solitaire, b. g., (Davis)	12	11	5	5	8
Kire, b. s., (Marshall)	8	6	6	7	9
Felix, Jr., b. g., (Kane)	9	10	11	dr.	
Rooster, b. g., (Cook)	6	4	2	ro.	
Chester Morris, r. g., (Dodge)	dis.				
Woodboy, b. g., (Collins)	dis.				
Major F., b. g., (Willis)	dis.				
Comedy, b. s., (De Hart)	dis.				
Aytaun, b. s., (Tuers)	dis.				

Time—2:22¼; 2:22¼; 2:23¼; 2:22½; 2:25¼.

2:24 Class.—Pacing; purse $500. (Unfinished.)

Gipsy Boy, b. s., by Scott's Chief, (Smith)	14	13	12	12	1	1	2
Jim Wilson, gr. g., by a son of Masterlode, (Colladay and Demarest)	10	1	1	6	6	3	4
Lady Mack, b. m., by Warwick Boy, (Relay)	4	4	2	2	4	2	1
Redwood, ch. g., by Red Buck, (Willis)	12	11	5	1	2	5	6
Rocket, blk. g., by Grove's Blue Bull, (Jackson)	1	10	9	10	5	6	5
Doe H., blk. g., (Davis)	3	5	6	3	7	4	3
McDonnell, ch. g., (McCargo)	2	3	8	5	3	dr.	
Commonwealth, br. g., (Moorehead)	7	2	3	4	9	dr.	
Frank J., b. g., (Tuers)	6	7	4	7	dr.		
Doctor G., b. g., (Adams)	13	8	9	8	10	dr.	
Dick Thomas, b. g., (Chatfont)	5	12	10	11	10	dis.	
Colonel H., ch. s., (Barron)	11	6	11	9	dr.		
Flossie, br. m., (Brown)	8	9	dr.				
B. H. D., br. s., (Demorest)	9	dr.					

Time—2:21¼; 2:18¼; 2:20; 2:22¼; 2:21¼; 2:23¼; 2:27.

2:19 Class.—Trotting; purse $500. (Unfinished.)

Picket, ch. g., by Picket, (Lockwood)	2	1	1
Martin K., ch. g., by Hanibal, (Clark)	1	2	4
Soudan, b. g., (Howell)	3	5	2
Ruby, b. m., (Gibbs)	4	3	3
Mahogany, b. s., (Bowne)	6	4	5
Daylight, b. g., (Payne)	5	7	6
Grafton, br. g., (Myers)	7	6	7

Time—2:18¼; 2:20; 2:19¾.

AMBOY WON EASILY.

End of the Parkway Driving Club's Successful Meeting.

The last matinee of the Fall meeting of the Parkway Driving Club, at King's Highway, yesterday, brought out even a larger crowd than that of the previous day. An interesting feature of the afternoon's sport was the tilt against 2:15 by Gillette, E. T. Bedford's crack gelding. In a previous race against the track record Gillette trotted in 2:13¾, and in yesterday's race he equaled this mark. His first try at the mark was accomplished in 2:16, but in the second he went out from the start and trotted without a break. C. E. Bedford, a son of Gillette's owner, drove the gelding, and when the first quarter was clicked off in 0:34½ it was evident that Gillette would accomplish the task he set out to do.

The remaining heat of the 2:33 class, which was postponed on account of darkness on Wednesday, was the first event decided. Tommy M., owned by County Clerk John Cottier of Brooklyn, had started in the two heats on Wednesday, but a telegram from Pennsylvania stating that he had been expelled reached King's Highway and he was not allowed to start. County Clerk Cottier protested that it was another Tommy M., but the gelding was not allowed to go. Lonsberry won this heat as easily as he had won the two previous heats.

The $500, free-for-all, brought out a field of five. Amboy was made a prohibitive first choice in the pools and won the first heat. He laid up in the second, which was won by Billy A., but in the two succeeding heats he played with his field and won as he pleased.

In the 2:40 trot Stealaway was pounds the best horse in the race and won the three straight heats with ease. The two-hundred-and-fifty-dollar purse in the 2:28 class proved incentive enough to bring out twelve starters. Numerous scores were made before the field was sent away in the first heat, and the narrow track was scarcely wide enough to give all an equal chance. There was considerable crowding on the turns and two of the sulkies collided. They did not turn over, but rolled together, with their wheels locked, for a furlong, when they were disentangled and finished. Lonsberry, on his good race in the early part of the afternoon, was made favorite, but he was never better than sixth in any of the heats. Wanda, owned by C. E. Bedford, trotted steadily all through and won the three successive heats in fine style. She "went up" in the second heat, but her young owner, who drove her, brought her to her feet again without having lost an inch of ground.

The summaries:

2:33 Class.—Trotting; purse $200. (Unfinished from Wednesday.)

Lonsberry, R. S. Bartlett's b. g.	1
Rounce, E. Duryea's b. h.	2
Allata, A. Cornwell's b. m.	3
Daisy Wilkes, H. E. Kane's ch. m.	4
Tom Scott, P. J. McCann's g. g.	5
Lorretta, Peter Hughes's ch. m.	6
Chip, N. Ryan's br. m.	7
Maud L., M. E. Ryan's br. m.	8
Plowboy, J. C. Bremen's b. g.	9

Time—2:29.

2:40 Class.—Trotting; purse of $200.

Stealaway, Irving Bacheller's b. m.	1	1	1
Harry M., Henry Boody's br. g.	5	2	2
Irene, A. C. Cornwell's b. m.	2	4	3
Annie D., R. H. Atkins's b. m.	3	3	4
Frank Folsom, Louis Erdt's b. g.	6	6	5
John, W. H. Nelson's ch. g.	7	5dis	
Doc, J. York's g. g.	4	dis.	
Charles Eddy, H. Leake's b. s.	6	dis.	
Hectol, Henry Beckman's br. g.	Dis.		

Time—2:31¾; 2:31¾; 2:28¾.

Free for All.—Trotting and pacing; purse of $500.

Amboy, A. Cornell's ch. g.	1	4	1	1
Billy A., Edward O'Dell's b. g.	4	1	5	3
Van Cott, J. McKeever's b. g.	2	2	4	5
Joe H., J. T. Story's blk. g.	5	5	2	2
Little Daisy, M. L. Campbell's br. m.	3	3	3	4

Time—2:21¾; 2:23; 2:22; 2:23.

E. T. Bedford's blk. g. Gillette trotted against 2:15.

Time—2:16; 2:13¾.

2:28 Class.—Trotting; purse of $200.

Wanda, C. E. Bedford's b. m.	1	1	1
Twilight, J. McKeever's b. m.	2	2	2
Pete Curran, O. Boyle's b. g.	3	3	3
Azmon, O. W. Kellogg's b. h.	4	4	5
Billy Mitchell, J. F. Dingall's br. g.	5	12	4
Highland Lass, Fred Bowne's br. m.	6	5	11
Lonsberry, R. S. Bartlett's b. g.	9	6	7
Lady Rowena, P. Fergus's ch. m.	10	10	6
Harry H., H. Bogert's br. g.	7	8	9
Leona, A. Cornwell's blk. m.	11	7	8
C. H. H., W. F. Riley's b. g.	12	9	10
Joe S., J. McKeever's b. g.	8	11	dr.

Time—2:25¼; 2:23¾; 2:26.

Good Low Priced Cloaks for Girls.

Gretchens made of fancy checked cloths, double breasted, umbrella cape edged with black fur. Sizes 4 to 10 yrs. $5.35 to $6.35. According to size.

Long Coat, ulster shape, in fancy mixed cloths, pleated capes, full sleeve, double breasted. Sizes 4 to 10 yrs. $4.75 to $5.65. According to size.

Double breasted reefer, closed to the neck, made of dark red beaver. Sizes 4 to 11 yrs. $4.85. For all sizes.

Long Coat of all wool diagonal cloth, (see cut,) lower cape trimmed with black coney fur —small capes and collar edged with black silk cord. Price $11.50 for 6 yrs. $15.75 for 14 yrs., intermediate sizes in proportion.

Clothing children is our special business, we have in addition to our unequalled line of high class novelties —the best assortment of stylish, well made garments at moderate prices.

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RETAILING AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.' reputation as makers and wholesalers of faultless, fashionable, thoroughly reliable clothing, reaches from Maine to California. Their goods are sold in every city of the Union—and by the best stores only. THEY ARE NOW RETAILING THEIR ENTIRE STOCK AT THEIR WHOLESALE PREMISES ON BLEECKER ST., CORNER GREENE—MIDWAY BETWEEN BROADWAY AND THE BLEECKER ST. STATION OF THE 6TH AVE. ELEVATED R. R.

Suits, Vienna cutaways, and Prince Alberts, trousers, overcoats, ulsters, full dress suits, &c.—ALL AT STRICTLY WHOLESALE PRICES—and your money back if you want it.

Open Saturday till 9 P. M.

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Spellman's Hats.

FALL AND WINTER STYLES IN ALL THE FASHIONABLE SHADES. BEST VALUES IN THE CITY. 109 AND 111 PARK ROW, CORNER CHAMBERS ST.

Results at Morris Park.

FIRST RACE.—Five furlongs. Setauket, 105 pounds, (Hamilton,) 7 to 1, won; Parasang, 106, (Lambley,) 3 to 1, second; Our Jack, 108, (Littlefield,) 6 to 1, third; Mamie B. filly, Sappho, Lou Foster, On-the-Way, Nokomis, La Misere, Nonsense, Aria, Cuckoo, Al Power, Morocco, and Master Murray also ran. Time -1:00½.

SECOND RACE.—One mile. Saragassa, 108 pounds, (Doggett,) 4 to 1, won; Aloha, 117, (Taral,) 1 to 3, second; Lizzie, 114, (Sims,) 10 to 1, third; St. Anthony also ran. Time—1:42¼.

THIRD RACE.—White Plains Handicap. Six furlongs. Sir Excess, 125 pounds, (Taral,) 3 to 1, won; Prig, 107½, (Littlefield,) 10 to 1, second; Ellen, 97, (Reiff,) 6 to 1, third. Illusion, Discount, Trinculo, Roscommon, St. Maxim, Wernberg, Rubicon, Longdale, Rolla, Lochinvar, and Halton also ran. Time—1:10¾.

FOURTH RACE.—Country Club Handicap. One mile and a furlong. Lamplighter, 130 pounds, (Taral,) 11 to 10, won; Charade, 105, (Hamilton,) 3 to 1, second; Reckon, 110, (Littlefield,) 5 to 1, third. Lowlander and Picknicker also ran. Time —1:54.

FIFTH RACE.—One mile. Redskin, 110 pounds, (Midgely,) even, won; Treasure, 112, (Doggett,) 7 to 5, second; Midnight, 112, (Littlefield,) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:42¾.

SIXTH RACE.—Five and one-half furlongs. Tom Harding, 104 pounds, (Reiff,) even, won; Astoria, 95, (Swash,) 5 to 2, second; Bel Demonio, 102, (Griffin,) 4 to 1, third. Minnehaha, Uncle Jess, and Estelle also ran. Time—1:05.

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs. Galilee, 118 pounds; Ornus, Penniless, Discount, Tenacious, Fa Juive, and Factotum, 103 each; Pirate Chief, Florinda, and Fatality, 100 each.

SECOND RACE. — One mile. Victorious, 112 pounds; Mary Stone, 110; Now or Never, 106; Little Billy, 105; Pickpocket, 102; Illume, 100; The Ironmaster, 97; Sarah Ramey, 93; Selma D., 90; Fidelio, 85.

THIRD RACE.—Six furlongs. Lochiel, 112 pounds; Derfargilla, 109; Will Elliott, 107; Bonaventure, Gov. Fifer, and Annie Bishop, 104 each.

FOURTH RACE.—Six furlongs. Radiator and Golden Dawn, 115 pounds each; Madras, 112.

FIFTH RACE.—Five furlongs. Discount, Trinculo, and Fa Juive, 113 pounds each; Nahma, 110; Lerum, Major, Tenacious, Pochino, and Factotum, 108 each; Sappho, Springtime, and Fair Star, 105 each.

SIXTH RACE.—One mile. St. Anthony and Copyright, 107 pounds each; Anna B., The Ironmaster and Nero, 99 each; Kirkover, 94; Will Elliott and Henry Young, 93 each; Clio colt, 88.

SEVENTH RACE.—One mile. Minnehaha, Sarah Ramey, Red Banner, and Helen Nichols, 109 pounds each.

To Race at Clifton To-day.

FIRST RACE.—Five furlongs. Hardy Fox, 139 pounds; Japonica II., 124; The Fop, St. Mark, Ed Connolly, Adjourn, and Spartacus, 122 each; Gertie D., Wrestler, Hazel, Kitty, Van Wart, Hazelhurst, Jim Fagin, and Pretender, 119 each.

SECOND RACE.—Five furlongs. Lento, 114 pounds; Anglo and Robin Hood, 110 each; Sprinta colt, Keramos, My Girl colt, and West Park, 108 each; Merritt and Starling, 107 each; Fiction, Jake Josephs, Lorinda, Miss Gallop, Pauline, and Bessie D., 105 each.

THIRD RACE.—Four and a half furlongs. Iron Duke, Sam Bryant, Monarch, and Moralist, 122 pounds each; Themis gelding, Adjust, Fenella, Feu Follett gelding, Queen of Hearts filly, Bess Mitchell, Lady Elizabeth filly, and Wampum, 119 each; Mamie gelding, Pink H., and Virgilina gelding, 109 each.

FOURTH RACE.—One mile. Gloaming, 116 pounds; Logan, 111; Rico, 108; Liselg, 105; Major Joe, 102; Westchester, 100; Airplant and Soundmore, 95 each; Remorse, 90; Merry Duke, 83.

FIFTH RACE.—One mile and three-quarters. Lansing, 105 pounds; Marcus, 103; Lotion and Lucky Clover, 102 each; Townsend, 100; Johnnie E., 99; Joe Carter, 96; Baylor, Van Dyke, and Malena, 93 each; Rightaway, 89.

SIXTH RACE.—Five furlongs. Mamie B. B., Charley Wilson, Berwyn, Lallah, Edwin, Zingara, Montlece, and Lizzie Macduff, 119 pounds each; Lumberman, Bryan, Fox Glove, and Heads or Tails, 117 each; Third Cousin filly and Clement, 114 each.

Winners at Guttenberg.

FIRST RACE.—Five and a half furlongs; beaten horses. Conquest, 107, (J. Hill,) 10 to 1, won; Fairyland, (imp.,) 110, (Noble,) 3 to 1, second; Max, 110, (Barbee,) 10 to 1, third. Ban Cloche, Woodcraft, Miss Scheimer, Hazel, Longard, Ben Marche, Hampton, and Blackthorn also ran. Time—1:09¾.

SECOND RACE.—Four and a half furlongs. Sarcasm, 103, (McQuarters,) 5 to 1, won; Smoke, 106, (H. Jones,) 15 to 1, second; Miss Thomas filly, 103, (McDermott,) 5 to 1, third. Vigilant, Western Star, Mary, The Kelt, Widow Cliquot gelding, Honey Bee colt, Bayless, Columbia, Jim Corbett, Jim Lynch, and Roxella II. colt also ran. Time—0:56.

THIRD RACE.—Five furlongs. Little Fred, 92, (Clay,) 6 to 1, won; Lizetta, 114, (Hennessey,) 6 to 5, second; Sir Knight, 83, (R. Doggett,) 10 to 1, third. Pedestrian, Lord Harry, Paulette, My Gyps, Sandowne, Bessie Smith, and Soprano also ran. Time—1:00½.

FOURTH RACE.—One mile. Strathmeath, 117, (Noble,) 7 to 10, won; Highland, 110, (Blake,) 6 to 1, second; Strathmaid, 93, (Brooks,) 15 to 1, third. Brazos and Helen N. also ran. Time—1:41¾.

FIFTH RACE.—Six furlongs. Nick, 105, (Ballard,) 2 to 1, won; Dalsyrian, 102, (Clay,) 6 to 1, second; Panway, 101, (H. Jones,) 10 to 1, third. Play or Pay, Alonzo, Double Cross, Nativity, Lita, Balbriggan, Johnetta, Josie D., and Kentucky Lady also ran. Time—1:14¾.

SIXTH RACE.—One mile and a half, over six hurdles. Margherita, 155, (Slack,) 6 to 5, won; Southerner, 147, (Green,) 3 to 1, second; Prize, 144, (W. Doane,) 6 to 1, third. Time—2:52¾. Rhono, Oaklawn, and The Duffer fell.

Ladas Wins the Park Plate.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—This was the third day of the Newmarket Second October meeting. There were seven events on the programme. The race that attracted the most attention was for the Middle Park Plate of 500 sovereigns. It was won by Lord Rosebery's b. c. Ladas, by Hampton, out of Illuminata. Mr. Henry Milner's b. f. Jocasta, by St. Simon, out of Thebais, was second, and Mr. Douglas Baird's b. c. Sempronius, by Wisdom, out of Hamtonia, third.

Among the Wheelmen.

—World's records were again broken at Hampden Park on Wednesday by H. C. Tyler and William Windle. Tyler rode a mile from a standing start in 2:00 2-5. Windle covered a mile in 1:56 4-5, flying start.

—The Englishmen are establishing a table of unpaced records. It is a good idea and one that might well be tried on this side of the ocean.

—The Gramercy Wheel Club will hold a stag entertainment at the club rooms, 28 East Eighth Street, Saturday evening, Oct. 28.

—The Rev. D. Downie of Philadelphia is on a missionary trip to India, where he uses a safety bicycle in his travels.

—Harry C. Tyler is to be married to Miss Edith Thompson of South Plattsburg, N. Y., on Oct. 19.

—The Wheelmen's Bowling League of this city has been organized for the Winter.

SEE IT! You will be surprised at the great display of FURNITURE and pleased with the prices at GEO. C. FLINT CO.'S, West 14th St.—*Adv.*

Gorham Solid Silver.

Visitors to this country are invited to inspect the notable productions in Silver of the GORHAM M'F'G CO.

Admirable examples of American Design and Manufacture are to be seen in the large stock of Silverware and its combinations; the extent and variety of which can only be appreciated by an examination.

GORHAM M'F'G CO.
SILVERSMITHS
BROADWAY AND 19TH STREET.

BEATEN BY EIGHT WICKETS

ALL MASSACHUSETTS EASY VICTIMS FOR THE AUSTRALIANS.

Poor Batting in the Second Inning Was the Cause of the Downfall of the New-England Cricketers—Trott and G. Giffen Did Wonderful Work in Bowling, the Former Showing Ten Wickets for Five Runs—Poor Fielding by the Local Players.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—The game between the Australian cricketers and All Massachusetts was brought to a conclusion here to-day in delightful weather, and, as was expected, the famous Antipodeans gained an easy victory by eight wickets. The Massachusetts team, which made a wretched start in its second inning yesterday afternoon, losing ten wickets for 13 runs, resumed batting this morning at 11:20, Lott Mansfield joining George Wright. The bowling of Trott and Giffen, however, again proved too much for Mansfield, and, with an addition of only 2 runs to the total, the former was clean bowled for a contribution of 1.

J. Keene of Brockton, who had made such a good stand in the first inning, then joined Wright, but he succeeded in adding only 1 before a good catch by Blackam at mid wicket off Giffen sent him back and twelve wickets were down for 16 runs. R. Fairburn was the next man, and things went just a little better while he was at the wickets. He played both bowlers confidently, and when 10 runs went up with the partnership still in existence it was thought that the score would assume respectable proportions after all. A catch by Gregory, however, blasted all hopes, George Wright retiring with only 4 to his credit, while Fairburn followed without the addition of another run.

When these two men were out the rest of the team followed quickly, Chambers being clean bowled by Giffen and Turner by Trott, while Hunter completed his spectacles by a catch to Graham. M. K. Gordon, who went in sixteenth wicket, was the not-out man, and the form which he had shown in the first inning might have entitled him to a higher place on the batting list. Trott and G. Giffen, who had bowled unchanged throughout the inning, had both done wonderful work. The analysis of Trott in particular showing ten wickets for 5 runs, being a most remarkable performance. Giffen had secured seven wickets for 18 runs, a record which was dwarfed somewhat by the extraordinary work of the other bowler.

Needing but 51 runs to win, the Australians did not in the least alter their well-known batting order, and A. C. Bannerman and J. J. Lyons were sent in to start the run getting. Lyons from the first started in to score at a rapid rate, opening with a fine cut off Chambers for 3, which he duplicated in the next over from Cracknell at the other end. Bannerman played carefully. Lyons also gave two chances, and the fielding altogether was of the worst description. With the total at 22, a good catch by Hunter off Cracknell at mid-off produced the downfall of Bannerman, who had added only 4. Giffen then joined Lyons, and both men hit hard and clean and the runs came rapidly. A change in the bowling became necessary, and George Wright went on in place of Chambers. The change was immediately effective, the second ball clean bowling Lyons, who had contributed the top score of the match with his hard-hit inning of 25, the total being 42.

G. H. S. Trott came next and made one tremendous off drive clean out of the ground for 5 and added a boundary hit of 3, bringing the score up to 50. This tied the score, but before the winning run could be made another wicket was down, Giffen being clean bowled by Cracknell. The end, however, came when S. E. Gregory took his place at the wickets, a hit for 2 by the new-comer giving the Australians the victory by 8 wickets. The score follows:

ALL MASSACHUSETTS.

First Inning.		*Second Inning.*	
R. Cracknell, b. McLeod	3	c. Blackam, b. Giffen	1
J. J. Heys, b. Conningham	3	b. Trott	2
J. Keen, b. Trott	24	c. Blackam, b. Giffen	1
R. Fairburn, b. Giffen	11	b. Trott	6
J. Howard, b. Giffen	6	c. Blackam, b. Giffen	0
Chambers, c. Blackam, b. Trott	5	b. Giffen	0
F. Fairburn, b. Trott	0	b. Trott	2
C. L. Bixby, b. Giffen	2	b. Trott	0
C. Hunter, c. Giffen, b. Trott	0	c. Graham, b. Giffen	0
L. Mansfield, b. Trott	2	b. Trott	1
T. Pettitt, b. Giffen	3	b. Trott	0
G. Wright, c. Giffen, b. Trott	1	c. Gregory, b. Trott	4
M. K. Gordon, c. Conningham, b. Giffen	4	Not out	1
J. B. Newkirk, b. Giffen	0	st. Jarvis, b. Trott	0
D. J. Bruce, c. Jarvis, b. Giffen	0	st. Jarvis, b. Trott	0
J. W. Dutton, st. Jarvis, b. Trott	1	c. Trumble, b. Giffen	0
Shepherdson, not out	7	c. Blackam, b. Giffen	5
R. Turner, b. Trott	4	b. Trott	0
Byes	11	Byes	3
Leg-byes	1	Leg-byes	1
Total	88	Total	27

BOWLING ANALYSIS—FIRST INNING.

	Balls.	*Maidens.*	*Runs.*	*Wickets.*
Trumble	75	12	6	0
McLeod	50	7	3	1
Conningham	45	3	16	1
G. Giffen	105	7	30	7
Gregory	15	2	1	0
Trott	66	5	20	8

SECOND INNING.

Trott	62	9	5	10
G. Giffen	60	6	18	7

AUSTRALIANS.

First Inning.		*Second Inning.*	
A. C. Bannerman, b. Cracknell	1	c. Hunter, b. Cracknell	4
J. Lyons, b. Chambers	4	b. Wright	25
G. Giffen, st. Bruce, b. Chambers	3	b. Cracknell	9
G. H. S. Trott, b. Cracknell	22	not out	8
S. E. Gregory, b. Chambers	3	not out	2
H. Graham, b. Chambers	7		
H. Trumble, b. Chambers	3		
W. F. Giffen, c. Hunter, b. Chambers	8		
A. Conningham, b. Cracknell	7		
A. H. Jarvis, b. Chambers	1		
R. W. McLeod, not out	0		
J. M. Blackam, b. Cracknell	0		
Byes	5	Byes	3
No ball	1	Leg byes	1
Total	65	Total	52

BOWLIND ANALYSIS—FIRST INNING.

	Balls.	*Maidens.*	*Runs.*	*Wickets.*
Cracknell	75	4	29	4
Chambers	70	5	3	7

SECOND INNING.

Chambers	40	1	19	0
Cracknell	45	0	23	2
Wright	5	0	6	1

Runs at the fall of each wicket.

ALL MASSACHUSETTS.

First Inning—8, 15, 34, 44, 53, 54, 61, 62, 64, 67, 67, 74, 74, 74, 74, 80, 88.

Second Inning—2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 8, 13, 13, 13, 13, 15, 16, 26, 26, 26, 27, 27.

AUSTRALIANS.

First Inning—3, 8, 17, 35, 41, 45, 54, 59, 65, 65, 65.

Second Inning—22, 42, 50.

A GLANCE AT HARVARD'S ELEVEN.

Faults and Good Points of the Players—New Men Do Fair Work.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 12.—The Varsity eleven practices on Jarvis Field every afternoon at 4 o'clock, and the preliminary games are of immense advantage in the development of team work. The practice is under the charge of Crosby, '91; Porter, '88, assisted by Upton, '93, and other graduates. Saxe, '87; Cranston, '91; Newell, '92, and Newell, '94, have also been on the field at different times.

A great deal of time has been spent on the tackers and Newell, '94, has until lately devoted his time to coaching instead of playing. The practice is watched by large crowds every afternoon, and the greatest interest is being manifested in the probable make-up of the team. As for the individual players the work has been uniformly good. In the preliminary games the showing of the ends has been particularly promising. Emmons is always strong, but it was supposed that Frank Hallowell's old place at right end could not soon be filled. However, Stevenson, A. Brewer, and Whittren are all good men. Stevenson, who was captain of Hopkinson last year, breaks through the interference with ease, and he is not only a sure tackler but also a steady, nervy player.

A. Brewer is lighter, and Whittren is bigger, and seemingly stronger, than Stevenson, but Stevenson seems to please the coaches better than either. Whittren is a Mott Haven sprinter, and this fact may better his chances for end.

Beal and Johnson seem to be the most promising candidates for tackle. Of course, Newell is booked for his old position at right tackle. Beal is lighter and younger than Johnson, but not so well developed. Johnson is a negro, and last year played tackle on the Technology eleven. He is magnificent in aggressive work on account of his great strength.

Lewis is apparently a fixture. There are no candidates for centre rush who can compare with him in agility and shrewdness. Not only does he snap the ball back with vigor, but he plays his position for all it is worth. He always seems to be in the right place. Mackie is also a fixture at right guard. His big weight and figure are menacing to his opponents, although Parker on Thursday seemed to give the big fellow all the work he could do. Parker's appearance and his fine work opposite Mackie caused unusual comment among the "bleachers," and great things are expected of him. Parker showed up well in the second half with Amherst on Saturday. The team is so weak at left guard that Parker is almost sure of making the Varsity if he continues his good work. Acton's ribs show no great sign of improvement, and neither Warren nor Laimbeer seems strong enough to play the position of guard.

In the last games Gould has not shown up particularly well at quarter back, and Fairchild will probably play at Springfield. In practice Gould used to be quick in getting the ball back, but lately he has been slow and hesitating in his signals. He is stouter than Fairchild or Foster, and not so active. Fairchild is light and spry, and is also great in interference. Fairchild is the brainiest quarter back of the three.

Gray's accident last week brought John Corbett to the front, and the result of the Amherst game shows that the judges used wisdom in placing Corbett again in his old position. Judges still look on Corbett as the most brilliant all-round football player in the country, and his absence from the Varsity last year was a cause for general surprise. This year, however, Corbett is out again. He is still making his brilliant rushes and his errors of judgment. Unlike George Gray, Corbett plays an erratic game. He takes risks, does not follow the interference, and often comes to sore grief. At the same time, he is the grittiest half back at Harvard, and his runs always create more enthusiasm on Jarvis Field than those of any other back. Corbett's great fault is in dropping the ball. His work on Jarvis, however, has been singularly free from this fault, and his admirers hope to see him make the team.

Waters is now playing half back, and his great weight and strength tells wonderfully in breaking through the interference. It is no unusual sight to see Waters dashing through the line dragging half a dozen men along by the sheer force of his wonderful strength. Waters is showing up so well at half back that it is very likely he will continue there.

Dunlop is a new man who is showing up in fine form. He comes from a private school in Cambridge, and his good work at full back has been very noticeable. But Brewer is almost sure of the position on account of his long training and his wonderful kicking.

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Yale Law School Football Team.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 12.—Nothing antagonistic to the regular Yale football eleven is to be inferred from the action of the Yale Law School in voting at a mass meeting held yesterday to organize a football eleven from the abundant material in the school. The success of last year's Law School baseball nine has placed athletics on a firm basis in the Law School, and as none of the material in the school can be utilized on university teams, owing to the obstacle offered by the undergraduate rule, the formation of a football eleven was the inevitable result. A. A. Moore, elected manager of the Law School eleven, is an Oakland (Cal.) boy, and one of the most popular students in the school. George F. Sanford, the Captain, played centre rush on the Yale 'Varsity eleven in 1891, and was the intercollegiate quarter-mile runner in 1892.

The New-Yorks Shut Out.

The Brooklyns shut out the New-Yorks in the fourth game of the series for the metropolitan championship at Eastern Park yesterday. Brooklyn has won three out of four games.

The score:

NEW-YORK.	R.	1B.	PO.	A.	E.
Ward, 2b	0	1	1	6	0
Burke, lf	0	0	0	0	1
Tiernan, rf	0	0	3	0	0
Doyle, 3b	0	0	2	2	1
Connor, 1b	0	0	12	0	0
Stafford, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Wilson, c	0	0	5	1	0
German, p	0	0	0	3	1
Fuller, ss	0	0	1	3	1
Total	0	1	24	15	4

BROOKLYN.	R.	1B.	PO.	A.	E.
Daly, 2b	0	1	3	4	1
Corcoran, ss	0	0	7	2	0
Foutz, 1b	0	2	9	0	0
Shoch, lf	0	2	1	0	0
Dailey, c	0	0	3	1	0
Griffin, cf	1	1	1	0	0
Hatfield, 3b	1	0	2	3	0
Lachance, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Stein, p	0	0	0	1	0
Kennedy, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	6	27	11	1

New-York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Brooklyn	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	—2

First base by errors—Brooklyn, 3. Left on bases —New-York, 7; Brooklyn, 4. First base on balls—Off German, 2; off Stein, 1; off Kennedy, 2. Struck out—By German, 3 by Stein, 1; by Kennedy, 1. Sacrifice hits—Corcoran, Connor, Shoch, Dailey, Stein. Double plays—Daly, Corcoran, Foutz. Umpire—Mr. Gaffney.

The New-York Times.

M'KANE'S PASTOR ON THE FIGHT

THE REV. MR. CHURCHILL LOOKING FOR LEGAL EVIDENCE.

His Sunday School Superintendent Assures Him There Is No Prize Fighting in the Building He Leases to Coney Island Athletic Club—Judge Barrett's Decision Should Answer His Doubts—Vicar General Farley and Mgr. Ducey, for the Catholic Church, Denounce Prize Fights.

The Rev. J. A. Churchill, pastor of the Methodist Church at Sheepshead Bay, of whose Sunday-school John Y. McKane is Superintendent, called at The New-York Times office yesterday. He said he wanted to know if there was any "legal evidence" that there had been prize fighting at the Coney Island Athletic Club.

Mr. Churchill did not at first reveal his identity as the pastor of Sunday School Superintendent McKane's Sheepshead Bay Church.

After he had made some inquiries, he was asked: "Are you the pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Coney Island?"

"No," was his reply.

"Are you the pastor of the Gravesend Methodist Episcopal Church?" he was asked.

"No," was the prompt answer.

"Of the Sheepshead Bay Methodist Episcopal Church?" was the third inquiry.

"Y-e-s," was the reply, hesitatingly, as though he did not care to disclose his identity.

"Mr. McKane is Superintendent of the Sunday school attached to the church of which you are pastor?" Mr. Churchill was asked.

"Yes," was his reply.

Pastor Churchill was informed that John Y. McKane, Chief of Police at Coney Island, could furnish all the legal evidence required by him, as could also Police Justice Richard V. B. Newton, the matchmaker for the Coney Island Athletic Club.

The reverend gentleman's attention was directed to the printed accounts of the various prize fights which have taken place from time to time at the Coney Island Athletic Club, to which his comment was: "But this does not seem to me to be legal evidence, such as would be introduced in court."

Asked if he desired to proceed against the Coney Island prize fighters, the Rev. Mr. Churchill replied in the negative. He said he was going to speak about the matter at a Brooklyn Methodist preachers' meeting, and he thought, as no "legal evidence" had been presented, that an unintentional wrong might have been done John Y. McKane.

"What does Mr. McKane say about these contests?" Mr. Churchill was asked.

"He assures me," said Mr. Churchill, "that no prize fights have been fought at the Coney Island Athletic Club."

Pastor Churchill was asked if the fact that man after man had been beaten into insensibility in the club's ring, that men's noses had been broken, and their bodies terribly punished, was not sufficient evidence to satisfy him that there had been prize fighting at the club.

He replied: "Well, you know, men get hurt sometimes in athletic contests, in boxing bouts for scientific points."

Mr. Churchill was asked if he knew the difference between a prize fight and a boxing match for scientific points.

"No," was his reply. "I never saw any."

He was informed that, in sparring for scientific points, no knock-out blows were delivered, and that, in such contests, men did not have their faces beaten to a jelly, and were not pounded into insensibility.

The Rev. Mr. Churchill seemed to feel that he was making a strong point for himself when he asked: "Have you any legal evidence that the rules of the Coney Island Athletic Club have been violated in their building at these contests?"

He was informed that all the public knew about the government and regulation of the club was that the contests there were conducted under the rules of the Marquis of Queensberry, which were framed for the special benefit of prize fighters, and that the proposed fight between Mitchell and Corbett was to be under these rules, the final provision of which is, "In all other respects, the contest shall be governed by the rules of the London Prize Ring."

The evidence concerning the Coney Island prize fights which The New-York Times has from day to day spread before its readers, and which has proved conclusive to the scores of clergymen who have denounced the fights through its columns and from their pulpits, was not regarded by the Rev. Mr. Churchill as satisfactory evidence that there had been any prize fighting in Mr. McKane's clubhouse.

Incidentally, Pastor Churchill naively remarked: "Mr. McKane doesn't look at any of these contests."

"Is this because they are so brutal they would shock his sensitive nature?" was asked.

"Well, he doesn't see them; he remains outside," said Mr. Churchill.

"And collects his rentals?"

Sunday School Superintendent McKane's pastor made no reply to this question.

"Then, if he has not seen any of these fights, how does he know they are not prize fights?" Mr. Churchill was asked. "Is it not his duty, as the Chief of Police, to go inside the club building?"

Mr. Churchill evaded the question, and said: "Well, I understand that in the contract of the lease of this building by Mr. McKane to the Coney Island Athletic Club it is provided that there shall be no prize fighting there."

"Then, if Mr. McKane produces this lease, which says there shall be no prize fighting in the building, and the newspapers to the contrary print detailed reports of the several prize fights that have taken place in that building, you do not consider the newspaper reports evidence that the law has been violated?" Mr. Churchill was asked.

"Well," said Mr. McKane's pastor, "that is not legal evidence. That isn't the kind of evidence you can bring into court."

"I am opposed to prize fighting myself," said Mr. Churchill, "and to the liquor traffic also. I have preached against prize fighting."

"Against prize fighting at the Coney Island Athletic Club?" he was asked.

"No, but in a general way," was the reply.

Mr. Churchill said further that Mr. McKane "was obliged to go to unpleasant places in the performance of his duty, and he did so. He did not propose to defend Mr. McKane."

"Do you think," was asked, "that Mr. McKane was obliged to attend the Sunday meeting at which the Coney Island Athletic Club was organized—that meeting at which Police Justices James G. Tighe, R. V. B. Newton, and Kenneth Sutherland, and Arthur Lumley were present?"

Mr. Churchill said he did not want to pass judgment on Mr. McKane's motives in going to places unless he knew what those motives were.

Mr. McKane's pastor seemed to labor under the delusion that The New-York Times has some personal feeling against Mr. McKane. He did not appear to fully comprehend the fact that The Times was waging a war against prize fighting and the Coney Island Athletic Club's violation of the law. He appeared to overlook the fact that no attack had been made on Mr. McKane's private life and habits.

The New-York Times has given the names of pugilists who were "knocked out" at Coney Island; it has described the wild scenes of excitement at the various fights. If the Rev. Mr. Churchill will read these reports, and then read what a Supreme Court Judge has said from the bench concerning pugilistic exhibitions, Mr. McKane's pastor may be convinced that the law has been violated repeatedly at Coney Island.

In defining a prize fight in 1884, Supreme Court Justice Barrett said:

If severe blows are struck which are likely to cause injuries to the parties or to inflame their passions or the passions of the bystanders, or which are likely to cause a disturbance or breach of the peace, or which are in any just sense brutal or revolting, it will be the duty of the police to act promptly and with vigilance.

The Most Rev. Mgr. Farley, one of the Vicars General of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of New-York, declared in most vigorous terms to a reporter for The New-York Times his opinion of the proposed international fight.

Mgr. Farley is in power and authority second only to Archbishop Corrigan, and his denunciation of prize fighting is made for the Roman Catholic Church.

"In the case of a prize fight," Mgr. Farley said, "there can be no mincing matters. Prize fighting is a crime against morality, humanity, and the law of the State. The Catholic Church frowns on it as sinful and brutal, and no words are too strong for me to say in denunciation of it.

"It is time something should be done to put a stop to any more of it at Coney Island, and I am glad that there are those brave enough to make a move in that direction.

"The authorities should not hesitate to act and prevent the proposed fight. If the local authorities are so bound up by personal interest or so disregardful of the demands of the public that they will not move to prevent the fight, the State officials should not hesitate for a moment to interfere. The Governor can and should act. The proposed prize fight should be prevented at any cost."

Mgr. Ducey was seen at his home, 18 East Twenty-ninth Street, by a reporter for The New-York Times. As soon as the proposed fight was mentioned, he became all attention.

"What do you think of permitting a prize fight to be held at Coney Island?" was asked.

"Prize fights should not be permitted at Coney Island or any other island," was Mgr. Ducey's emphatic answer. "They are exhibitions of brutality, vulgarity, and bestiality. Men who call themselves gentlemen witness these knocking-out matches. The men who figure in them develop the prostitution of the human race. They appeal to the degradation of manhood and womanhood.

"About a year ago I was present one evening at a concert in Madison Square Garden. The present champion of the prize ring came in and was seated in a box. A number of men and women gathered around him. Each one of these people appealed to the lowest and most vulgar education—drink, display, and dress.

"The history of John L. Sullivan, Kilrain, and others is but the history of all prize fighters from the time of 'Yankee' Sullivan, 'Tom' Hyer, John C. Heenan, and 'Bill' Poole.

"I am delighted The Times is making an effort to stamp out this brutality.

"The Brooklyn clergymen are doing a duty of decency. Unfortunately, these clergymen seem all to be Protestants.

"It might be well for the Catholic Church in Brooklyn, even though 'Boss' McLaughlin is said not to be a Catholic, to give some evidence of the spiritual influence of Catholicity in that diocese and condemn the prospect of the brutal display.

"The young Bishop of Brooklyn, Dr. McDonnell, cannot regard the degradation of humanity as outside of his spiritual province.

"I recall the fact that some time ago, when an attempt was made in a far Western city to have a brutal exhibition of this character, the Archbishop of that city felt it his duty to prevent it, and with the aid of the local authorities, if I remember rightly, did stop a gross violation of decency.

"What was done in St. Paul can be done, and, I hope, will be done, in the diocese of Brooklyn."

The following petition is being circulated by the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association, and many signatures have been obtained:

TO THE GOVERNOR.

In support of the subjoined resolutions adopted by the Brooklyn Preachers' Meeting, held in the building of the Young Men's Christian Association, Oct. 2, 1893, we, the undersigned, respectfully and earnestly petition your Excellency to prohibit the palpable and brutalizing violation of the law to which they refer, namely, the proposed international prize fight fixed to occur within the limits of Kings County, State of New-York.

Whereas, Arrangements are being made for a prize fight, to take place at Coney Island some time in December next, for which articles of agreement have already been signed by the contestants; and

Whereas, This proposed contest is hostile to every sentiment of morality and religion, and in flagrant violation of the laws of this State; therefore,

Resolved, First—That we, the members of the Brooklyn and Long Island Preachers' Meeting, do hereby express our unqualified condemnation of all such brutal encounters.

Second—That we most heartily commend the outspoken and manly words of his Excellency, Gov. Flower, in condemnation of this violation of the laws of the State, and his words of warning to the officials of the county.

Third—That we fully approve the efforts of The New-York Times and other papers to rally the sentiment of the country against the brutal exhibition.

Fourth—That these resolutions be presented to the city press for publication and a copy be also sent to Gov. Flower, the District Attorney, and the Sheriff of the county.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.

Sign and return at once to any branch of the Young Men's Christian Association. Central Association, 502 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; Secretary, Edwin F. See; Secretary in charge, Arthur B. Wood.

Cannot Serve God and Boss McLaughlin.

Northern Christian Advocate of Syracuse.

The New-York Times has prodded the Governor into saying some things encouraging to the friends of law and decency, but he has not yet said anything that made the bruisers and gamblers think it useless to continue their arrangements for the fight. Many clergymen and other leaders of decent public opinion in Brooklyn are protesting against the impending lawlessness and brutality, and Gov. Flower will soon have to choose squarely between the respectable community and the thugs and officials who control so many votes. He has figured honorably as a patron of churches in the rural parts of the State, but he cannot serve God and Boss McLaughlin.

Horribly Scalded by Steam.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Five men were badly scalded this morning in an explosion that occurred in Marshal Field & Co.'s power house at the rear of 73 Wabash Avenue. The injured men are John Miller, Martin Kehoe, John Sousa, probably fatally; Patrick Quinn, and William Ellis, probably fatally. They are steamfitters and were engaged in laying a pipe to supply the power plant with natural gas. They were at work in the cellar when the cap on a ten-inch steam pipe burst owing to a flaw in the iron, and the escaping steam horribly scalded them.

Ex-Policeman Steals His Child.

Josie, the ten-year-old daughter of Mrs. Rose Sullivan of 80 Sanford Street, Brooklyn, was kidnapped Wednesday morning by her father, James Sullivan, an ex-policeman. Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan have been separated several years. Sullivan was dismissed from the Brooklyn police force two years ago because he owned a milk store. This led to a quarrel with his wife, who, he said, gave the information about his milk business, and he left her. Mrs. Sullivan gave her daughter $1 to purchase groceries Wednesday. The girl did not return. Yesterday she received a letter from her husband, dated New-York, informing her he had taken Josie away, and intended to take her to Denver. Mrs. Sullivan told her story to Police Justice Goetting, who promised to have her husband looked up.

Leadville Town Is Sinking.

LEADVILLE, Col., Oct. 12.—Last night the ground on which this coal-mining town is located began to sink, and people were startled from sleep by the crackling of walls of their houses. Many rushed out to find the ground depressed two feet or more in many places. It has been discovered that the wells had gone dry, the great cracks in the earth allowing the water to sink into the mine workings.

The cause is due to the giving way of the props in the worked-out coal districts. If this continues much longer the entire town will be rendered unfit for habitation.

OPPOSED TO TRUE DEMOCRACY

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN CRITICISES THE SENATE MINORITY.

Such Obstruction as the Silver Men Have Brought About Would Be Impossible in England—Repeal, He Says, Is Absolutely Necessary for America's Welfare—The Time for Monetary Experiments Is Over—The Home Rule Bill Dead—The Unionist Leader Sails for Nassau.

Joseph Chamberlain, M. P., started yesterday afternoon, with his two sons, Austin and Neville, on the Ward Line steamer Niagara for Nassau, New-Providence.

The steamer was scheduled to leave Pier 17 East River at 3 P. M., and it was hardly ten minutes before sailing time when Mr. Chamberlain and his handsome boys arrived at the pier in a Fifth Avenue Hotel stage, on top of which was piled a mass of luggage.

The Unionist leader wore a traveling suit of blue serge, and looked as if he were the elder brother instead of the father of the two young men who stood by his side. As always, he wore the monocle which, along with Mr. Gladstone's collars, will be handed down to posterity by the caricaturists.

Mr. Chamberlain smiled significantly as he recognized a reporter for The New-York Times. "So you have cornered me," he said. "Well, fire away while you have got time," and the honorable gentleman smiled sweetly, evidently at the thought that for some time at least he could move out of his house without being interviewed.

"I suppose the first thing you will want to know," he said, "is why I am going to Nassau. The fact is, I have a plantation there of some 20,000 acres. My boys are running it and trying what they can do with sisal. That is the main crop we have, and I want to see how things are going with it. Land is very cheap round about Nassau, and one acre in England is worth nearly as much as all my property there. It has a good, full-flavored sound, though, 20,000 acres, hasn't it?" said Mr. Chamberlain, laughing heartily.

"I do not know when I shall return from Nassau," he went on. "It all depends upon affairs on the plantation.

"One thing is certain. I have had a most delightful time during my trip, especially during my stay in Salem. It was just like home there, you know, and the weather seemed as if made to order. The Autumn tints were wonderful. I wish I could send your October coloring to England."

On the subject of the Vigilant-Valkyrie races Mr. Chamberlain remarked: "I am afraid that, as far as yachting is concerned, we Englishmen have to throw up our hands to you Americans. There is no doubt but what the best boat won. Yes, I know Mr. Jamison, the reputed challenger for next year, well. He is a thorough sportsman and will spare neither time nor money to achieve victory."

Turning to weightier matters, Mr. Chamberlain, speaking of the dead-lock in the Senate, said: "My opinion is that Americans are the most patient people on the face of the globe. Such an outcome from an organized system of obstruction would be impossible in England, which, I venture to say, even with my foot on New-York soil, is far more democratic than America. Democracy, as I take it, means the government of the people by the people. Are true democratic principles carried out when a minority of the legislative body not representing the feeling of the majority of the people can bid defiance to the majority of the legislative body which does represent the feeling of the majority of the people? I am not judging the merits of the silver bill. I am delivering an opinion based on what I am told is the feeling of the country at large with regard to the repeal of the silver law. I am told that the country is crying out for repeal, and that the minority in the Senate is able to obstruct such repeal and is actually doing it. Such obstruction, I repeat, is opposed to true democracy, and would be impossible in England."

"But is not obstruction a favorite weapon of some minorities in the British Parliament?"

"Only when the party in the minority has good cause to think that, in spite of its small numbers in the legislative body, it voices the feeling of the nation. The branch of the Unionist Party to which I belong was accused of obstruction last session. But we believed that we represented the majority in the country, and we maintained that belief. If I understand it rightly, this is not the case in the United States Senate. In our Parliament we cannot oppose the real wishes, clearly defined and stated, of the people, while the silver men here are bringing forward all the opposition they are able."

When asked for his own opinion with regard to the silver bill, Mr. Chamberlain replied: "My opinion, or, rather, my conviction, as far as regards a monetary standard for England, is a matter of record, I presume. As far as America is concerned, I would say that the time for experiments is over. Repeal is absolutely necessary for America's welfare. Even she, big and strong as she is, is not big or strong enough to bear the burden of the silver of the world."

The miners' strikes in Great Britain were next brought to Mr. Chamberlain's attention, and he was asked what remedy Parliament would be likely to contrive at the November session.

"I do not know, really," he replied. "Mr. Gladstone is pledged to take hold of and see through only two bills, both of a purely domestic nature—the Parish Councils bill and the Employers' Liability bill."

The Unionist leader spoke in the most decided manner concerning the prospects of home rule for Ireland.

"The Home-Rule bill," he said, "is not, as partisans would have Americans think, merely scotched. It is killed. The sympathy of the people is set strongly against the passage of the bill, in spite of the reports received here to the contrary. The masses of the people, while perhaps not upholding hereditary legislation, certainly upheld the action of the House of Lords in their cavalier treatment of the bill. There were no demonstrations against the Lords' action, and if there had been, the upholders of the action could have organized a demonstration ten times as great. The reports you receive here of the alleged progress of home rule correspond to those received by Englishmen during the war between the North and the South. At that time there was scarcely one Englishman out of ten that read their newspapers and trusted to them who did not believe the South would come out victorious. You did not believe so then, though, any more than the great bulk of Englishmen believe now in the possibility of home rule. Mr. Gladstone believes in it, of course, but then Mr. Gladstone is the most sanguine of men, with a power of belief in what he thinks ought to be believed that is absolutely beyond conception. No, Sir!" concluded Mr. Chamberlain, his monocle dropping from his eye with the emphasis of his speech. "You may depend upon it that England, which holds three-fourths of the population of the British Isles, is no more ready to separate—for the present Home-Rule bill means separation—than is America herself ready to dissolve the union of the North and the South."

Woman Doctor Held for Swindling.

Dr. Isabella M. Rankine of 626 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, who has been under arrest since early in July on a charge of swindling Mrs. Lucia M. Balcom of 1,077 Bedford Avenue out of $2,000, was yesterday held to the Grand Jury by Justice Connolly in the Gates Avenue Police Court. The same disposition was made of the case of William B. Warner, her alleged confederate. It is alleged by Mrs. Balcom that Dr. Rankine induced her to invest $2,000 in chattel mortgages held by Warner, who was in the real estate business. When interest on the mortgages fell due Warner decamped, and Mrs. Balcom learned the mortgages were fictitious. Warner was arrested in Toronto. Bail was fixed for Dr. Rankine at $2,500 and for Warner at $3,000, which they furnished.

Evangelical Alliance Congress.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—The congress of the Evangelical Alliance was addressed this morning by Lord Kinnaird, Commodore Matteo Drochet, and the Rev. R. J. Carroll, who spoke upon different methods of active religious work. At the three sub-sectional conferences, fresh-air funds, outing clubs, the problem of the country church, boys' clubs, and kindred subjects were discussed. The speakers included the Rev. Howard Bliss, C. H. Tindall, and Percy Grant, all of New-York.

Senator Marsh Declines a Renomination.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 12.—State Senator Marsh publishes a letter this evening in which he declines to be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Senator from Union County. This leaves the field clear for James E. Martine of Plainfield, known as the "Farmer Orator," who will be unanimously nominated at the convention Oct. 19.

DR. PARKHURST AT WORK AGAIN.

He Has Been Collecting Additional Evidence Against Capt. Devery.

The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst yesterday renewed his complaints against gambling houses and disorderly places in the Eleventh Police Precinct, over which Capt. William S. Devery presides. His effort, on behalf of the Society for the Prevention of Crime, takes the form of letters to Mayor Gilroy, Superintendent Byrnes, Police Commissioner Martin, and Capt. Devery. It includes a list of forty-four places which are open in violation of law, and which have been in operation since a complaint against them by the society was lodged with the police in August.

Dr. Parkhurst and his associates, Thaddeus D. Kenneson and Frank Moss, do not mince words in these letters. The letter to President Martin informs the Police Commissioners that Capt. Devery, who is retained in his place "for considerations doubtless appreciated by yourself" in spite of the August exposure of his "incompetency or criminality," is doing no better now for law and order than he did before. It continues:

> We do not propose to be bluffed by any system of mutual exculpation or raw denial, with which the agencies of your department rush to one another's relief. * * * The spasm of zeal exhibited by your subordinates on the appearance of our complaint has never, for a day, deluded the gamblers or the bawdy-house keepers of the precinct into the supposition that their business was imperiled. However you may see fit to explain it, the criminals in that precinct expect more from the protection of your department than from its inflictions.
>
> We knew in August, as we know now, that the reports made to your board by Acting Superintendent Peter Conlin, by Inspector Alexander S. Williams, and by Capt. William S. Devery, whether by intention or otherwise, are misrepresentations of the truth in essential particulars, and, however stinted may have been the hospitality which you evinced toward our complaint as then presented, you will now certainly, unless bound to others by ties as degrading as they would be unlawful, give to our renewed complaint a heed more in keeping with the dignity of your position and the gravity of the accusation.
>
> We submit, then, a list of disorderly houses which are at present flourishing under the administration of Capt. Devery, our object in collecting this evidence being to show not what kind of women keep the houses, but what kind of a Captain keeps the precinct. Both now and heretofore our contention has not been with the disorderly houses per se, but with Capt. Devery, and men like him, who, having accepted positions of grave authority, are failing either from incompetence or from criminal complicity to meet their obligations.

The letter to Superintendent Byrnes demands that he give the matter the attention which its gravity requires. That to Capt. Devery declines to debate any statements of facts with him, but gives him sharp notice that he is expected to follow the society and gather the evidence which is easily within his reach. Houses requiring his attention are given by number in Chrystie, Canal, Forsyth, Eldridge, Rivington, Bayard, Allen, Stanton, and Delancey Streets.

DR. BURTSELL'S VISIT TO ROME.

He Has Been Invited to an Audience with the Pope—To be Gone Six Months.

The Rev. Dr. Richard Lalor Burtsell, the stanch defender of Dr. McGlynn and former rector of the Church of the Epiphany, in this city, will sail for Europe to-morrow afternoon by the steamer Werra. He has a six months' vacation, and will visit Rome and have an audience with the Pope.

Dr. Burtsell, who came down from Rondout on Wednesday, is staying with his brother, J. M. Burtsell, at 413 West One Hundred and Forty-first Street. Many of his old parishioners in this city have chartered a steamer and will accompany him down the bay. Samuel Goodwin of 275 Third Avenue and B. J. Berry of 453 Second Avenue are in charge of the boat.

Dr. Burtsell expressed annoyance yesterday at the publication of a report that he was outspoken in his opposition to the parish schools and understood to favor their abolition. He declared that he had never uttered anything of the kind.

Several clergymen and old friends called at the house in the morning, but he saw only a few, and left it to his brother and Mrs. Burtsell to answer questions for him. They said that he would go straight to Geneva, and take a long-needed rest. They did not think he had made any programme, but that he would allow events to shape themselves, and would be governed by those events. But he will go to Rome, although his visit to the Eternal City is voluntary on his part, and he has been assured of a cordial reception.

Just before leaving his parishioners at Rondout he told them that he would go to Rome to pay his respects to the Pope, and that his journey was likely to turn out very useful to him. He was already assured of his reception by the Pope, and of his special blessing. He was going as the pastor of St. Mary's Church, and what orders he might receive, if any, from the Holy Father it would be his duty to fulfill.

The Propaganda will consider the petition for Dr. Burtsell's return to his old parish in this city. The Rev. John J. Gallagher has been appointed acting rector of the church in Rondout during Dr. Burtsell's absence.

FERRY FRANCHISES TO BE SOLD.

Union Company Not Willing to Pay What the City Demanded.

Controller Myers will sell at public auction in his office in the Stewart Building, at noon, Oct. 25, the franchises of the Fulton, Wall, Catharine, Hamilton, and South Ferries, which are held at present by the Union Ferry Company. The franchises will be disposed of for a term of eight years from May 1, 1893, when the contract with the Union Ferry Company expired.

Under the former contract, the company paid 12¾ per cent. on the gross receipts. It refused to make a new contract for more than 5 per cent.

The Sinking Fund Commissioners decided to reduce the rate to 7¾ per cent. on the gross receipts, and the terms of the sale will provide for the payment of $25,000 to the Controller to cover the first year's rental. In the event of the franchises being sold to any other than the Union Ferry Company, the purchaser will be required to buy the ferry property at its appraised value of $3,229,401. No advance will be permitted in the present ferry rates.

INJURED PERSONS DOING WELL.

Trolley Officials Cannot Account for the Wheel Explosion in Brooklyn.

Engineer John Capolis of the Atlantic Avenue Railroad power house, Brooklyn, who was injured Wednesday night by the bursting of the big flywheel, and John Delasco of 458 Carroll Street and Mrs. Ann Keegan of 549 Carroll Street, who were injured by flying pieces of the wheel, were yesterday reported to be doing well.

No explanation of the bursting of the wheel has been given by the officials of the company. They say they do not know what caused it, unless it was an air bubble in some part of the casting.

The motor house is a wreck and will have to be almost wholly rebuilt. The Brooklyn City Railroad Company is supplying power for the trolley cars. Many narrow escapes were related yesterday by persons who were in the path of the flying pieces of iron.

Burglar O'Connor Attempts Suicide.

STAPLETON, S. I., Oct. 12.—The police have traced fifteen horses, many carriages, and a quantity of harness brought to Staten Island and sold by John B. O'Connor and Edward Sheridan, the horse thieves arrested Tuesday night. Horses have been claimed to-day by K. W. Seeler of 370 Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn; Hugh Kelly, Fourth Street, Brooklyn; Liveryman Whitcome of Astoria, and John Conkling of 238 Monticello Avenue, Jersey City. O'Connor, who made a desperate attempt to escape last night, has made several attempts to take his life in his cell. When no other means were left him he tried to dash his brains out against the walls of the prison.

From Poverty to Affluence.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Oct. 12.—Harry Shields of this city has fallen heir to an estate valued at $100,000 left to him by his grandmother, residing near Milwaukee, Wis. When Shields learned of his fortune he was at work on the Louisville Canal wheeling dirt. He is married, and for five months has lived in extreme poverty.

Nominated for the New-Jersey Assembly.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J., Oct. 12.—The First District Republican Assembly Convention met at Closter this afternoon and nominated George R. Halstead of Orvil Township on the first ballot.

BOODY MAKES A FULL LOAD

"BOSS" M'LAUGHLIN WILL NOT TRY TO CARRY MORE.

Consequently, the Aldermen Who Were in the Columbian Celebration Expose and Other Much-Criticised Transactions Are Relegated to the Rear—The "Machine" Has All It Can Undertake to Carry in Its Mayor, and He Alone Is to be Saved from the Wreck.

The Brooklyn Aldermen who were concerned in the Columbian Celebration scandals and in the granting of franchises to the Brooklyn City Railroad Company and the Flynn political syndicate have been turned down. They have bowed their heads, not with the best of grace, on the orders of their bosses, to the storm of public condemnation of the administration of which they were a conspicuous part, and have retired from public life.

These disciplined members of the Brooklyn Common Council are not pleased at the idea of disappearing ignominiously through a hole in the political stage, while Mayor Boody remains in triumphal view of the public. Their friends feel they have been made the scapegoats of Mr. Boody's administration.

The solid Democratic delegations of Aldermen in the First and Third Districts have been relegated to the rear by Mr. McLaughlin and his lieutenants, and new men have been nominated in their places.

The members from these districts were: First District—Moses J. Wafer, William H. Jordan, Michael J. Coffey, and James McGarry; Third District—Charles J. Volckening, Daniel McGrath, J. Jefferson Black, and William McKee.

Of these Aldermen, Wafer of the First District and McKee of the Third District were indicted by the Grand Jury in December, 1892, for their alleged part in the frauds of the Columbian Celebration bills.

Of the Aldermen at Large, Arthur J. Heaney was also indicted by the December Grand Jury for his connection with the celebration frauds.

Of the others, Alderman McCarty, formerly President of the board, resigned last year to enter the State Senate, and Alderman Coffey, who succeeded Mr. McCarty as President of the Common Council, resigned this Summer for a similar promotion.

Alderman McGarry was not indicted by the Grand Jury, but his connection with the granting of street-railroad franchises, and his alleged interest in the street-cleaning contract, ostensibly held first by Cranford & Valentine and then by ex-Senator Robert Furey, had subjected him to a strong and constant stream of public criticisms, and the "machine" leaders felt it would be unsafe to permit him to run again for the office held by him for four successive terms.

In the case of Alderman McGrath, the "bosses" realized that his membership of the Railroad Committee of the Common Council, which granted valuable franchises to the Brooklyn City Railroad and the Flynn political syndicate for a nominal consideration, rendered him an unwise candidate for re-election.

There were also peculiar objections against putting forward Alderman Black again. He has figured in a number of centennial and other "celebrations," and has incurred much hostile criticism.

The friends of Alderman William H. Jordan feel especially resentful over the work of the Democratic "bosses" in dropping him. Mr. Jordan abandoned a three-thousand-dollar job in the City Government to take President McCarty's seat in the Board of Aldermen. He had hardly had time to get accustomed to things. Now he is minus his snug three-thousand-dollar berth and is also out of the two-thousand-dollar sinecure in the Common Council.

The Democratic Aldermen at Large have not yet been nominated, but it is said that some of the present ones are to share the fate of their brethren in the First and Third Districts. The present Aldermen at Large are Theodore Maurer, Thomas A. Beard, Robert F. MacKellar, Anson Ferguson, Andrew W. Fitzgibbon, Arthur J. Heaney, and Richard Pickering.

The new candidates in the First District are John J. Guilfoyle, Denis Dunn, John J. McGarry, and Frank Hennessy. The new candidates in the Third District are Thomas F. Byrnes, John Meehan, Edward S. Scott, and James Brooks.

While the Democratic "bosses" have, ostensibly, catered to public sentiment by turning down the Aldermen who were mixed up in the unsavory scandals of the Boody administration, it is significant to note that the old favorites with the "bosses" were allowed to name their own successors.

To Alderman James McGarry, for example, was given the privilege of putting his own cousin in his place. Young McGarry is scarcely of age. He is the son-in-law of James Dunne, keeper of the City Hall, and one of the Democratic "machine" leaders.

John Guilfoyle, one of the new men chosen by the Democratic "bosses" to go into the Common Council, has been a favored contractor under local Democratic administrations. He has had a number of very good contracting plums.

It is said there is a hot fight between Daniel Ryan, the Eighth Ward leader, and Thomas A. Kerrigan, the Sheriff's auctioneer, for the Shrievalty nomination. Mr. Kerrigan's auction rooms have for many years been the headquarters of "Boss" McLaughlin and his lieutenants. In case Mr. Kerrigan is nominated, there are many persons who believe his campaign will be a sacrifice on his part in the interest of the Republican candidate for that office, and in furtherance of a deal between "Boss" Worth and the Democratic "machine" leaders in relation to the Mayoralty.

It is also said that Police Captain John W. Eason of the Second Precinct may be the Republican candidate for Sheriff. Mr. Eason would make such a fine run, because of his good qualities, that it is not believed that he will receive the nomination. Capt. Eason was a member of the "Fighting Fourteenth," and was a brave soldier. Although a regular Republican, he has never been identified with any of the factions of the organization. He is a prominent member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and is one of the most popular men in that order in Brooklyn. He has friends all over the city. He has a long and honorable record as a police officer, and has made a number of remarkable captures of criminals. He is believed by his thousands of friends to be especially qualified for the Shrievalty nomination.

Grand Lodge Knights of Honor Meeting.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 12.—The Grand Lodge of the Knights of Honor of New-Jersey held its annual session in Chester Row Hall to-day. Supreme Dictator Bellamy of North Carolina called the meeting to order. Delegates from sixty-five lodges, representing 5,000 members, responded. The reports of the grand officers show the order to be in a flourishing condition. There were seventy-four deaths in the order during last year. The beneficiaries received $143,000. The amount paid throughout the United States was $4,283,000.

The new officers are: Grand Dictator—T. F. Scherf of Elizabeth; Vice Dictator—William Bladen; Grand Assistant—Thomas P. Leonard; Grand Reporter—J. M. Mayhew; Grand Treasurer—Samuel Klotz; Grand Chaplain—Dr. William C. Keller of Bayonne; Grand Guide—William Moore; Guardian—W. H. Karr; Sentinel—C. B. Bennett; Trustee, for three years—H. E. Toms; representative to the Supreme Lodge—C. J. Feytel; alternate—F. W. Kimber.

Died by Bullet Instead of Rope.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 12.—March Walker, a negro forty years old, who assaulted a deaf mute girl in this city last Saturday, was shot and instantly killed to-day by four police officers near Ways Station, thirteen miles from Savannah. He fired at them as he fled, and their return volley finished him. If Walker had not been killed by the police he would have been lynched on his arrival here.

Jurors and Doctors Disagree.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 12.—John Dibble was convicted here to-day of manslaughter in the first degree. He was indicted for causing the death of his wife in May last by beating her. The jury found him guilty, although physicians testified that there were no marks of violence on the body and that the woman had died from other causes.

SUBSCRIPTIONS POURED IN FAST.

Proof of the Interest Taken in Making Manhattan Day a Success.

The committee appointed by Mayor Gilroy to make arrangements for Manhattan Day at the World's Fair Oct. 21 met yesterday in the Mayor's office, Seth Low presiding, and completed the programme for the celebration.

William H. McDonough, the Mayor's confidential clerk, will start for Chicago to-day, with instructions from the committee to make the necessary arrangements there. Mayor Gilroy will start next Tuesday so as to arrive in time to welcome the various delegations from this city.

At the meeting held yesterday it was ordered that bronze medals be procured for the members of the committee, and 10,000 white silk badges, appropriately inscribed, were ordered for the excursionists who propose to visit the fair on Manhattan Day. These badges can be procured at the railroad ticket offices in this city. The sum of $1,595 was appropriated for the medals and badges. The medals will be distributed from the Mayor's office.

The offer made by Mr. Tomlins of the free use of Festival Hall, in Chicago, on Manhattan Day was accepted.

Howard Carroll was appointed to confer with the Liederkranz and Arion Societies for the purpose of getting singers from these organizations to accompany the party.

The Executive Committee also met in the Mayor's office. Controller Myers, its Treasurer, reported that up to date he had received only $3,400, and that much more would be needed. Howard Carroll then subscribed $100 and put his father-in-law, John H. Starin, down for $500. Ex-Mayor Grant, Francis Lynde Stetson, Walter Stanton, Elbridge T. Gerry, John H. V. Arnold, Charles Lanier, J. T. Cannon, J. P. Fowler, and the Barber Asphalt Company subscribed $100 each.

A resolution was passed calling upon the members of the Manhattan Day Committee who had not yet subscribed to do so at once.

The committee decided to expend $1,500 for decorating Festival Hall and for the electrical display, which will form an attractive feature of the celebration.

On motion of Mayor Gilroy, it was decided to extend an invitation, through the press, to former residents of New-York in all parts of the country to be present in Chicago on Manhattan Day.

The Railroad Committee has issued a schedule giving the time of departure of the trains by which tickets can be had for $15 for the round trip.

Excursion trains will leave this city as follows:

On Oct. 18 and 19—Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, 9 A. M.; Lehigh Valley, 8:15 A. M.; New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad, 9:50 A. M.; New-York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad, 10:15 A. M.; New-York, Ontario and Western Railroad, 9 A. M.; West Shore Road, 10 A. M.; Pennsylvania Railroad, 9 A. M.

Those who desire sleeping-car accommodations will go by the regular trains. All excursion tickets issued on the 18th or 19th to Chicago will be good for the return trip on the 23d or 24th.

WANT THE BRIDGE PROTECTED.

Protest Against Elevated Railroad Encroachments at the Brooklyn End.

The Trustees of the New-York and Brooklyn Bridge held a meeting yesterday afternoon, during which they received a committee of citizens of Brooklyn, who came to protest against the encroachments of the elevated road on the land which was originally intended for a plaza, opposite the entrance to the bridge.

The Trustees present were President James Howell, Mayor Boody, Controller Corwin, C. A. Henriques, and E. V. Skinner.

The protesting committee comprised ex-Judge Van Cott, Subway Commissioner Plympton, W. W. Goodrich, Judge George G. Reynolds, F. B. Cando, Henry B. Snow, Gen. A. C. Barnes, Silas Chittenden, Prof. Charles E. West, Benjamin D. Silliman, William H. Wallace, Frederick A. Ward, Hayden W. Wheeler, Frederick B. Richardson, William Harkness, and Sydney V. Lowell.

The purport of the protest was that the system of elevated roads now blocking up the approaches to the bridge is unsightly, and should be removed; that it was not contemplated when the original plaza plans were drawn; that the Trustees of the bridge should see that it is removed before it is too late; that they should not let financial considerations stand in the way of speedy action in the matter, and that the future welfare of the City of Brooklyn depended on the course the Trustees pursue.

The bridge Trustees excused the existing conditions on the ground that they had not the money to make proper improvements. If the money was provided they would so expend it that the public would have no cause to complain.

BROOKLYN BURGLARS HELD.

Two Enterprising Combinations Have Good Prospects of Going to Prison.

James Smith and Andrew Curley, young men who make the Bowery their headquarters, were held by Justice Walsh, in the Adams Street, Brooklyn, Police Court yesterday on a charge of burglary. They were arrested Wednesday evening in the Columbia Theatre while enjoying a performance of "Robin Hood."

On the night of Oct. 6, the prisoners robbed the house of James Toomey, an employe of the Brooklyn City Works Department, 1,104 Madison Street, and stole several suits of clothing and some money. Toomey had purchased the Columbia Theatre tickets for Wednesday night. They were in a pocket of one of the stolen coats.

Detective Sergeant Marks visited the theatre Wednesday night, and saw the two men occupying Mr. Toomey's seats. They were both loudly applauding the "Tinkers' Chorus," when Marks explained his errand. They followed him out, and accompanied him to the Adams Street Police Station, where they were locked up. They acknowledged their guilt.

Harris Meddler of 63 Mott Street, Samuel Lipsitch of 131 Rose Street, Samuel Meddler of 57 Bayard Street, this city, and Jacob Weinstein and Samuel Burnstein of Blake and Sutter Avenues, East New-York, were held yesterday by Justice Connolly in the Gates Avenue Police Court for burglary. The night of Aug. 26 they robbed Solomon & Goldberg's clothing store in Brownsville, near East New-York, and carried off $2,500 worth of clothing, which they took away in a truck. Samuel Meddler disposed of the stolen property.

Anarchists Will Applaud Them.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 12.—The international Cigarmakers' Union to-day adopted a resolution requesting the members of the various unions not to join the National Guard.

FOREIGN MARKET.

Beef, Ham, and Bacon in Poor and Pork in Fair Demand.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 12—3:45 P. M.—Beef in poor demand. Pork in fair demand. Hams in poor demand. Bacon in poor demand; short ribs, about 25 lb, dull at 58s 6d; long clear middles, about 45 lb, dull at 54s 6d; shoulders, about 12 to 18 lb, dull at 36s 6d. Cheese in fair demand. Tallow in fair demand. Spirits of turpentine in moderate demand. Resin in moderate demand; common steady at 3s 6d. Lard—Spot in poor demand; futures in no demand. Wheat in poor demand; No. 2 red Winter easy at 5s 4½d; No. 2 red Spring easy at 5s 6d. Flour in poor demand. Corn—Spot in moderate demand; futures in fair demand; mixed Western, spot, steady at 4s 4½d; October firm at 4s 4½d; November firm at 4s 4½d; December firm at 4s 1¾d. Hops at London—Pacific coast in poor demand.

4 P. M.—Cotton—Futures closed firm; American middling, low middling clause, October delivery, 4 37-64@4 38-64d; October and November delivery, 4 36-64d, buyers; November and December delivery, 4 36-64d, buyers; December and January delivery, 4 36-64@4 37-64d; January and February delivery, 4 38-64d, sellers; February and March delivery, 4 40-64d, sellers; March and April delivery, 4 42-64d, sellers; April and May delivery, 4 44-64d, sellers; May and June delivery, 4 46-64d, sellers.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—There was a sale of 3,000 bales of sheepskins at the Wool Exchange to-day. A large selection of Victorian was comprised in the offerings. The competition was brisk. Long and short wool merinos sold at from par to ½d advance compared with the prices at the last sales. Crossbreds were unchanged. Continental buyers made few purchases. Few of the offerings were withdrawn.

HAVANA, Oct. 12.—Exchanges quiet; on the United States, short sight, gold, 10¾@11 premium. Sugar quiet; holders continue to hold aloof.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Beet Sugar—October, 13s 8¼d. March, 13s 10½d.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 12.—American live cattle, sinking the offal, 5½d ℔ lb.

PITTSBURG OIL MARKET.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 12.—Oil opened at 70⅝; highest, 70¾; lowest and close, 70⅝.

LIVE STOCK MARKET

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Oct. 12, 1893.

Receipts for this day:

	Beeves.	Cows.	Veals and Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Hogs.
Jersey City...	290	....	78	2,902	886
Sixtieth St....	....	5	328	4,181	....
Fortieth St....	....	....	....	....	2,864
Hoboken......	....	....	42	218	....
Total......	290	5	448	7,301	3,750

BEEVES—Receipts were 17 cars at Jersey City for export. No change in cable advices. No shipments to-morrow. No trading; feeling steady.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts were 33 cars: 17 cars at Jersey City for the market, 15 cars at Sixtieth Street, of which 2 cars, with 1 car at Hoboken, were consigned to slaughterers; 15 cars carried over from yesterday. Sheep slow but steady; lambs weak and lower. Sheep sold at $3@$3.75 cwt; lambs at $4@$5 for common to good; 12 cars unsold. SALES.—M. COLLINS—304 Pennsylvania lambs, 68 lb average, at $4.50 100 lb; 158 do, 65 lb, at $4.50; 212 Indiana sheep, 86 lb, at $3.40; 29 Pennsylvania do, 106 lb, at $3.25. S. JUDD & CO.—206 State lambs, 65 lb, at $4.50; 103 do, 62 lb, at $4.40; 11 State sheep, 99 lb, at $3; 10 do, 94 lb, at $3. J. F. PIDCOCK—479 Ohio lambs, 64 lb, at $5. WILKERSON & SHERMAN—217 Buffalo sheep, 94 lb, at $3.25. D. M'PHERSON & CO.—125 Western lambs, 57 lb, at $4; 82 Pennsylvania sheep, 94 lb, at $3.75. D. HARRINGTON—11 Pennsylvania sheep, 88 lb, at $3; 93 Pennsylvania lambs, 55 lb, at $4; 244 Western do, 66½ lb, at $4.25; 242 do, 67 lb, at $4.50; 224 do, 75 lb, at $5. JELLIFFE, WRIGHT & CO.—53 State lambs, 70 lb, at $4.80; 72 do, 73 lb, at $4.75; 117 do, 68 lb, at $4.50; 42 do, 63 lb, at $4.25; 19 State sheep, 69 lb, at $3.75; 6 do, 87 lb, at $3. HUME & MULLEN—130 State lambs, 71 lb, at $4.75; 88 do, 70 lb, at $4.50; 47 do, 70 lb, at $4; 3 State sheep, 87 lb, at $5. WALSH, KIRBY & CO.—41 State lambs, 68 lb, at $4.60; 45 do, 63 lb, at $4.25; 50 do, 58 lb, at $4.50; 17 State sheep, 91 lb, at $3. G. DILLENBACK—42 State lambs, 71 lb, at $4.50; 111 Western do, 68 lb, at $4.75.

VEALS AND CALVES—Market steady for all kinds. Grassers sold at $2.25@$3 cwt; common to choice veals at $5@$8.50. SALES.—JELLIFFE, WRIGHT & CO.—2 veals, 155 lb average, at $8.50 100 lb; 55 do, 182 lb, at $8.25; 4 do, 175 lb, at $8.12½; 7 do, 126 lb, at $7.50; 7 do, 126 lb, at $7; 10 do, 172 lb, at $6.50; 14 do, 101 lb, at $6; 3 do, 277 lb, at $5; 3 fed calves, 240 lb, at $4.50; 5 grassers, 224 lb, at $2.50. WALSH, KIRBY & CO.—30 grassers, 156 lb, at $2.50; 23 do, 223 lb, at $2.75; 14 veals, 130 lb, at $7. G. DILLENBACK—46 veals, 130 lb, at $8; 10 do, 135 lb, at $5; 11 grassers, 182 lb, at $2.25. J. P. NELSON—3 grassers, 239 lb, at $2.75; 5 veals, 246 lb, at $5.50; 8 do, 170 lb, at $8. HUME & MULLEN—22 veals, 150 lb, at $8; 6 do, 108 lb, at $5. D. M'PHERSON & CO.—3 veals, 167 lb, at $7; 3 fed calves, 270 lb, at $3; 12 grassers, 215 lb, at $2.50. M. COLLINS—31 Maryland calves, 165 lb, at $7. HALLENBECK & HOLLIS—64 grassers, 206 lb, at $2.25; 7 do, 336 lb, at $3; 2 veals, 125 lb, at $7.

HOGS—The arrivals were 22 cars: 6 cars at Jersey City and 16 cars at Sixtieth Street; 500 for sale. Market weak and lower at $6.50@$7.30 cwt. SALES.—HUME & MULLEN—39 State hogs, 189 lb average, at $7.10 100 lb; 13 do, 144 lb, at $7.25; 8 do, 290 lb, at 6.75; 3 do, 350 lb, at $6; 1 rough, 490 lb, at $5.75. WALSH, KIRBY & CO.—16 State hogs, 198 lb, at $6.87½; 18 do, 274 lb, at $6.62½; 5 roughs, 274 lb, at $5.62½. JELLIFFE, WRIGHT & CO.—50 State hogs, 152 lb, at $7.40; 24 do, 162 lb, at $7.30; 2 do, 215 lb, at $7.12½; 6 do, 290 lb, at $7; 1 do, 320 lb, at $6.50; 2 roughs, 390 lb, at $5.50. A. W. LAMB—75 State hogs, 164 lb, at $7.30; 25 do, 220 lb, at $7.10. D. M'PHERSON & CO.—24 State hogs, 113 lb, at $7.30; 10 do, 261 lb, at $6.75; 3 roughs, 187 lb, at $5.75.

DRESSED MEATS—Dressed beef a little lower, with city dressed native sides at 6¾@8½c lb; few choice carcasses at 9c; Chicago dressed at 6@8c; dressed Texas beef at 5@6½c; dressed mutton dull at 5½@8c; dressed lambs weak at 6½@9c; dressed calves, active; country dressed veals at 7@11½c; city dressed at 8@12½c; dressed grassers and buttermilks at 4@5½c; little calves at 5@6½c.

BUFFALO, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Receipts last 24 hours, 1,380 head; total for week thus far, 12,480 head; for same time last week, 12,260 head; consigned through, 1,380 head; to New-York, 1,080 head; on sale, none; market opened with nothing doing; closed unchanged. Hogs—Receipts last 24 hours, 10,200 head; total for week thus far, 55,050 head; for same time last week, 63,000 head; consigned through, 6,450 head; to New-York, 1,200 head; on sale, 4,350 head; market opened steady for choice grades; common half fat dull and lower; closed dull, with a number unsold; corn-fed Yorkers, $6.70@$6.90; grassers, $6.50@$6.70; good mixed packers, $6.65@$6.85; choice heavy, $6.80@$6.90; pigs, $6.40@$6.60. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts last 24 hours, 5,200 head; total for week thus far, 28,200 head; for same time last week, 25,000 head; consigned through, 1,600 head; to New-York, 1,200 head; on sale, 3,400 head; market opened very dull and lower; closed very dull and with outlook lower; good mixed ewes and wethers, $3.15@$3.40; fair, $2.75@$3; extra, 105-lb wethers, $3.65@$3.75; good to choice lambs, $4.50@$4.80; common to fair, $3.50@$4.25.

EAST LIBERTY, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Receipts light; demand fair; market steady at unchanged prices; prime, $5@$5.25; good, $4.50@$4.75; good butchers, $3.85@$4.25. Hogs—Receipts light; demand light; market dull; prime Philadelphias, $6.95@$7; grassers, $6.60@$6.80; roughs, $5@$6.25. Sheep—Four loads for sale; demand light; market very slow at about yesterday's prices; extra, $3.50@$3.75; fair, $2@$2.50; yearlings, $2@$2.40; Spring lambs, $2.25@$4.50.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000 head; market easier; common to extra steers, $3.25@$5.85; stockers and feeders, $2.40@$3.85; cows and bulls, $1.50@$3.60; calves, $2@$5.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000 head; market firm; heavy, $6.10@$6.65; common to choice mixed, $6.15@$6.75; choice assorted, $6.50@$6.60; light, $6.20@$6.65; pigs, $5.90@$6.50.

STATE OF TRADE.

BUFFALO, Oct. 12.—Spring wheat limits were advanced ½c again to-day, which checked buying; sales, 8,000 bushels No. 1 Northern, 68½c; 4,000 bushels do. old, 69½c; closing, No. 1 hard, spot, 70¼c; do. cost, insurance, and freight, 68½c; No. 1 Northern, spot, 69¼c; do. cost, insurance, and freight, 67⅝c; Winter wheat dull and lower; sales, 2 cars No. 2 red, 66½c; 1 car No. 1 white, 66½c; 1 car No. 2 white, 65½c. Corn in fair demand; sales, 15,000 bushels No. 2 yellow, 44@44¼c; 32,000 bushels No. 2 corn, 43@43½c; closing, No. 2 yellow, 44c; No. 2 corn, 43¼c, store. Oats dull; weak; No. 2 white, 34½c; No. 2 mixed, 32½c asked, track; No. 2 white, store, 34¼c; No. 3 white, 33¼c; Barley held higher; no demand; No. 1 Western, 67@68c; No. 2, 62@65c; lower grades, 50@58c; State, 68@72c. Rye easier; No. 2, 53c asked, track. Flour quiet; easy; best Spring, $4.15@$4.25; Winter straights, $3.30@$3.40. Rye flour, $3@$3.30. Millfeed steady; unchanged. Canal freights higher; wheat, shipped early, 4¾c; closing, 5c; corn, 4½c; flaxseed, 5c, to New-York. Receipts—Flour, 61,000 bbls; wheat, 840,000 bushels; corn, 541,500 bushels; oats, 125,000 bushels; barley, 40,000 bushels. Shipments—Canal—Wheat, 310,000 bushels; corn, 52,000 bushels; oats, 20,000 bushels; flaxseed, 54,000 bushels. Rail—Flour, 69,000 bbls; wheat, 82,000 bushels; corn, 139,000 bushels; barley, 13,000 bushels.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 12.—Flour—The market drags along in a very slow and uninteresting way. The demand is confined to supplying the jobbing trade, and prices generally favored buyers; receipts, 2,705 bbls; shipments, 4,320 bbls. Bran higher and strong; offerings were small, and the South was in the market as a buyer; this stirred up Eastern buyers, and 61c was paid, east track. Sales—Country points—Two cars sacked and 200 sacks at 57c, two cars at 58½c. East track—Two cars sacked at 59c, 5 do at 61c, free on board. Boat—600 sacks at 60c. Wheat higher; receipts, 91,796 bushels; shipments, 8,118 bushels; October closed at 60½c; November, 61½c; December, 63⅞@63½c; May, 71⅝c. Corn firm; higher; receipts, 65,650 bushels; shipments, 72,338 bushels; October closed at 36c; December, 35c; year, 34½c; May, 38⅝c. Oats weak; lower; receipts, 39,600 bushels; shipments, 23,963 bushels; October closed at 27c; May, 31¼c. Pork—Standard mess selling at $18.50; on orders, $19. Lard—Prime steam sold at 9½c, nominal. Dry-salt Meats—Shoulders, 6⅝c; longs and clear ribs, 9½c; shorts, 9⅞c. Bacon—Boxed shoulders, 7¾c; longs, 11@11½c; clear ribs, 11@11½c; shorts, 11¾@11⅞c. High wines steady at $1.12. Wool—Market quiet and steady; Missouri and Illinois—Medium combing, 16@16½c; medium clothing, 15½@16c; light fine, 12@13c; heavy, 10@11c.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 12.—Flour—Spring patents, $4@$4.25; fancy at $3@$3.40; family, $2.75@$3. Oats—Once again there are plenty here and the market drops down accordingly; No. 2 white, 32c; No. 3 white, 30c; No. 2 mixed, 30c. Rye—Market nominally quotable, 51c. Wheat—Market has an upward inclination, although the receipts are large; No. 2 red, 63c. Corn—Very little activity in the market; should the receipts be increased, the market would drop; No. 3 white, 42c; No. 2 mixed, 42½c; mixed, ear, 45c; yellow, ear, 45c. Pork steady; sales, mess pork, $17.75; family, $19; clear family, $20.50; clear mess, $20. Kettle lard steady; sales of steam leaf at 9¼c; kettle dried, 10c; leaf lard, 10¼c, bakers' lard, 9¼c. Bacon—Good demand; loose lots at 11¼c for short clear; packed lots, 11½c; sales of loose short ribs bacon, 10½c; loose shoulders, 8½c. Whisky—Market remains steady; sales of distillers' goods on a basis of $1.12, 516 bbls.

PEORIA, Oct. 12.—Corn active; easier; No. 2, 38½c; No. 3, 37½c; receipts, 32,500 bushels; shipments, 10,500 bushels. Oats active; easier; No. 2 white, 28¼@28½c; No. 3 white, 27@28c; receipts, 85,800 bushels; shipments, 72,600 bushels. Rye scarce; nominal; receipts, 600 bushels; shipments, none. Whisky—Market steady on the basis of $1.12 for high wines; receipts, 119 bbls; shipments, 1,289 bbls.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000 head; market active and steady. Hogs—Receipts, 1,900 head; market 10 cents higher; heavy, $6.80@$6.90; mixed, $6.40@$6.60; light, $6.50@$6.75. Sheep—Receipts, 800 head; steady.

COTTON MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Oct. 12.—Cotton firm; middling, 7 15-16c; low middling, 7⅝c; good ordinary, 7 5-16c; net and gross receipts, 6,351 bales; exports, coastwise, 3,843 bales; sales, 468 bales; stock, 123,391 bales.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 12.—Cotton firm; middling, 7⅞c; low middling, 7½c; good ordinary, 7¼c; net and gross receipts, 10,098 bales; exports, coastwise, 274 bales; sales, 2,525 bales; stock, 108,226 bales.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 12.—Cotton steady; good middling, 8 5-16c; middling, 8 1-16c; low middling, 7 13-16c; good ordinary, 7 7-16c; net receipts, 7,732 bales; gross, 7,990 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 5,361 bales; coastwise, 4,852 bales; sales, 11,500 bales; stock, 113,524 bales.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

Spirits of turpentine quiet and easy at 28@28¼c. Resins steady at $1.17½@$1.20 for common to good strained.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 12.—Resin firm; strained, 80c; good strained, 85c. Spirits of turpentine steady at 25c. Tar quiet at $1. Crude turpentine quiet; hard, $1; soft, $1.60; virgin, $1.60.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 12.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 25½c. Resin firm at 90c.

NEW-YORK COURTS.

NEW-YORK CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT.—General Term—Van Brunt, P. J., Follett and Parker, JJ.—Opens at 10:30. Calendar called at 10:30.

1—People ex rel. Lorillard vs. Tax Commissioners. 4—Wolfers vs. Duffield. 45—People ex rel. Siebrecht vs. Gilroy. 46—People ex rel. Raymond vs. same. 47—People ex rel. Young vs. same. 3—People ex rel. Thurber-Whyland Company vs. Tax Commissioners. 41—Matter of Peaslee. 42—New-York Breweries Company vs. Douglass. 15—Mercantile National Bank vs. Corn Exchange Bank. 52—Matter of St. Nicholas Terrace, (claim of Shafer,) 58—Same matter, (claim of Hutton.) 44—Conner vs. Buddensick. 40—Kilburn vs. Underwood. 23—People ex rel. Taggart vs. Myers. 21—Mercantile Safe Deposit Company vs. Dimon.

SUPREME COURT—Chambers—Patterson, J.—Opens at 10:30. Calendar called at 11.

Class I.

1—Nason Manufacturing Company vs. Lee.

Class II.

2—Matter of Clark.

Class IV.

3—New-York Life Insurance Company vs. Haberman. 4—Heimath vs. Simons. 5—Matter of Carrere & Haas Iron Works. 6—Sutherland vs. Wells. 7—Cambreleng vs. Graham. 8—Franke vs. Rogers. 9—Baerman vs. Badger Paper Company. 10—Myors vs. Woolsey.

Class VI.

11—Dennis vs. Charlier.

Class VII.

12—Price vs. Mayer. 13—Moritz vs. Kaliske. 14—Tilt vs. Riley. 15—Skerry vs. Jamesville Manufacturing Company.

Class VIII.

16—Cohn vs. Ketcham. 17—Matter of Melrose Avenue. 18—Rawitzer vs. Welch. 19—Cokelet vs. Cokelet. 20—Matter of O'Brien. 21—Matter of Fleck. 22—Vogel vs. Lehritter. 23—Matter of Manhattan Athletic Club. 24—Bickford vs. Menier. 25—American Electrical Works vs. Alexander, Barney & Chapin. 26—Tedesco vs. Oppenheimer. 27—Washburn vs. Bannister. 28—Matter of Breschel. 29—Flagg vs. Bennett. 30—Matter of Thousand Islands Hotel Company. 31—Volkman vs. Emer. 32—Nichols vs. Wood.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—O'Brien, J. Opens at 10:30. Case on.

Law and Fact.—141—Stuyvesant vs. New-York Elevated Railroad Company. 1143—Smith vs. German. 89—Tucker vs. Manhattan Railway Company. 221—Storm vs. New-York Elevated Railroad Company. 238—Jaques vs. same. 122—Clinical Construction Company vs. same. 123—Same vs. same. 404—Connor vs. New-York Elevated Railroad Company. 740—American Bank Note Company vs. Manhattan Railway Company. 27—Sarner vs. same. 71—Allen vs. same.
Highest number reached in regular call, 928.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Truax, J. Opens at 10:30. Calendar clear.

819—Mutz vs. Kellerer. 825—Edson vs. Fairchild. 411—Crimmins vs. Metropolitan Elevated Railroad Company. 412—Same vs. same. 267—McGuire vs. same. 272—De Peyster vs. same. 323—Benham vs. same. 94—Sander vs. same. 227—Gordon vs. same. 240—Schuster vs. same. 236—Ritzman vs. Manhattan Elevated Railroad Company. 186—Taylor vs. same. 275—Robert vs. same. 270—Kremer vs. New-York Elevated Railroad Company. 230—Jackson vs. same. 124—Beinert vs. Manhattan Elevated Railroad Company. 125—Becker vs. same. 126—Cooper vs. same. 127—Cunningham vs. same. 128—Degenhardt vs. same. 129—Einstein vs. same. 131—Holzman vs. same. 132—Knapp vs. same.

CIRCUIT COURT—Day Calendar.—To be called in Part III. Room. Cases will be sent from this calendar to the different parts in their order as called for trial.

Short Causes.—2441—Jacobs vs. Gutentag. 3050—Gans vs. Eggert. 2783—Megroz vs. Schefer. 3007—Holland Trust Company vs. Oppenheim. 2267—Lackawanna Coal and Iron Company vs. O'Brien. 2910—Fitzgerald vs. Morrow. 3015—Earle vs. Madison Woolen Company. 3033—Brinton vs. same. 2849—Union Square Bank vs. Reichman. 2958—Guerrier vs. Brennan. 2733—Steinhauser vs. Tannenbaum. 2890—Mercer vs. Wood. 3059—Dunham vs. Parmenter.

Regular Day Calendar.—1036—Bedlow vs. Stillwell. 1037—Bedlow vs. Bedlow. 927—Standard Co-operative Pottery Company vs. Reilly. 645—Ellinger vs. Ryan. 1097—Clerihew vs. Sharpless. 1172—Daniel vs. Boys. 693—Rothschild vs. Sherman. 528—Parker vs. The Mayor, &c. 391—Brown vs. Jones. 611—Duffy vs. Kahn. 578—Schattman vs. Third Avenue Railroad Company. 696—Schattman vs. same.
Highest number reached in regular call on general Circuit calendar, 1206.

CIRCUIT COURT—Part I.—Barrett, J.—Opens at 10:30. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

CIRCUIT COURT—Part II.—Beach, J.—Opens at 10:30. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

CIRCUIT COURT—Part III.—Ingraham, J.—Opens at 10:30. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

CIRCUIT COURT—Part IV.—Lawrence, J.—Opens at 10:30. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

COMMON PLEAS—General Term.—Adjourned until Nov. 6.

COMMON PLEAS—Equity Term.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 11. Calendar clear.

16—Cahn vs. Hoffman House. 23—Hunt vs. Gibson. 26—Norton vs. Greenwich Savings Bank. 33—Wright vs. Deniston. 72—Gilbert vs. Gibert. 80—Supple vs. O'Brien. 89—Bennet vs. Hart. 34—Nagle vs. Troglsch. 109—White vs. White. 93—De Young vs. Young. 32—McCabe vs. McCabe. 39—Buddensick vs. Dombusch. 40—Rose vs. Rose. 58—Johnson vs. Lusk. 88—Hurney vs. Hession. 99—Styles vs. Blume. 96—Donnelly vs. McArdle. 81—Schultz vs. Levy. 59—Turkish Tobacco Company vs. Coundouris. 22—Kirsch vs. Kirsch. 44—Mahon vs. Liscomb. 91—Plock vs. Plock.

COMMON PLEAS—Special Term—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30. Motions.

COMMON PLEAS—Trial Term—Part I.—Daly, C. J.—Opens at 11. Calendar clear. Cases answered ready will be sent from this calendar to Parts II. and III. for trial.

1866—Matter of Owens. 1269—Kelly vs. McArdle. 1313—McFadden vs. Campbell. 1911—McKenzie vs. Hatton. 933—Horan vs. Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company. 689—Cannon vs. Manchester. 1346—Silverman vs. Rosenbaum. 986—Karstens vs. Wintermeyer. 1259—Cohn vs. Maitland. 834—Brown vs. The Mayor, &c. 1102—Hydecker vs. Williams. 1374—Kornblum vs. Manhattan Railway Company. 1300—Bornstein vs. Congregation Aldereth-El. 1350—Paar vs. Frankenburg. 1952—Lamb vs. Hirschberg. 1865—Grunberg vs. Grant. 1260—Coghlan vs. New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company. 1441—Goldstein vs. Friedman. 1426—Stewart vs. Hilton. 585—Engel vs. Sonneberg. 1321—Millie vs. Manhattan Railway Company. 1065 Webb vs. Farrell. 1407 Claverty vs. Winch. 1387—Walsh vs. Matchett. 1408—Wilson vs. Lewis. 818—Quigley vs. Killeen. 1293—McGinn vs. Lee. 1451—Olsen vs. Ploner. 1452—Gilmartin vs. Gebhard. 1454—Cochran Cottonseed Oil Company vs. Phenix Insurance Company.
Highest number reached in regular call, 1454.

COMMON PLEAS—Trial Term—Part II.—Bookstaver, J.—Opens at 11. Cases to be sent from Part I. for trial. Calendar clear.

COMMON PLEAS—Trial Term—Part III.—Pryor, J.—Opens at 11. Cases to be sent from Part I. for trial. Case on.

SUPERIOR COURT—General Term.—Adjourned sine die.

SUPERIOR COURT—Equity Term—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30. Calendar clear.

150—Holly vs. Manhattan Railway Company; also twenty-three other elevated railroad cases.

SUPERIOR COURT—Special Term—Gildersleeve, J.—Opens at 10. Calendar called at 11. Case on.

146—Jayne vs. Jayne. 613—Weill vs. Weill. 523—McKenna vs. McKenna. 425—Davison vs. Davison. 424—Connor vs. Buddensiek.

SUPERIOR COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Sedgwick, C. J.—Opens at 10:30. Calendar clear.

1022—Monroe vs. Denan. 1083—Monaghan vs. Kelly. 913—Wenslow vs. Von Glahn. 1118—Ripley vs. Second Avenue Railroad Company. 900—Holdtmann vs. Third Avenue Railroad Company. 1740—Schultz vs. Rohe. 1455—Silberman vs. Third Avenue Railroad Company. 1062—Schloss vs. Bowery Bank.
Highest number reached in regular call, 1254.

SUPERIOR COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Freedman, J.—Opens at 10:30. Case on.

1201—Strobel vs. Wagner. 1051—Donohue vs. Hazel. 968—Brown vs. Suburban Rapid-Transit Company. 915—Hamlin vs. McNeice. 908—Same vs. same. 1156—Cuff vs. Ryan. 1178—Ullman vs. Osborn. 1204—Kelly vs. The Mayor, &c.

SUPERIOR COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—McAdam, J.—Opens at 10:30. Calendar clear.

197—Nordlinger vs. Venable. 1094—Shanley vs. Mietke. 587—Clifford vs. Hirsch.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Chambers—Ransom, S.—Opens at 10:30. Motion calendar. Estates of: 1—Oscar A. Pernaux. 2—Montague L. Marks. 3—William H. Popham.

Testimony to be taken before the Probate Clerk at 10:30: Gertrude Mildeberger, Henry A. Marriotte, Martha M. Williams, Ernest V. Clemens, William A. Mandelick, Johanna Zins, Dorothea Cook, Asa D. Welch, John Geagan.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Trial Term—Fitzgerald, S.—Held in Brownstone Building, 32 Chambers Street.

897—Contested will of Joseph F. Johnson.

CITY COURT—General Term.—Recess.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Van Wyck, J.—Held in Room 11 City Hall.—Opens at 10. Motions must be made returnable at 10.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Ehrlich, C. J.—Held in Room 20 City Hall.—Opens at 10. Calendar clear.

57—Scott vs. Engel. 782—Griefenstein vs. Halthusen. 807—Thornell vs. Altieri. 808—Same vs. same. 809—Same vs. same. 810—Thornell vs. Altieri. 665—Phelan vs. Healey. 806—Westheimer vs. Westcott. 836—New-Bethlehem Savings Bank vs. Fuller. 979—Gallagher vs. Fagan. 991—Gregor vs. McKee. 993—Koslin vs. Frenkel. 995—Reilly vs. Crave. 996—Osterhout vs. Stover. 997—Schmeid vs. same. 998—Erstein vs. same. 999—Johnson vs. same. 1000—New vs. same. 1003—Wimpfenheimer vs. Maschowitz. 1006—Halpin vs. Burstein. 712—Philadelphia Manufacturing Company vs. Moses. 713—Same vs. same. 714—Same vs. same.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J.—Held in Room 21 City Hall. Opens at 10. Case on.

838—Mitchell vs. De Long. 918—Koppel vs. Brandes. 847—Risk vs. Uffellman. 870—Mensler vs. Casleguier. 881—Hoffman vs. Richter. 311—Fischer vs. Eagan. 857—Pollock vs. Central Park, North and East River Railroad Company. 315—Hirt vs. Vincent. 597—Deubert vs. New-York and Harlem Railroad Company. 828—Zinn vs. Maerlander. 888—Ahrens vs. United Growers' Company. 888—Blum vs. Livi. 889—Chatzkelsen vs. State of California Steamship Company. 890—Clemmons vs. Hartman. 895—Bronstein vs. Serman. 915—Savage vs. Wolters. 181—Elias vs. New-York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company. 464—Schoneweg vs. Smith. 579—Duryea, Watts & Co. vs. McCormack. 882—Weiss vs. McCauley. 885—Liccione vs. Tassi. 1028—Bilton vs. Short. 1032—Ratzer vs. New-York Terminal Express Company. 1036—Doyle vs. Schode. 1038—McGowan vs. Metropolitan Crosstown Railroad Company. 573—Hoffman vs. Schleich.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Fitzsimons, J.—Held in Room 15 City Hall. Opens at 10. Calendar clear.

466—Howie vs. Van Campen. 1465—McDonough vs. Gibbons. 339—Ormsby vs. McGuire. 854—Meyer vs. Loeb. 418—Twelfth Ward Bank vs. Canda. 970—Bilton vs. Scott. 1872—Wolf vs. Rose. 1042—Heert vs. Shampanski. 1049—Tim vs. Baruch. 1063—Ward vs. Rhein.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—McGown, J.—Held in Room 19 City Hall.—Opens at 10. Calendar clear.

Short Causes.—1766—McCarren vs. Pucol. 1706—Dimock vs. Rohrs. 1155—Chyde vs. Broadhead. 1649—Henry McShane Manufacturing Company vs. Horgan. 1398—Adee vs. Crave. 1655—McChan vs. Protective Registering Company. 1530—American Exchange National Bank vs. Queens County Brewing Company. 1868—Redington vs. Coleman. 1676—Conlon vs. Carey. 1712—Carpenter vs. Winters. 1387—New-York Insulated Wire Company vs. Hammerstein. 1828—Same vs. P. Claus Dynamo Company. 1529—American Exchange National Bank vs. Queens County Brewing Company. 1825—Wilson vs. Columbus Company. 1589—Haas vs. Raymond. 1695—Powers vs. Calkin.
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 1077.

REFEREES AND RECEIVER.

Referees Named Yesterday.

SUPREME COURT—Patterson, J.—Wilmerding vs. Dunne—Silas B. Brownell. Germania Life Insurance Company vs. Taylor—Edward D. O'Brien. Morrill vs. McGlynn—James M. Varnum. Matter of Higgins—Martin T. McMahon. Matter of Danenberg—William B. Anderson.

O'Brien, J.—Bloodgood vs. Lewis—Alfred Ely.

Ingraham, J.—Germania Life Insurance Company vs. McLaughlin—Edward L. Patterson. Newborg vs. Feiner—Louis Davidson.

COMMON PLEAS—Giegerich, J.—Bram vs. Bram—Samuel D. Levy. Stursburg vs. O'Gorman—Charles Goeller.

SUPERIOR COURT—Gildersleeve, J.—Castel vs. Castel—David May.

Receiver Appointed Yesterday.

SUPREME COURT—Patterson, J.—Charles W. Hewison vs. William J. Berg—T. R. Barton.

BROOKLYN COURT CALENDARS.

CIRCUIT COURT—Landon, J.—Part I.—Room 20.

336—Cole vs. De Heyman. 47—Gaynor vs. Stanton and Lehigh Coal Company. 411—Parnson vs. Zekind et al. 603—Hines vs. Erie Railroad Company. 470—Hare vs. Flatbush Storage Company. 518—Hanley vs. Broad and Seventh Avenue Railroad. 558—Isaacs vs. Brooklyn City Railroad. 525—Oxley vs. Loftis. 635—Schultz vs. Stern. 639—Whitner vs. Edwards. 641—Homberger vs. Stoliaisky et al. 645—Johnson vs. Navigation Company. 657—Pelansky vs. Lesser. 38 and 39—Englehart vs. National Life Insurance Company. 85—Rakers vs. Colwell Lead Company. 552—Fee vs. New-York and Brooklyn Bridge. 659—Condon vs. New-York and South Brooklyn Ferry Company. 660—Blake vs. Dickinson. 661—Ellis vs. Central Stamping Company. 662—Long Island Brewery vs. Meyer et al. 663—Judge vs. O'Connor. 664—Ivanski vs. American Sugar Refining Company. 665—McAuliffe vs. American Sugar Refining Company. 666—Goldman vs. Greenwich Insurance Company. 667—Cleaz vs. Tenth and Twenty-third Street Ferry Company. 668—Tyler vs. Black. 669 and 670—Lauber vs. Jamaica and Brooklyn Road Company. 671—Lawless vs. Post. 672—Furst vs. Seymour. 673—Gilmore vs. Lyons. 675—Rohmann vs. Monahan. 676—Nestigs vs. Mouthamount. 677—Franklin Brass Company vs. Clark Brothers Brass Company. 678—Lumley vs. Coney Island Athletic Company. 679—Keller vs. Benner.
Highest number reached on call, 679.

CITY COURT—Part I.—Van Wyck, J.—Part II.—Clement, C. J.

Short Cause Calendar.—1189—Graves vs. Equity Gaslight Company. 1110—Volkommer et al. vs. De Witt. 1203—Klots et al. vs. Sutter et al. 1005—Dodge vs. Winsor.

Regular Calendar.—831—Conway vs. Brooklyn City Railroad. 906—Maher vs. Knowles. 698—Commerford vs. Atlantic Avenue Railroad. 825—Butcher vs. Hyde and another. 662—McEvitt vs. Powers and another. 922—Emig vs. Burckhardt. 924—Barnaby vs. Sheridan. 936—Bush vs. Broadway Railroad Company. 940—Brown vs. Mutual Life Insurance Association. 735—Schenck vs. Deyo et al. 752—Maher vs. Long Island Railroad. 601—Whiting vs. Brooklyn City Railroad. 404—Joyce vs. White. 975—McNett vs. Quinn. 985—MacDonald vs. Prentiss, executor, &c. 675—Woolsey vs. Farrell. 397—Vredenburgh vs. Pell. 986—Dignan vs. the Broadway Railroad. 987—Horsting vs. Roberts. 988—Vosburgh Manufacturing Company vs. Minto et al. 989—Figge and another vs. Kaufman. 990—Figge and another vs. Kaufman. 991—Stoddart vs. Irvine. 992—O'Connor vs. Atlantic Avenue Railroad. 993—Sauer vs. Scholes. 994—Frieger, administrator, vs. Hellinbrand. 995—Anderson vs. Deery. 996—Clifford vs. Brooklyn Elevated Railroad. 997—Green vs. Brooklyn Pier and Storage Company. 998—Bayer vs. Siebert. 999—McCanna vs. Brooklyn City Railroad. 1000—Quinlan vs. Brooklyn Heights Railroad. 1001—Pomeroy et al. vs. McGrath. 1002—Young vs. Brooklyn Elevated Railroad. 1003—Quigg vs. Whalen. 1004—Pall vs. Vredenburg. 1006—Braxton vs. Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad. 1007—Mitchell vs. Bollas. 1008—Voorhees vs. Brouwer. 1009—Horton vs. Phillips. 1010—Kelly vs. Rodden. 1011—Horton vs. Phillips. 1012—Raine vs. Roesler. 1015—Wiedersum vs. Ruthman. 1016—Bruce vs. Pearce. 1017—Bechstedt vs. Kreimeier. 1018—Goldstone vs. Kelly. 1019—Meolander and another vs. Chinnock. 1020—Thomas vs. Dowling. 1021—Mulroy vs. Long Island Brewing Company. 1022—Kearney vs. Foley. 1023—Bowman vs. Strohmeier. 1024—Bralentsky vs. Broadway Railroad. 1025—Harney vs. Brooklyn Heights Railroad.
Highest number reached on regular call, 1025.

COURT OF APPEALS.

CAUSES ARGUED.—These cases were argued yesterday in the Court of Appeals: J. L. Dammert et al. vs. William H. Osborn et al.; the Seville Home for Children, appellants.—Argued by William G. Choate for appellants; F. R. Coudert for executors, respondents; David Milliken for other respondents. M. L. Greenfield vs. G. W. Gettmann and another as executors, appellants.—Argued by P. C. J. Deangelis for appellants, R. J. Fish for respondent. The United States Trust Company of New-York as substituted trustee vs. P. V. R. Stanton, impleaded, appellant.—Submitted. Thomas McLaughlin et al. vs. The National Mohawk Bank, appellant.—Argued by J. B. Rafter for appellant; William P. Goodelle for respondent. (Argument unfinished.)

The calendar for to-day is Nos. 64, 76, 78, 80, 87, 88, 92, 93.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Supreme Court of the United States, Thursday, Oct. 12. Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Field, Mr. Justice Harlan, Mr. Justice Gray, Mr. Justice Brewer, Mr. Justice Brown, Mr. Justice Shiras, and Mr. Justice Jackson.

No. 1,020—The State of Tennessee et al., appellants, vs. The Union and Planters' Bank et al. No. 1,021—The State of Tennessee et al., appellants, vs. The Bank of Commerce.—Motions to advance submitted by Mr. T. B. Twiley in behalf of counsel for appellants.

No. 25.—William P. Halliday, appellant, vs. Richard H. Stuart et al.—Suggestion of death of Richard H. Stuart, one of the appellees herein, and appearance of Robert W. Hunter and Julian S. Jones, executors, filed and entered on motion of Mr. Julian S. Jones for appellees.

No. 27—The Mississippi Mills et al., appellants, vs. Simon Cohn et al. No. 28—William L. Wallace, executor, &c., et al., appellants, vs. Theodore W. Myers, Controller. No. 29—R. S. Hollins, Sr., et al., appellants, vs. The Brierfield Coal and Iron Company et al.—Passed.

No. 31—James P. Stoneroad, plaintiff in error, vs. George W. Stoneroad.—Passed to be submitted, pursuant to the twentieth rule.

No. 32—The District of Columbia, plaintiff in error, vs. Matilda S. Church et al. No. 33—The District of Columbia, plaintiff in error, vs. J. Harrison Johnson.—In error to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.—Dismissed, with costs, on motion of counsel for plaintiff in error.

No. 13—John J. Schillinger et al., appellants, vs. The United States.—Argument continued by Mr. Assistant Attorney General Conrad for the appellee, and concluded by Mr. John C. Fay for the appellants.

No. 14—Herman Sturm, appellant, vs. F. A. Boker et al.—Passed.

No. 25—William P. Halliday, appellant, vs. Robert W. Hunter et al., executors, &c.—Argued by Mr. A. H. Garland for the appellant and by Mr. Mark Valentine and Mr. Julian S. Jones for the appellees.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

The day call for Friday, Oct. 13, will be as follows: Nos. 14, 34, (and 35, 36, and 37,) 38, (and 39, 317, and 51,) 40, 41, (and 49,) 42, 43, 44, (and 45,) 46, (and 47.)

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Oct 12, 1893.

COFFEE—The spot market is dull, but firmer, at 18¾c for No. 7....Sales, 500 bags Santos at 19¼c; 1,000 bags Santos No. 6, per Manuka, at 18¾c; 1,000 bags Santos Nos. 4 to 6, to be shipped, at 18¾c, and 1,000 bags Santos No. 8, to be shipped, at 17¾c....In the option line, sales and exchanges of 14,250 bags of Rio were made here, with the market closing firm at 15@25 points advance, as following the cables. Havre was quiet at ¼f advance. Hamburg was steady at ¼@½ pfennig advance. October deliveries stood at the close at 17.20@17.25c, (selling at 17.20@17.25c for 1,000 bags,) November at 16.65@16.70c, (selling at 16.60@16.65c for 2,250 bags,) December at 16.25@16.30c, (selling at 16.20@16.25c for 6,000 bags,) January at 15.95@16c, (selling at 15.95c for 250 bags,) February at 15.75@15.85c, (selling at 15.70c for 750 bags,) March at 15.60@15.65c, (selling at 15.50@15.60c for 1,750 bags,) April at 15.45@15.50c, (selling at 15.30 for 500 bags,) May at 15.35@15.40c, (selling at 15.30@15.35c for 1,250 bags.) ....Stock of Rio and Santos at New-York to-day, 64,272 bags, and at the other distributing ports, 16,652 bags....Warehouse deliveries here yesterday, 10,717 bags.

COTTON—Futures were moderately active and closed barely steady at an advance of 5@7 points, on fears of frosts in Texas and as following Liverpool's gain of 6@7 points....Aggregate business in future deliveries here to-day, 189,600 bales.... October deliveries stood here at the close at 8.18@8.14c, November at 8.20@8.21c, (selling at 8.21@8.27c for 9,300 bales,) December at 8.32@8.33c, (selling at 8.32@8.39c for 20,500 bales,) January at 8.42@8.43c, (selling at 8.42@8.50c for 114,000 bales,) February at 8.52@8.53c, (selling at 8.52@8.59c for 14,700 bales,) March at 8.60@8.62c, (selling at 8.61@8.68c for 21,100 bales,) April at 8.69@8.70c, (selling at 8.72@8.75c for 4,000 bales,) May at 8.77@8.78c, (selling at 8.77@8.84c for 8,000 bales,) and June at 8.85@8.86c. And for prompt delivery, 390 bales sold to spinners at steady prices....Middling, 8⅝@8¾c; new cotton offered at ⅛c under. ....Port receipts to-day, 36,117 bales, against 40,317 bales same day last year, and thus far this week, 216,648 bales, against 184,087 bales last week.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Buyers appear to be pretty well supplied with goods at previous full prices, and the late decline fails to tempt them to increase their holdings....Sales were about 14,700 pkgs, including 600 bbls Winter wheat patents at $3.50@$3.65; 3,000 bbls Winter wheat straights at $3.10@$3.30, Winter wheat clears at $2.90@$3, Spring wheat clears at $3@$3.30, Spring wheat straights at $3.75@$4, 6,100 bbls Spring wheat patents at $3.90@$4.15, and fancy up to $4.45; City Mills at $3.90 for the West Indies, City Mills patents at $4.35@$4.60, 2,500 bbls No. 1 at $2.50@$2.80, 300 bbls No. 2 at $2.35@$2.50, fine at $2@$2.20, supers at $2.30@$2.40, 2,200 bbls Spring bakers' at $2.70@$2.80....Arrivals here since our last, 15,483 bbls and 20,732 sacks, and export clearances hence, 4,496 bbls and 19,423 sacks, and from four Atlantic ports, 27,240 bbls and sacks....And of RYE FLOUR, 250 bbls sold, in lots, at steady prices, bulk poor to choice superfine, at $2.85@$3.20, mainly at $3@$3.10, and fancy at $3.25.... And of CORNMEAL, 250 bbls Brandywine sold at $2.85; city coarse yellow, in bags, quoted at 93c....FEED at steady prices; quoted, 40 to 60 lb, at 80@85c....FLAXSEED quoted at $1.15.... COTTONSEED MEAL quoted at $1.15@$1.30 per 100 lb....RYE quiet; nominal; Western and State quoted at 50@55c, from track and for boatloads. ....BUCKWHEAT FLOUR quoted at $2.15@$2.25. ....BARLEY dull; No. 2 Milwaukee quoted at 66@67c....BARLEY MALT inactive; Canada, country-made, 90@95c; two-rowed State, 70@75c; six-rowed do, 80@82½c; Western, 65@80c.

WHEAT—Spot was ¼@⅜c lower with the options, and in moderate export demand. Sales, 185,000 bushels, of which 160,000 bushels to shippers, including 80,000 bushels No. 2 hard, Winter, at 5c under December, delivered; 24,000 bushels No. 2 red at 2½c under December, free on board, afloat; 16,000 bushels ungraded red on private terms, and 40,000 bushels No. 1 hard at 1½c over December, delivered. Millers bought 24,000 bushels choice red at 2c under December, delivered, and 1,000 bushels No. 2 red at 69¼c, elevator.... Quotations for spot wheat at the close, free on board: No. 2 red, cash, at 68¾c, store; do, late October, 70⅜c; choice No. 2 red, 71c, afloat; No. 1 hard, afloat, at 74c; No. 1, Northern, afloat, at 71¼c; No. 2 hard, afloat, at 68c....The clearances hence since our last were 36,986 bushels, and from the Atlantic ports, 82,820 bushels. ....The receipts here to-day were nil, while at all Atlantic ports they reached 42,155 bushels, and at the interior, 1,152,695 bushels....Options were moderately active and opened weak at a decline of ⅛@⅝c with the West, and small clearances, rallied ¼@⅜c and closed weak at ¼@⅜c below yesterday....Future sales were 1,885,000 bushels, with 170,000 bushels October at 68⅞@69¼c, closing at 69c; 30,000 bushels November at 69⅞@70¼c, closing at 70c; 920,000 bushels December at 71¾@71 15-16c, closing at 71½c; 40,000 bushels January at 72⅞@73¼c, closing at 72⅞c; 725,000 bushels May at 78 5-16@79⅛c, closing at 78⅝c.

CORN—Spot was ¼@½c up, and scarce, with a good demand from shippers....Sales, 160,000 bushels, of which 108,000 bushels No. 2 mixed, for export, at 47¾@48c, delivered prompt, and 47½@48⅛c for next week's delivery, and 52,000 bushels do, to the trade, at 47¾@48⅛c, delivered. ....The receipts for the day were 3,200 bushels, and at the Atlantic ports 169,218 bushels, with, in the interior, 839,792 bushels....The clearances hence were 9,558 bushels, and from the Atlantic ports, 15,932 bushels....Options were fairly active and advanced ⅛@⅝c on the good export inquiry and light supplies, fell ⅛@⅜c on realizing, rallied ⅛@¼c, and closed strong at ⅛@⅝c advance.... The sales of options were 725,000 bushels, including 30,000 bushels October at 47⅜@47½c, closing at 47½c; 105,000 bushels November at 47@47⅝c, closing at 47⅝c; 300,000 bushels December at 47⅜@47⅝c, closing at 47⅝c; 290,000 bushels May at 49 1-16@49⅝c, closing at 49⅝c.

OATS—Spot were in moderate demand and closed weak at ¼c decline....Sales, 106,000 bushels, including No. 2 white, in elevator, at 35¼c for 16,000 bushels; No. 3 white at 34c for 10,000 bushels; No. 2 white, clipped, at 36½c for 4,000 bushels; No. 3 do at 35½c; No. 2 mixed at 33¼@33½c for 45,000 bushels; No. 3 do at 33c; rejected white at 33c; rejected mixed at 32c; No. 2 Chicago at 34¼@34½c; track mixed at 33@35½c for 5,000 bushels; track white at 35@39c for 26,000 bushels....Options were moderately active and ¼@⅜c lower on local realizing.... Sales of options, 460,000 bushels, including 25,000 bushels October at 33⅛@33¼c, closing at 33⅛c; 200,000 bushels November at 33⅝@33¾c, closing at 33⅝c; 150,000 bushels December at 33⅞@34c, closing at 33⅞c; 50,000 bushels May at 36⅛@36¼c, closing at 36⅛c; 30,000 bushels No. 2 white, October, at 35½c, closing at 35½c; 25,000 bushels November at 35⅝@35½c....Receipts to-day, 222,600 bushels; exports, 22,008 bushels.

HOPS—There is a better feeling, as following the interior, but the business continues light.... State quoted at 19@22c for medium to choice 1892 crop, and 21@23c for 1893 crop.

METALS—Tin firm; spot quoted at 20.70c bid; sales, 85 tons, spot, at 20.65@20.70c; 15 tons, buyers' option to Oct. 30, at 20@20¼c; 25 tons, October, at 20¾c; 20 tons, November, at 20.80c, and 10 tons, buyers' option to Dec. 1, at 20.95c.... Copper steady at 9.65c....Lead steady at 3.60c.... Spelter quiet and steady at 3.60c.

OILS—There is a little more of a demand for cottonseed oil, with a difference of about ½c in views of buyers and sellers; the inquiry is for small lots almost entirely; prime old yellow is quoted at 38½c; prime new crude at 35c, bid; prime white at 45@46c; sales are 100 bbls off-grade white at 40c; equal to 300 lb prime crude, in bulk, to come here, at 30c at the mills, and 1,000 bbls do, in bulk, at the mills, to go West at 31c. Lard oil is firm at 75@78c.

PROVISIONS—The market for hog products is stronger, but very quiet. There was a little demand for cash lard, but beyond this nothing of importance done....PORK is quiet and firm; quoted at $19.50 for mess, $18.50@$20.50 for short clear, and $20 for family mess....DRESSED HOGS are at ¼c higher prices, on moderate receipts; quoted at 9¼c for 160 lb average, 8⅝c for 200 lb, 9c for 180 lb, 9¼@9⅜c for 140 lb, 9¾c for 120 lb, and 9⅝c for pigs. Interior deliveries of hogs were 33,000 head....CUTMEATS were at steady prices, on moderate demands; pickled bellies, 10 to 12 lb average, 12¾@13¼c; 10½@11c for hams, and 7½c for pickled shoulders....BEEF was quiet and firm; extra India mess, in tierces, at $21@$23....BEEF HAMS were dull and easy, with, at the West, $14.75@$15 quoted, while here $16@$16.50 was quoted....LARD—Western steam is up 5@10 points and firm, with, however, little business. Sales are 400 tcs cash at $10.25. City steam is steady at $9.25; sales of 40 tcs. Options—No sales; October closed at $10.25 nominal, November closed at $9.70 nominal, January closed at $9.10 nominal. Refined is quiet; Continent, $10.60; South American, $10.85; compound lard, $8.25@$8.37½....TALLOW—Bids are further reduced under absence of export interest and only home-trade demands. For city, 5⅝c is the best price offered from the home trade....STEARINE—Lard stearine is quiet and nominal at 11¼@11½c. Oleo stearine is without demand of consequence; it is not possible to sell at over 11c for this month's delivery.

BUTTER—The market is weak, on the continued light demand and accumulation of stock. Western creamery, 29½@30c for extra; do, poor to prime, 20@28c; do, June, 21@26c; State creamery, 29c for extra tubs and 28½@29c for pails; State dairy, half tubs, best, 27c; do, poor to prime, 21@25c; imitation creamery, 18@24c; Western dairy, 17½@22c; Western factory, 17@20c.

CHEESE—The demand is rather slow, but the moderate supplies keep prices to a firm basis. Full cream is within the range of 9@11⅝c, with fancy at 11@11½c and 10½@12c for small sizes; part skims at 4@9½c; full skims at 2@3½c.

EGGS—Stock continues to accumulate, and prices rule weak and unsettled. State and Pennsylvania, 22½@23c; Western, 21@22½c; icehouse, 18@20c; Western seconds, per case, $3@$4.50.

RICE—The market is firm and the demand is very good....Domestic quoted at 3¼@6¼c, including choice and fancy at 5¼@5⅝c; head at 6@6¼c, and Patna at 4⅝@4¾c.

SUGAR—The market is a trifle firmer on the holdings, but demand is slow....Quotations: Muscovado, 89 degrees test, at 3¼c; molasses sugar, 89 degrees test, at 3c; centrifugal, 96 degrees test, at 3⅞@4c....Refined is in moderate demand at steady prices....Cutloaf and crushed, 5⅝@5 13-16c; powdered, 5 7-16@5⅝c; granulated, 5 3-16@5¼c; standard A, 5 3-16@5⅜c; off A, 4 8-16@5⅛c; yellow, 3¾@4 15-16c.

FREIGHTS—The berth market is firm at the improvement noted in our last, the supply of room being light to most ports. Business, however, is slow. Berth engagements hence: To London, 32,000 bushels grain at 3d; to Hull, 1,000 bxs bacon at 17s 6d, 3,000 pails lard at 20s, and 2,000 bxs cheese at 25s; to Christiania, 200 bxs bacon at 22s 6d; to Newcastle, 2,000 sacks flour at 15s, and 100 tcs beef at 4s; to Liverpool, cotton at 9-64d. Chartering continues slow, especially for sail tonnage, but rates are generally about steady. A British steamer, with cotton from New-Orleans to Havre or Bremen at 15-64d; a British steamer, with cotton from Wilmington to Liverpool, Continent, or Baltic on private terms; a British steamer, with cotton from New-Orleans to Liverpool at or about 37s 6d; a British steamer, with cotton from New-Orleans to Liverpool at 36s 3d; a British steamer, with cotton from Galveston to Liverpool or Bremen at 37s 6d; a British steamer, with cotton from Virginia to Liverpool at 30s; a Spanish steamer, with general cargo from Port Royal to Liverpool, berthed; a Danish steamer, 314 tons, West India time charter, twelve months, private terms; a British bark, with 6,800 bbls naphtha, hence to London at 1s 10½d, a decline—the rate on the two British barks reported yesterday from Philadelphia to Sables d'Olonnes was 2s 9d for crude petroleum and 2s 10½d for naphtha; a Norwegian bark, with lumber from Appalachicola to Rosario at $12; a schooner, with lumber from Fernandina to Port au Prince at $7; a schooner, with stone and brick, hence to Havana at $2.50, loaded and free wharfage; a schooner, 383 tons, with general cargo, hence to Bermuda at $1,000 and port charges; a bark, with lumber from Savannah to Philadelphia at $4.50; a schooner, with iron pipe from Elizabethport to Boston at $1.75; two schooners, with coal from Hoboken to Boston at 60c and b. m.; a schooner with coal from Hoboken to Boston at 70c.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKETS.

Trading in Wheat Was Moderate and Provisions Were Strong.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—Trading in wheat to-day was very moderate and the range of prices narrow. The opening was about the close of yesterday to ⅛c lower, rallied ¼c, then declined ⅛c, eased off, and the closing was about 1-16c higher than yesterday. News was not of any importance. Early in the day there was a rumor that the Senate had adjourned without taking any action on the Silver bill, which caused a temporary weakness. This rumor was denied later on. At the decline there was liberal buying by two prominent firms. These purchases were thought to have been against sales of cash wheat.

There was some "long" wheat sold around 66c for December, but the demand was large enough to absorb the offerings, and a slight rally occurred. Armour was a good buyer throughout the day and Pardridge was on the selling side. There were reports of sales for shipment late yesterday and to-day, and it was said exporters had been inquiring for contract wheat. The demand was soon satisfied, however, and the price settled back again.

The Cincinnati Price Current put a very bearish interpretation on the Government crop report, but said that holders in the interior were not selling much. Northwestern receipts, although showing some falling off, were still large, 772 cars being received. Export clearances were light and cables were lower. New-York reported 12 loads taken for export. Receipts at Chicago were 199 cars. Withdrawals from store footed up 245,912 bushels. Receipts at principal Eastern and Western points were 1,119,757 bushels and shipments 601,572 bushels.

Corn was only moderately active. Trading was chiefly local, the market at one time being very quiet. The tone was generally steady, with some weak spots showing occasionally. With one exception of some good purchases by a prominent local professional, the buying and selling was of no special importance or significance. The opening prices were about the close of yesterday. After ruling steady for a while the market declined ⅛@⅜c, rallied again, held steady, and closed about 1-16c over yesterday. Receipts were 638 cars—32 cars under estimates. Cables reported lower figures on futures, with spot about steady. Outside markets were steady to firm. As in wheat, the uncertainty as to the probable action of the Senate on the silver question caused a feeling of indecision and, to some extent, restricted trade. Exports were light at 15,882 bushels. The quantity taken from store was liberal at 464,568 bushels, and charters were for 629,000 bushels more. There was a fair demand for the cash article, with ample offerings and the price steady at yesterday's decline.

Oats—Trade was moderate, prices declining ½@⅜c, the near futures showing the weakest feeling. A rally again occurred of ⅛@¼c and closed quiet. The depression was due to wheat and corn and also to moderate offerings by shipping houses. Receipts were 243 cars; withdrawals from store, 148,437 bushels; exports from New-York, 22,000 bushels. Cash oats weaker; ½c lower. Rye was weak, dull, and again lower. The depression was due to the same cause that affected other grains, namely, the inaction of the Senate on silver.

Provisions were strong and higher early on the light receipts and higher prices for hogs at the yards, with estimated light receipts for to-morrow. Offerings were light. Subsequently an easy feeling was developed in response to the decline in grains. Near the close, the early strength was revived, prices improving all round. January pork closed 37½c higher than yesterday, January lard 15c higher, and January ribs 27½c higher.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow are: Wheat, 190 cars; corn, 650 cars; oats, 340 cars; hogs, 17,000 head.

Freights—There was a fair demand for vessel room and offerings moderate at 2c for wheat and 1¾c for corn.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2—				
Oct.	63½	63⅝	63⅛	63⅝
Dec.	66¼	66⅜	65⅞	66⅜
May	73⅞	74	73⅛	73⅞
Corn, No. 2—				
Oct.	38½	38¾	38½	38¾
Nov.	39	39¼	38⅞	39
Dec.	38⅞	39⅛	38½	38⅞
May	42⅛	42⅝	42¼	42⅝
Oats, No. 2—				
Oct.	26¾	26¾	26½	26¾
Dec.	28⅛	28¾	27¾	27¾
May	31⅜	31½	31⅛	31¼
Mess pork, ℔ bbl—				
Oct.	$16.25	$16.25	$16.25	$16.25
Jan.	14.40	14.72½	14.40	14.67½
Lard, ℔ 100 lb—				
Oct.	9.60	9.65	9.60	9.62½
Jan.	8.50	8.60	8.50	8.55
Short ribs, ℔ 100 lb—				
Oct.	8.50	8.57½	8.50	8.57½
Jan.	7.57½	7.67½	7.52½	7.65

Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 Spring wheat, 63⅝@63¾c; No. 3 Spring wheat, 60@63½c; No. 2 red, 63⅝@63¾c; No. 2 corn, 38¾c; No. 2 oats, 26¾@27c; No. 2 rye, 43c; No. 2 barley, 55c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.05; prime timothy seed, $3.35@$3.40; mess pork, ℔ bbl, $17.50@$18; lard, ℔ 100 lb, $9.62½@$9.67½; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $9.45@$9.50; dry-salted shoulders, (boxed,) $7.37½@$7.50; short clear sides, (boxed,) $9.50@$10.25.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Wheat, bushels	302,495	123,102
Corn, bushels	736,726	501,470
Oats, bushels	619,734	144,094

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

(Should be read daily by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for dispatch by any particular steamer, except when it is desired to send duplicates of banking and commercial documents, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending Oct. 14 will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows:

FRIDAY.—At 11 A. M. (supplementary 11:30 A. M.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, and Jeremie, per steamship Alvena, (letters for Costa Rica, via Limon, must be directed "per Alvena";) at 3 P. M. for Cape Colony and Natal, per steamship Storm King, via Cape Town.

SATURDAY.—At 3 A. M. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, and Turkey, per steamship La Gascogne, via Havre; at 4:30 A. M. for Europe, per steamship Lucania, via Queenstown, (letters for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, and Turkey must be directed "per Lucania";) at 5:30 A. M. for Europe, per steamship Arizona, via Queenstown, (letters must be directed "per Arizona";) at 6 A. M. for Scotland direct, per steamship City of Rome, via Glasgow, (letters must be directed "per City of Rome";) at 6:30 A. M. for Netherlands direct, per steamship Rotterdam, via Rotterdam, (letters must be directed "per Rotterdam";) at 9:30 A. M. for Brazil and La Plata countries, per steamship Strabo, via Pernambuco, Bahia, Rio Janeiro, and Santos, (letters for Para and Ceara must be directed "per Strabo";) at 11 A. M. for Campeachy, Chiapas, Tobasco, and Yucatan, per steamship Seneca, (letters for other Mexican States and Cuba must be directed "per Seneca";) at 11 A. M. (supplementary 12 M.) for Venezuela and Curacao, also Savanilla, via Curacao, per steamship Venezuela, (letters for other Colombian ports must be directed "per Venezuela";) at 12 M. for Genoa, per steamship Werra, (letters must be directed "per Werra";) at 1 P. M. (supplementary 1:30 P. M.) for San Domingo and Turk's Island, per steamship George W. Clyde; at 8:30 P. M. for Newfoundland, per steamer from Halifax.

Mails for China and Japan, per steamship City of Rio Janeiro, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *13 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Hawaiian, Fiji, and Samoan Islands, per steamship Mariposa, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *14 at 6:30 P. M., (or on arrival at New-York of steamship Etruria with British mails for Australia.) Mails for the Hawaiian Islands, per steamship Australia, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *22 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Papeiti, (from San Francisco,) close here daily up to Oct. *25 at 6:30 P. M. Mails for China, Japan, Hawaii, and Australia, via Vancouver, (specially addressed only,) close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, (sailing Mondays and Thursdays,) close at this office daily at 2:30 A. M. Mails for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 3 A. M.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to San Francisco daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on time at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

*Registered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

Extra supplementary transatlantic mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German steamers at the hour of closing of supplementary mails at the Post Office, which remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

CHARLES W. DAYTON, Postmaster.
Post Office, New-York, N. Y., Oct. 6, 1893.

Public Notices.

NEW-YORK WATER SUPPLY.

Public notice is hereby given to all persons who own or have or who claim to own or have estates or interests in or liens upon any lands or real estate bordering on the Croton River in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and any of the tributaries of such river, or bordering on or being adjacent to any reservoir, lake, pond, or stream the waters of which are owned, used, or controlled by the City of New-York for its water supply; and public notice is also given to any and all persons who own or have or who claim to own or have estates or interests in or liens upon any real estate bordering on the Bronx River or Byram River, Kensico Reservoir, Byram Pond, or Rye Pond, Bear Gutter Creek, or either of their tributaries, or bordering on the storage reservoir known as William's Bridge Reservoir, in the City of New-York; that the State Board of Health of the State of New-York, for the purpose of protecting the water supply of the City of New-York from contamination, and acting under and in pursuance to the authority conferred upon them by Chapter 661 of the Laws of 1893, did hold a meeting at the City of New-York on the 25th day of August, 1893, at which meeting certain amendments to the rules and regulations for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries were adopted; and public notice is further given that the following is a copy of the minutes of the meeting of the said State Board of Health, held as aforesaid, and a copy of the amendments to such rules and regulations.

Amendments to the rules and regulations for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and of so much of the Bronx and Byram Rivers and their tributaries as are now used for the supply of water for the City of New-York.

The State Board of Health, at a meeting held in the City of New-York on the 25th day of August, 1893, a quorum being present, did then and there, after having heard the report of a committee of the board, duly appointed for the purpose of examination into the subject, which committee was appointed at a meeting of the board held in the City of Albany, the 27th day of July, 1893, at which meeting a quorum was present, amend and alter the rules made by it for the sanitary protection of the Croton River and its tributaries in the Counties of Westchester, Putnam, and Dutchess, and of so much of the Bronx and Byram Rivers and their tributaries as are now used for the supply of water for the City of New-York, in accordance with and under the provisions of Article V. of Chapter 661 of the Laws of 1893, in the following particulars, to wit:

That, taking into consideration the character of the soil and of the sub-strata of the soil and the angle of the slopes, the distances at which privy vaults, slaughter houses, hog pens, barnyards, or any and all places or things which tend to pollute and render impure and dangerous water taken from the several sources enumerated and set forth in said rules may be maintained, is increased to three hundred feet, horizontal measurements, or the high-water mark in any lake, pond, or reservoir in said water shed, and to two hundred and fifty feet, horizontal measurements, of the high-water mark or precipitous bank of any spring, stream, or water course tributary to said lakes, ponds, or reservoirs.

FLORENCE O'DONOHUE, M. D., President.
[L. S.] LEWIS BALCH, M. D., Secretary and Executive Officer.
Dated New-York City, September 13, 1893.
MICHAEL T. DALY, Commissioner of Public Works, 31 Chambers St., New-York.

Proposals.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES FOR THE New-York Navy Yard, September 30, 1893.—Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Supplies for the New-York Navy Yard, to be opened October 17, 1893," will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 12 o'clock noon, October 17, 1893, and publicly opened immediately thereafter, to furnish at the New-York Navy Yard a quantity of bunting, hair felt, tin, pipe and pipe fittings, plumbers' supplies, packing, and electrical supplies. The articles must conform to the navy standard and pass the usual naval inspection. Blank proposals will be furnished upon application to the Navy Pay Office, New-York. The attention of manufacturers and dealers is invited. Tie bids, all other things being equal, decided by lot. The department reserves the right to waive defects or to reject any or all bids not deemed advantageous to the Government. EDWIN STEWART, Paymaster General, U. S. N.

Proposals.

PROPOSALS FOR BACON, MESS PORK, AND Lard.—Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., Sept. 28, 1893.—Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Bacon, Lard, and Mess Pork," as the case may be, and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received until 1 o'clock P. M. of Thursday, Oct. 26, 1893, for furnishing for the Indian service about 700,000 pounds bacon, 47,000 pounds lard, and 650 barrels mess pork. Bids must be made out on Government blanks. Schedules showing the kind and quantities, together with blank proposals and forms for contract and bond, conditions to be observed by bidders, and all other necessary instructions, will be furnished upon application to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C. Deliveries of the above-mentioned articles may be made either at New-York, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Kansas City, Sioux City, or Omaha—to be specified in the bid—subject to inspection at such point as may be designated by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. All deliveries to be made within thirty (30) days after approval of contracts. Bids will be opened at the hour and date above specified, and bidders are invited to be present at the opening. Certified checks.—Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States depository, the National Park Bank of New-York City, or the First National Bank of San Francisco, Cal., made payable to the order of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for at least 5 per cent. of the amount of the proposal, which check or draft will be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shall fail to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, or any part of any bid, if deemed for the best interests of the Government. D. M. BROWNING, Commissioner.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES FOR THE Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., September 28, 1893.—Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Supplies for the Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., to be opened October 17, 1893," will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 12 o'clock noon, October 17, 1893, and publicly opened immediately thereafter, to furnish at the Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va., a quantity of rivets, bolts, brushes, brooms, cotton and flax canvas, hammock and bag duck, fire clay, cement, fire bricks, glass, hardware, lamps and lamp fixtures, leather, belting, lumber, tools, steel, iron, metals, paints, turpentine, oil, tar, alcohol, waste, soap, cork, dry goods, packing, pipe and pipe fittings, plumbers' supplies, and oars. The articles must conform to the navy standard and pass the usual naval inspection. Blank proposals will be furnished upon application to the Navy Pay Office, Norfolk, Va. The attention of manufacturers and dealers is invited. Tie bids, all other things being equal, decided by lot. The department reserves the right to waive defects or to reject any or all bids not deemed advantageous to the Government. EDWIN STEWART, Paymaster General, U. S. N.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY SUPPLIES.—Office Purchasing and Depot Commissary, Army Building, No. 39 Whitehall Street, New-York City, October 10th, 1893.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office, until 11 o'clock A. M., on Thursday, Nov. 9th, 1893, for furnishing such supplies as may be required by the Subsistence Department, United States Army, delivered in New-York. Subsistence Stores—Viz.: Flour, tea, sugar, yeast powder, canned articles, chocolate, cigars, flavoring extracts, pocket knives, stationery, soaps, tobacco, &c., &c. Information in schedule list. Preference given to all articles of "domestic production and manufacture"; for such details see schedule. Information, with conditions, list of articles, quantities, kind, modes of packing, &c., obtained at this office. The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Supplies," opened Nov. 9th, 1893, and addressed to the undersigned. THOMAS WILSON, A. C. G. S. U. S. A.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN,
FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS.

I. cabin, $70 and upward; II. cabin, $45 and $50 a berth. Steamers sail from foot of 2d St., Hoboken.
Lahn, Tu., Oct. 17, 10 A. M. | Saale, Sat., Nov. 4, 7 A. M.
Ems, Sat., Oct. 21, 7 A. M. | Spree, Tues., Nov. 7, 9 A. M.
Havel, Tu., Oct. 24, 9 A. M. | Trave, Sat., Nov. 11, 9 A. M.
Elbe, Sat., Oct. 28, 9 A. M. | Lahn, Tu., Nov. 14, 9 A. M.
Aller, Tu., Oct. 31, 10 A. M. | Ems, Sat., Nov. 18, Noon.

MEDITERRANEAN LINE.

New-York to Genoa less than eleven days.
Werra, Oct. 14 | Kaiser, Nov. 25 | Spree, Jan. 16
Kaiser, Oct. 21 | Fulda, Dec. 9 | Fulda, Jan. 27
Fulda, Nov. 4 | Werra, Dec. 30 | Kaiser, Feb. 10
Werra, Nov. 18 | Kaiser, Jan. 6 | Spree, Feb. 17
Passage, $100, $125, or $150 a berth, first cabin.
OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY.
FAST LINE TO LONDON.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, HAMBURG.
Twin-screw express steamers.
F. Bismarck, Oct. 19, 12 M. | Columbia, Nov. 2, 12 M.
First cabin, $75 and upward; second cabin, $50 and upward.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO., 37 B'way, N. Y.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON.
Paris, Oct. 18, 11:30 A. M. | New-York, N. 1, 11:30 AM
Berlin, Oct. 25, 6 A. M. | Paris, Nov. 8, 6 A. M.
From Pier 43 N. R., foot of Christopher St.
Shortest and most convenient route to London.
Passengers land at Empress Dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender.
First cabin passage to Southampton, London, or Havre, $60 and upward, according to steamer. Second cabin, $35 to $60. Steerage at low rates.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY,
6 Bowling Green, New-York.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL, VIA QUEENSTOWN.
Lucania, Oct. 14, 8 A. M. | Lucania, Nov. 11, 7 A. M.
Etruria, Oct. 21, 2 P. M. | Etruria, Nov. 18, noon.
Campania, Oct. 28, 7 A. M. | Campania, N. 25, 6:30 AM
Umbria, Nov. 4, 2 P. M. | Umbria, Dec. 2, 1 P. M.
From Pier 40 North River, foot of Clarkson St.
Cabin passage, $50 and upward; second cabin, $35 and upward, according to steamer and location. Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. For freight and passage apply at company's offices, 4 Bowling Green.
VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FOR GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY.
From Pier 54 N. R., foot of West 24th St.
S. S. CITY OF ROME, Saturday, Oct. 14, 8 A. M.
Saloon, $50 and upward. Second cabin, $30.
Circassia, Oct. 21, 2 P. M. | Devonia, Nov. 4, 2 P. M.
Furnessia, Oct. 28, 8 A. M. | Ethiopia, Nov. 11, 4 P. M.
Cabin, $45 and upward. Second cabin, $30. Steerage, outward, $23; prepaid, $24. Cabin excursion tickets at reduced rates. For drafts, tours, &c., apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green.

ANCHOR LINE. SPECIAL NOTICE.
The favorite steamship CITY OF ROME sails from New-York to
GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY
Saturday, Oct. 14, 8 A. M.

WHITE STAR LINE.

Britannic, Oct. 18, 11 A. M. | Britannic, Nov. 15, 9 A. M.
*Teutonic, Oct. 25, 4 P. M. | *Teutonic, Nov. 22, 3 P. M.
Germanic, Nov. 1, 11 A. M. | Germanic, N. 29, 9:30 A. M.
*Majestic, Nov. 8, 6:30 A. M. | *Majestic, Dec. 6, 3:30 P. M.
From White Star Dock, foot of 10th St.
Saloon rates, $50 upward, according to steamer and location of berth. *Second cabin on these steamers, $40 and $45. Steerage to or from the old country, $25. 29 Broadway, New-York. Philadelphia office, 406 Walnut St.
H. MAITLAND KERSEY, Agent.

GUION LINE.
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
From Pier B, foot of Grand St., Jersey City.
ARIZONA ......Saturday, Oct. 14, 8:30 A. M.
ALASKA ......Saturday, Oct. 28, 8 A. M.
Cabin passage, $50 and upward; second cabin, $35; steerage, $25. A. M. UNDERHILL & CO.,
Telephone, 3,095 Cortlandt. 35 Broadway.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE every Saturday.
LA GASCOGNE, Santelli......Sat., Oct. 14, 6 A. M.
LA TOURAINE, Franguel......Sat., Oct. 21, noon
LA CHAMPAGNE, Laurent...Sat., Oct. 28, 6 A. M.
A. FORGET, General Agent, No. 3 Bowling Green.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS TO
JAPAN AND CHINA.
NEW-YORK TO JAPAN IN 17 DAYS.
Intended sailings from Vancouver:
EMPRESS OF JAPAN..........Nov. 13.
EMPRESS OF CHINA..........Dec. 11.
EMPRESS OF INDIA..........Jan. 8.
E. V. SKINNER, Gen'l East'n Agent, 353 Broadway, N. Y.
EVERETT FRAZAR, China and Japan, Frt. Agt., 69 Wall St., N. Y.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

New-York to Seattle, Tacoma, &c.—First class, $43.00; second class, $37.00.
New-York to San Francisco—First class, $45.00; second class, $39.00.
New-York to St. Paul via Montreal—First class, $25.09; second class, $24.00.
E. V. SKINNER, 353 Broadway, N. Y.

SAVANNAH LINE.—THREE STEAMERS Weekly from New Pier 35 N. R., foot of Spring St.
S. S. Chattahoochee..........Friday, Oct. 13, 3 P. M.
S. S. Kansas City..........Saturday, Oct. 14, 3 P. M.
S. S. City of Birmingham..Monday, Oct. 16, 3 P. M.
S. S. Nacoochee..........Wednesday, Oct. 18, 3 P. M.
Connecting with C. R. R. of Georgia and S. F. and W. R'y for all points in GEORGIA, FLORIDA, SOUTH CAROLINA, ALABAMA, and LOUISIANA. Unsurpassed accommodations. First-class table d'hôte. For freight and passage apply to J. D. HASHAGEN, E. Agt. | W. H. RHETT, Gen'l Agt. S. F. & W. R'y, 261 B'way. | Central R. R., 317 B'way.
R. L. WALKER, Agent Ocean Steamship Co.
G. M. SORREL, Manager, New Pier 35 North River.

CLYDE LINE.
CHARLESTON, S. C., the South and Southwest.
JACKSONVILLE and all Florida Points.
From Pier 29 E. R., (foot of Roosevelt St.,) 3 P. M.
ALGONQUIN..........Friday, Oct. 13
YEMASSEE..........Monday, Oct. 16
SEMINOLE..........Wednesday, Oct. 18
IROQUOIS..........Friday, Oct. 20
All steamers have first-class passenger accommodations. WM. P. CLYDE & CO., Gen. Agents, 5 Bowling Green, New-York.
FLA. CENT. & PEN. FAST F. & P. LINE via JACKS.
GRT. SO. FRT. & PASS. LINE via CHARLESTON.
T. G. EGER, Gen'l Agt., 379 B'way, N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
Steamers for NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, OLD POINT COMFORT, and NEWPORT NEWS, connecting for VIRGINIA BEACH, PETERSBURG, and RICHMOND, Va., and WASHINGTON, D. C.—Tues., Wed., Thurs., and Sat. For RICHMOND via JAMES RIVER—Wed. and Sat. For WEST POINT, Va.—Tues., Thurs., and Sat. From Pier 26 N. R., foot Beach St., 3 P. M. Through tickets and freight rates to all points South and West. Apply at general office of company, on pier, or at 5, 11, 229, 289, 261, 287, 317A, 362, 849, 944, and 1,225 Broadway.
W. L. GUILLAUDEU, Traffic Manager.

IT WILL COST NOTHING EXTRA TO leave your advertisement in the nearest American District Messenger Office. Advertising rates are the same as at THE TIMES Publication Office.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

"AMERICA'S GREATEST RAILROAD."

NEW YORK CENTRAL
& HUDSON RIVER R. R.
DIRECT LINE TO NIAGARA FALLS

All trains arrive at and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street; the only railroad station in the City.

VERY LOW RATE EXCURSIONS
TO WORLD'S FAIR EVERY WEEK.

FOR PARTICULARS SEE TICKET AGENT.
TRAINS LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:

EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS.
8:30 A. M.—Except Sunday. Fastest train in the world. No extra fare.

CHICAGO FAST MAIL.
9:10 A. M.—Daily for Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Chicago. No extra fare.

NEW-YORK AND CHICAGO LIMITED.
10:00 A. M.—Daily for Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and Chicago. Wagner Service.

DAY EXPRESS.
10:30 A. M.—Except Sunday. Saturday train runs to Cleveland and Detroit only.

WORLD'S FAIR SPECIAL.
1:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 1:45 P. M. next day. Wagner Service.

SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED.
1:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Cincinnati 10:45 A. M., St. Louis 7:30 P. M. No extra fare.

EXPOSITION FLYER, (LIMITED.)
GREAT 20-HOUR TRAIN TO CHICAGO.
FOR THROUGH PASSENGERS ONLY.
3:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 10 A. M. next day. Complete Wagner Service.

ALBANY, TROY, & SARATOGA SPECIAL.
3:30 P. M.—Except Sunday. Wagner Drawing-room Cars.

NORTH SHORE LIMITED.
4:30 P. M.—Daily. Due Detroit 8:55 A. M., Chicago 4:30 P. M. Wagner Service.

FAST WESTERN EXPRESS.
6:00 P. M.—Daily. Due Chicago 9:00 P. M., St. Louis 7:45 A. M. Wagner Service.

NORTHERN EXPRESS.
6:25 P. M.—Daily. Due Burlington 4:45 A. M., Plattsburg 5:08, Montreal 7:30 A. M.

BUFFALO, NIAGARA FALLS, AND ADIRONDACK MOUNTAIN SPECIAL.
7:30 P. M.—Daily. Due Buffalo 7:30, Niagara Falls 8:50 A. M., Malone 8:30 A. M.

LIMITED FAST MAIL.
9:00 P. M.—Daily. Sleeping Car Passengers for Rochester only carried on this train.

CHICAGO NIGHT EXPRESS.
9:15 P. M.—Daily for Chicago; also through sleeping car for Ogdensburg.

PITTSFIELD, LENOX, NORTH ADAMS, AND THE BERKSHIRE HILLS, VIA HARLEM DIVISION.

Two through trains, with Drawing-room Cars, to Pittsfield daily, except Sunday: 9:01 A. M., due Pittsfield 1:35, North Adams 2:30 P. M.; 3:50 P. M., due Pittsfield 8:10, North Adams 9:10 P. M.

For time of local trains, tickets, and space in Sleeping Cars apply at Grand Central Station or at 113, 261, 413, 785, 942 Broadway, 235 Columbus Av., 53 West 125th St., and 138th St. Station, New-York; 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., and 74 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn.

Above trains, except those leaving at 8:30, 9:10 A. M., 3:00, 3:30, 4:30, and 9:00 P. M., stop at 138th St.

Westcott's Express calls for and checks baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

JOHN M. TOUCEY, General Manager. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(N. Y. C. and H. R. R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Excursion Tickets to World's Fair, good for Ten Days, $17; also Round Trip Tickets, good until Nov. 15, $28.00.

Trains leave West 42d St. Station, New-York, as follows, and 15 minutes earlier from foot of Franklin St.:

3:30 A. M. Daily local to Suspension Bridge, except Sundays, west of Coeymans Junction.
7:30 A. M. Daily local to Albany and Saratoga. Parlor car to Albany Sundays only.
10:10 A. M. Daily for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago, except Saturday for Toronto.
11:35 A. M. Daily, except Sunday, to Catskill Mountains, New-Paltz, Lakes Mohonk and Minnewaska, Albany, Saratoga, Caldwell, Lake George. Parlor cars to Bloomville, Saratoga, and Caldwell.
4:00 P. M. Daily, except Sunday, for Catskill Mountains and Albany.
5:15 P. M. Daily for Albany, Montreal, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago.
6:30 P. M. Daily, except Sunday, for Newburg, Albany, Saratoga, and Montreal. Parlor car to Kingston.
8:15 P. M. Daily for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago.
Haverstraw Locals, 7:00 A. M., 2:45, *5:35, 7:45, P. M. Newburg Locals, 8:25, *10:10 A. M., *1:15, 4:30, 5:15, *6:30, *11:45 P. M. *Daily.

Wagner Sleeping Cars for Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland, and Chicago on all through trains.

For tickets, time tables, parlor and sleeping car accommodations, or information, apply offices: Brooklyn, 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., Annex Office, foot Fulton St.; New-York City, 113, 291, 363, 785, and 942 Broadway, 143 Bowery, 31 East 14th St., 53 West 125th St., and at stations.

C. E. LAMBERT, General Passenger Agent, 5 Vanderbilt Av., New-York.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN R. R.

Stations in New-York foot of Barclay and Christopher Sts.

VESTIBULED TRAINS, PULLMAN COACHES, SPECIAL COACH EXCURSIONS TO WORLD'S FAIR. TICKETS, GOOD 10 DAYS, $17.00. OCT. 16 AND 24. EXCURSION TICKETS, $28.00, GOOD UNTIL NOV. 15.

Direct route to NEWARK, BLOOMFIELD, MONTCLAIR, THE ORANGES, Summit, Bernardsville, Basking Ridge, Madison, Morristown, Passaic, Paterson, Boonton, Dover, Stanhope, BUDD'S LAKE, LAKE HOPATCONG, Hackettstown, SCHOOLEY'S MOUNTAIN, Washington, PHILLIPSBURG, EASTON, WATER GAP, STROUDSBURG, Pocono Mountains, SCRANTON, PITTSTON, WILKESBARRE, NANTICOKE, DANVILLE, NORTHUMBERLAND, Montrose, BINGHAMTON, OXFORD, NORWICH, Waterville, UTICA, RICHFIELD SPRINGS, Cortland, SYRACUSE, OSWEGO, ITHACA, OWEGO, ELMIRA, CORNING, BATH, DANSVILLE, BUFFALO, and all points WEST, NORTHWEST, and SOUTHWEST.

9:00 A. M.—BUFFALO, UTICA, and OSWEGO EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars. Connects at Buffalo with train for CHICAGO, arriving at 11:15 next morning.
7:20 A. M.—BINGHAMTON MAIL. Stops at principal stations.
1:00 P. M.—SCRANTON, BINGHAMTON, and ELMIRA EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars.
4:10 P. M.—SCRANTON, WILKESBARRE, and PLYMOUTH EXPRESS. Pullman parlor cars.
7:30 P. M. (daily)—BUFFALO LIMITED EXPRESS. Pullman sleepers. Arrives at 7:15 A. M.
9:00 P. M. (daily)—BUFFALO, UTICA, and OSWEGO EXPRESS. Pullman sleepers.

TICKETS AND PULLMAN ACCOMMODATIONS at 73 Murray St. and 429 Broadway. Tickets at Ferry Stations, 785 and 942 Broadway, 53 West 125th St., 285 Columbus Av., New-York; 333 Washington St., 726 Fulton St., and 74 Broadway, Brooklyn. Time tables, giving full information, at all stations.

WESTCOTT EXPRESS COMPANY will call for and check baggage from hotel or residence to destination.

N. Y., ONTARIO & WESTERN R. R.

Excursion Tickets, New-York to Chicago and Return, $28.00.

SPECIAL COACH EXCURSION ON TUESDAY, OCT. 17, AT $17.00; WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18, AND THURSDAY, OCT. 19, AT $15.00; SATURDAY, OCT. 21, AT $17.00.

Trains leave foot of West 42d St. as follows, 15 minutes earlier from Franklin St.:

8:25 A. M. (daily except Sunday) for Wallkill Valley R. R. stations, Middletown, Ellenville, Fallsburgh, Liberty, Carbondale, Scranton, Walton, Delhi, Sidney, Norwich, Utica, Rome, Oneida, Fulton, and Oswego.
3:15 P. M. (except Sunday) Sullivan Co. Express for Wallkill Valley Railroad stations, Campbell Hall, Middletown, Ellenville, Mountain Dale, Centreville, Fallsburgh, Hurleyville, Liberty Falls, Liberty, Parksville, and Livingston Manor.
7:45 P. M. (daily) for Middletown, Summitville, Fallsburgh, Liberty, Livingston Manor, Rockland, Walton, Sidney, Norwich, Oneida, Fulton, Oswego.
7:45 P. M. daily, via Niagara Falls. Reclining chair car (seats free) New-York to Niagara Falls. Through Pullman sleepers New-York to Chicago. Arrives Detroit 9:40 P. M., Chicago 7:30 A. M., St. Louis 8:00 P. M.

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 371 Broadway. New-York Transfer Company calls for and checks baggage to destination.

J. C. ANDERSON, G. P. A., 56 Beaver St., New-York.

Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

Fast Express Trains to BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, and all points West.
PULLMAN CAR SERVICE ON ALL TRAINS.
Leave New-York foot of Liberty St.
For CHICAGO, 11:30 A. M., 1:30, 6:00 P. M. 12:15 night.
For PITTSBURG, 1:30 P. M., 12:15 night.
For CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS, 9 A. M., 6 P. M.
For WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, 9:00 A. M., (11:30 A. M., Dining Car,) 1:30, 3:30 P. M., (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00, P. M., 12:15 night. All trains run daily.
For Norfolk, Bay Line, 1:30 P. M., except Sunday.
Ticket offices: 172, 261, 415, 849, and 1,140 Broadway, 31 East 14th St., 400 Grand St., New-York; 344 Fulton St., Brooklyn. STATION FOOT OF LIBERTY ST., C. R. R. of N. J.
New-York Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage from hotel or residence to destination.

$21 Excursions World's Fair $21.
For Manhattan Day, including three days hotel with board. H. Gaze & Sons, 113 B'way, N. Y., (est. 1844.) Official ticket agents for chief trunk lines.

TIMES, UP TOWN OFFICE,

1,269 Broadway..........Near 32d Street
Open daily, Sundays included, from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

STATIONS foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets,
In Effect Sept. 11, 1893.

9:00 A. M. COLUMBIAN EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to Chicago, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis. Arrives Cincinnati 6:38 A. M., Indianapolis 7:55 A. M., Chicago 10:00 A. M. next day.
9:00 A. M. FAST LINE.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. Parlor and Sleeping Cars.
12:00 NOON. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Drawing and State Room, Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Arrives Chicago 12:00 noon.
2:00 P. M. ST. LOUIS, CINCINNATI, AND CHICAGO EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to St. Louis, Louisville, and Chicago. Arrives Cincinnati 10:50 A. M., St. Louis 7:30 P. M., Chicago 5:30 P. M.
6:30 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—Pullman Sleeping Cars to Pittsburg, Chicago, and Cleveland. Dining Car to Chicago. Arrives Cleveland 11:40 A. M., Chicago 9:30 P. M. next day.
7:50 P. M. SOUTHWESTERN EXPRESS week days, 7:45 P. M. Sundays.—Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars to Chicago, Cincinnati, and St. Louis. Arrives Cincinnati 6:00 P. M., St. Louis 7:00 A. M. second morning.
8:00 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car New-York to Chicago. Arrives Chicago 7:30 A. M. (second morning.) Toledo 12:00 P. M., Columbus 7:15 P. M., Cleveland 6:16 P. M. (week days.)
2:00 P. M. SHENANDOAH VALLEY ROUTE, daily, with Sleeper to New-Orleans.

BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, AND THE SOUTH.

10:00 A. M.—"Washington Limited," week days. Pullman Parlor Cars and Dining Car.
3:20 P. M.—"Congressional Limited," daily. Pullman Parlor Cars and Dining Car, arriving Washington 8:25 P. M.
ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS: 8:30, 9:30, 11 A. M., 2:10, 4:30, 5, 9 P. M., 12:15 night. Sundays, 8:30, 9:30 A. M., 4:30, 5, 9 P. M., 12:15 night.
9:30 A. M.—Atlantic Coast Line Express, daily. Sleepers to Charleston, Columbia, Jacksonville, and Port Tampa; 9 P. M. daily. Sleeper to Jacksonville.
4:30 P. M.—Richmond and Danville Express, daily. Sleepers to Augusta and New-Orleans.
5:00 P. M.—Daily for Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Through Sleeping and Dining Cars.
For OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK via Cape Charles Route, 9 A. M. week days, with Through Sleeper, 8 P. M. daily.
For ATLANTIC CITY, 1 P. M. week days, with Through Buffet Parlor Car.
For CAPE MAY, 1 P. M. week days.
For Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, and Point Pleasant, [illegible] Sundays, [illegible] do not stop at Asbury Park and Ocean Grove on Sundays.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Express: 6:20, 7:20, 8, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10, 11 A. M., (12 noon, Penn's Limited,) 12:20, 1, 2:10, 3, 4, 4:30, 5, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:50, 8, 9, 10 P. M., 12:15 night. Sundays, Express, 6:15, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10 A. M., (12 noon, Limited,) 2, 4, 4:30, 5, 6, 6:30, 7:45, 8 P. M., 12:15 night.

Ticket offices: Nos. 433, 944, 1,196, 1,323, 113, and 261 Broadway, 1 Astor House, 134 East 125th Street, 264 West 125th Street, 251 Columbus Avenue, 737 Sixth Avenue and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway, and Brooklyn Annex Station, foot of Fulton Street, Brooklyn; 120 Hudson Street, Hoboken; Station, Jersey City. The New-York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Pass'r Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY.

[illegible] coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and comfort.)
Four tracks. Protected by Automatic Block Signal System. Trains leave Station foot of Liberty St.
Time Table in Effect Sept. 26, 1893.

ROYAL BLUE LINE
TO
PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, AND WASHINGTON.

For Philadelphia, week days, 4:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 1:30, 2:15, 3:30, (Dining Car,) 4:00, (Buffet Parlor Car,) 5:00, 6:00, 7:30, 8:45 P. M., 12:15 night. Sundays, 9:00, 10:30, 11:30 (Dining Car) A. M., 1:30, 3:30 (Dining Car,) 5:00, 6:00, 8:45 P. M., 12:15 night.

[illegible]

ALL-RAIL ROUTE.

[illegible]

SANDY HOOK ROUTE.

[illegible]

ERIE LINES.

Through trains for Chicago and the West leave New-York, foot of Chambers St., as follows, and five minutes earlier from West 23d St.:

10:00 A. M.—Solid train to Chicago. Pullman sleeper via Chautauqua Lake, buffet car New-York to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Dining car.
3:00 P. M.—Vestibule Limited. Solid train for Chicago via Chautauqua Lake and Niagara Falls. Sleepers to Buffalo and Chicago.
6:30 P. M.—Solid train for Chicago via Niagara Falls. Sleepers to Buffalo and Chicago.
8:30 P. M.—Via Chautauqua Lake and Niagara Falls. Solid train to Chicago. Sleepers to Hornellsville, Chicago, and Cincinnati.

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 261, 291, 401, 849, and 957 Broadway, 156 West 125th St., 156 East 125th St., Chambers and West 23d St. Ferries, New-York; 333 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 200 Hudson St., Hoboken, and Jersey City Station. Erie Transfer Company calls for and checks baggage from hotels and residences to destination.

New-York and Boston All Rail.

N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. and connections.
From Grand Central Station.

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C. T. HEMPSTEAD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Travelers' Guide—Steamboats.

PROVIDENCE LINE.
FARES REDUCED TO ALL POINTS.

[illegible]

STONINGTON LINE.
ALL FARES REDUCED.

[illegible]

NORWICH LINE.

[illegible]

NEW-HAVEN.—[illegible]

HARTFORD.—[illegible]

A.—TROY BOATS.—Steamer City of Troy or Saratoga leave Pier 46, West 10th St., daily, (except Saturday,) 6 P. M. Sunday steamer touches at Albany.

CATSKILL, HUDSON, AND COXSACKIE boats leave every week day at 6 P. M. from foot of West 11th St., N. R., at 6 P. M., connecting at Hudson with Boston and Albany R. R. for all points East.